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COVER at Rs. 5 each.
TUBE at Rs. 2-12 each.
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# The Bombay Chronicle

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The only high grade COVER Rs. 7 each.
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BOMBAY & POONA.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913.

VOL. IV NO. 66 — BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MARCH 18, 1916. — ONE ANNA.

## SHIPPING.

### P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICES.

P. & O. SAILINGS

to London calling at Marseilles.

| Date | Steamers. | Tons | From Aden | Tons. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 19th March | Caledonia .. | 8000 | .... | .. |
| 26th ,, | Salsette .. | 6000 | Mongolia .. | 10000 |
| 3rd April | Arabia .. | 8000 | .... | .. |
| 9th ,, | Salsette .. | 6000 | Malwa .. | 11000 |
| 16th ,, | Kaiser-i-Hind .. | 7500 | .... | .. |
| 23rd ,, | Salsette .. | 6000 | Khiva .. | 5000 |
| 30th ,, | Mandala .. | 9000 | .... | .. |
| 7th May | Salsette .. | 6000 | Mooltan .. | 10000 |
| 14th ,, | Nagoya .. | 7000 | .... | .. |
| 21st ,, | Salsette .. | 6000 | Kashgar .. | 9000 |
| 28th ,, | Sardinia .. | 7000 | .... | .. |

To Colombo, Straits, China and Japan transhipping at Colombo for Australia, &c.

| Date About | Steamers. | Tons. | Connecting At Colombo. | Tons. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 9th March | Nagoya .. | 7000 | Mooltan .. | 10000 |
| 24th ,, | Namur .. | 7000 | Kashgar .. | 9000 |
| 6th April | Nankin .. | 7000 | Arabia .. | 8000 |
| 20th ,, | Novara .. | 7000 | Kashmir .. | 9000 |

For accommodation and further information apply to THE SUPERINTENDENT, P. & O. S. N. Co., Bombay.

### BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

| About | Steamers | Destination |
|---|---|---|
| 21st Mar. | Linga .. | Karachi Coasting. |
| 24th ,, | Lhasa .. | Karachi direct connecting with Chakla at Kanachi (for Persian Gulf passengers only) |
| 6th April. | Dilwara .. | East Africa |

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with Messrs. MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents, Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, Bombay.

### NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA.

(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.).

Incorporated in Japan.

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

| Steamers. | Commanders | Tons. | Arrival. | Departure. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Kirin Maru .. | T. Sasaki .. | 3801 | 14th March | 24th March |
| Rangoon Maru | T. Hori | 5218 | 20th March | 1st April. |
| Tenshin Maru | S. Yamazaki | 4173 | 30th March | 11th April. |
| Yetorofu Maru | K. Ogura .. | 4961 | 3rd April | 16th April |
| Yeboshi Maru. | S. Kishimoto | 4098 | 14th April | 26th April |
| Penang Maru . | S. Kushibiki | 5180 | 27th April | 29th April. |
| Bombay Maru. | Y. Kobayashi | 4624 | 1st May | 13th May. |

For Freight apply to:—

T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.
NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA,
York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

### OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.

Fleet 120 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 273,600.

Twice a month from BOMBAY to JAPAN, via Singapore and Hongkong.

| Steamers. | Tons. | Commanders. | Arrivals. | Departures |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Shinkoku Maru | 5336 | T. Kuchiki .. | 9th March | 18th March |
| Kunajiri Maru | 4058 | K. Sakurai .. | 2nd Apr. | 12th April. |
| Luzon Maru .. | 4677 | T. Watanabe. | 9th ,, | 18th ,, |

For Freight apply to

Y. ASAI,
Manager.
Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Flooring Tiles Marble Merchants and Contractors

### GAZDAR & Co.,

Sole Agents for the

HENRY RICHARDS TILE CO.,

18 CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT,

BOMBAY.

Bath Tubs Lavatories, Urinals, Bathroom Fittings etc.

## SHIPPING.

### ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES.

JOINT SERVICE

SPRING SAILINGS, 1916.

HOMEWARD.

| Steamers. | Class. | Tons. | Leave Bombay. about. | Leave Karachi about. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| City of Paris .. | A & C | 9239 | 3rd April | 1st April |
| City of Marseilles .. | A & C | 8250 | 27th Apr. | 25th Ap |
| City of Birmingham . | A & C | 7500 | 15th May. | 13th May |

| FARES. | 1st class Single. | 1st class Return | 2nd class Single. | 2nd class Return. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| Marseilles .. .. | 555 | 855 | 420 | 630 |
| London via Marseilles .. .. .. | 630 | 1,033 | 480 | 790 |
| Liverpool .. .. | 600 | 900 | 452 | 675 |
| London via Marseilles out from Liverpool .. .. .. | | 942 | .. | 712 |

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concessions granted to Families Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A. and C. Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced stewardess.

A. and C. Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

All the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—

### KILLICK NIXON & CO.

Bombay.—Messrs. Ed. Bate & Sons, Agency.
Karachi.—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes Campbell and Co., Ltd.

THE

### ORIENTAL

GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE

ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1874.

INDIA'S

Model Life Assurance Company.

| FUNDS | CLAIMS PAID |
|---|---|
| Rs. 5,00,00,000 | Rs. 4,50,00,000 |

*The Question of the Moment!*

Have you made adequate and secure provision for your wife and family or for old age? If not, effect a Policy with the 'ORIENTAL' without a further moment's delay.

Low Premiums. Absolute Security.

Liberal Conditions.

*Full particulars and forms on application.*

R. PATERSON BROWN
Manager.

Oriental Buildings, BOMBAY.

BY APPOINTMENT.

### GENERAL

ACCIDENT FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE CORPORATION, LTD

INCORPORATED IN GREAT BRITAIN.

Assets Exceed.....Rs. 3,75,00,000

Claims Paid.....Rs. 10,50,00,000

ESTABLISHED 1888.

*Special Policies and Low Quotations for—*

FIRE
BURGLARY
MOTOR CAR
MOTOR CYCLE
BICYCLE
LIVE STOCK
ACCIDENT

& SICKNESS
FIDELITY GUARANTEE
PLATE GLASS
LIFT & HOIST
DRIVING ACCIDENTS

INSURANCES.

For Particulars and Proposal Forms apply to—

INDIAN BRANCH:—

32-34, Church Gate St. BOMBAY.

(P. O. Box 112)

Manager for India.—G. M. BOSE.

Too much smoking sometimes creates a headache—aches so much it nauseates—Stearns' Headache Cure clears the head and makes you feel like new. C 6

## SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.

| Steamers. | Tonnage. | Captains. | Leave Bombay. about. |
|---|---|---|---|
| S.S. Circassia | 6722 | C. F. Osborne R.D., R.N.R. | 5th Mar. 1916 |
| S.S. Castalia | 6388 | Wm. Kelso | 14th ,, ,, |
| S.S. Olympia | 5124 | Alex. Andrew | 28th ,, ,, |
| SS. Elysia | 6368 | J. Kinnaird | 26th April ,, |
| S.S. Cassilia | 5091 | R. Erskine | 16th May ,, |

Subsequent sailings cannot be announced at present on account of the war but due notification will be given as soon as possible.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in the future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

| | Single. Rs. | Return. Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay to Suez | 420 | 630 |
| Bombay to Cairo | 435 | 660 |
| Bombay to Port Said | 450 | 675 |
| Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool | 555 | 867 |
| Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool | 630 | 942 |
| Bombay to Gibraltar | 570 | 855 |
| Bombay to Liverpool | 600 | 900 |
| Bombay to New York via Liverpool and Glasgow | 867 | 1433 |

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rate to Europe includes free passage by B. I. S. Company's steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information, regarding passage, apply to the undersigned:—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

### FELICE CORNAGLIA

BOMBAY AND POONA.

Caters for large and small parties in his usual recherche style.

ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.

83-85, MEDOWS STREET
7, ESPLANADE ROAD } BOMBAY.

ARSENAL ROAD, POONA.

Telegrams "Cornaglia" Telephone No. 42.

## BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan.)

Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 20,400,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Antung Hsein | Liaoyang | Ryojun (Port Arthur) |
| Changchun | Calcutta | San Francisco |
| Darien (Dalney) | London | Shanghai |
| Hankow | Lyons | Sydney |
| Harbin | Fengtien | (Australia) |
| Hongkong | (Mukden) | Tiehling |
| Honolulu | Nagasaki | Tientsin |
| Kobe | Newchwang | Tokyo |
| Los Angles (Cal. U. S. A) | New York | Tsingtau |
| | Osaka | Tsinanfu |
| | Pekin | |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interests is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE AND MANDVI BRANCH.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

## BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

Bankers to the Government in Busra.

HEAD OFFICE, 4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.

Branches at Bombay, Calcutta, Bagdad and Basra.

| | |
|---|---|
| Authorised Capital | £1,500,000 |
| Called-up Capital | £600,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Shareholders | £900,000 |
| Reserve Fund | £55,000 |

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir Jacob E. Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
Emile Fransqui, Esq., (Director of the Societe General de Belgique.)
James Leigh-Wood, Esq. C. M. G. (Messrs. Brown, Shipley and Co.)
J. C. Georges Bouillat, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. Gaskell, Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq., (of Martins Bank. Ltd.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE.

Sir Jacob Sassoon Bart
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Goculdass, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE.

Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON SAVING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody and interest and dividends for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

## BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

| | |
|---|---|
| Subscribed Capital | £2,000,000 |
| Paid-up Capital | £1,000,000 |
| Reserve Fund | £1,175,000 |

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate London, E.C.

Branches:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Calcutta | Chittagong | Zanzibar |
| Bombay | Rangoon | Mombassa |
| Madras | Mandalay | Nairobi |
| Karachi | Colombo | Nakuru |
| Lahore | Kandy | Kisuma |
| Amritsar | Newera-Elliya | Jinja |
| Delhi | Aden (Camp) | Kampale |
| Cawnpore | Aden (Steamer Point) | Entebbe |
| Tuticorin | | |
| Cochin | | |

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo South American Bank, Ld.

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

### THE BURMAH OIL COMPANY, LTD.

(SCOTLAND.)

B. O. C LUBRICATING OILS

| | |
|---|---|
| B. O. C. LAMPS OIL | B. O. C. PITCH |
| B. O. C. PETROL | B. O. C. CANDLES |
| B. O. C. MOTOR OILS | B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS |
| B. O. C. GREASES | B. O. C. WAX |

*BOMBAY AGENTS:*

### SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street

P. O. Box 203. Telephone Nos. 101 & 1[illegible]

## BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital Authorized | Rs. 50,00,000 |
| Capital Issued | Rs. 31,00,000 |
| Capital Subscribed | Rs. 31,00,000 |
| Capital Paid-up | Rs. 15,75,958 |
| Reserve Funds | Rs. 11,21,541 |

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyalpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

12, ESPLANADE ROAD.

| | |
|---|---|
| Subscribed Capital | £1,125,000 |
| Paid-up Capital | £562,500 |
| Reserve Liability of Shareholders | £562,500 |
| Reserve Fund | £500,000 |

Head Office: 15, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LTD.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bombay, Karachi, Calcutta, Sub-Branch Howrah (Calcutta), Delhi, Rangoon, Madras, Colombo, Kandy, Galle, Kuala-Lumpur Kota Bharu (Kelantan), Penang, Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the actual daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1900.

INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VI OF 1882.

HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

| | |
|---|---|
| CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED | Rs. 1,00,00,000 |
| CAPITAL PAID-UP | Rs 50,00,000 |
| RESERVE FUND | Rs. 7,00,000 |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st and at 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW.
Manager.

## BANKING.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter.)

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital | £1,200,000 |
| Reserve | £1,800,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Shareholders | £1,200,000 |

HEAD OFFICE.

38, Bishopsgate London, E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay | Singapore | Hoilo |
| Calcutta | Malacca | Hong Kong |
| Madras | Kawala-Lumpur | Canton |
| Rangoon | (F. M. S.) | Foochow |
| Colombo | Klang (F. M. S. | Shanghai |
| Karachi | Seremban (F.M.S. | Tientsin |
| Amritsar | Bangkok | Tsingtau |
| Delhi | Batavia | (North China) |
| Penang | Sourabaya | Hankow |
| Puket | Saigon | Peking |
| Taiping (F.M.S. | Haipkong | Yokohama |
| Ipoh (F. M. S. | Manila | Kobe |
| Medan (Sumatra) | Cebu | |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application. Government Securities, Stocks and Shares bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER,
Agent.

Post Box No. 24.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

| | |
|---|---|
| Paid-up Capital | $15,000,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Proprietors | $15,000,000 |
| Silver Reserve Fund | $18,000,000 |
| Gold Reserve Fund | £1,500,000 |

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON

BRANCHES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amoy | Ipoh | Rangoon |
| Bangkok | Johore | Saigon |
| Batavia | Kobe | San Francisco |
| Bombay | Kwala-Lumpur | Shanghai |
| Calcutta | London | Do. Hongkong |
| Canton | Lyons | Singapore |
| Colombo | Malacca | Sourabaya |
| Foochow | Manila | Taipeh |
| Hankow | Nagasaki | Tientsin |
| Harbin | New York | Tsingtau |
| Hongkong | Peking | Yloilo |
| | Penang | Yokohama |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

40, Churchgate Street.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LTD., ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital of Rs. 1,95,600.

Bankers.—The Bank of Bombay.

OBJECT.—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very large scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved securities. Thirty per cent. of the total subscription is refunded to subscribers in the event of his wife predeceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassers.

GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

There's nothing much to a headach[illegible] you are familiar with Ste[illegible] Cure. Convenient to carry, [illegible] jiffy, headache gone in a[illegible]

## SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

"WANTED," "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES,

may be had on application to—
The Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—Book-keeping and Accountancy Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes, Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas, Laldas, Kalbadevi Road Bombay.

TREACHER'S SALE CLOSES on the 18th March. 3518

AN ENGLISH LADY living on the Bunder, can supply excellent outside meals. Apply to Box No. 4, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1051

ALL forms of Leprosy, Leucoderma, sores, piles, patches and various blood impurities cured in four weeks. Rs. 5 per week. Two day's medicines gratis for trial. LILY COTTAGE, Simla, Calcutta.

WIDOW. LADY and daughter from down country travelling via Marmugoa to Bombay by steamer, will hear to their great advantage on addressing confidential to Patron Homes, Sanvordem, Cudchodem, Goa. 3513

BEWARE OF THIEVES—You can hire a Fire and Thief Resisting Safe at a yearly rental of Rs. 15 or upwards at The BOMBAY SAFE DEPOSIT CO. Ld., Forbes Building, Home Street, Fort, Bombay. 3301

MAHABLESHWAR VICTORIA HOTEL —"I have been most comfortable here more so than in any other hotel in India and found manager, butler, servants very obliging.—M. M. CRAWFORD."

Also well situated bungalows to be let Apply to ADURJI & BROS. 3351B

## WANTED

WANTED.—A EUROPEAN GOVERNESS to look after and teach two children. Apply to Box No. 785, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3532

WANTED—To purchase serviceable household furniture, horses, carriages, etc., in small lots or in quantity. Apply to Box No. 30, Advt., Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3367

WANTED by educated Frenchman, PUPILS desirous of learning French, also tuition by correspondence, and translations undertaken. M. FALLOFIELD, Rafiya Manzil, Wodehouse Road. 1039

WANTED—A MARRIED COUPLE or two PAYING GUESTS in a well appointed flat on Wodehouse Road. All modern conveniences and excellent cuisne. Apply to Box No. 13, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1031

WANTED IMMEDIATELY —For the SANATAN DHARAM COLLEGE, Lahore.

1. PRINCIPAL (who will be expected to teach English), salary Rs. 400—50—600.
2. PROFESSOR of Mathematics, salary: Junior Grade Rs. 150—20—250, Senior Grade Rs. 250—20—350.
3. PROFESSOR of Philosophy, salary: Junior Grade Rs. 150—20—250, Senior Grade Rs. 250—20—350.
4. PROFESSOR of Economics and History, salary: Junior Grade Rs. 150-20-250, Senior Grade Rs. 250—20—350.
5. PROFESSOR of Sanskrit and Sanatan Dharam, salary: Junior Grade Rs. 150—20—250, Senior Grade Rs. 250-20-350.
6. PROFESSOR of Persian, salary: Junior Grade Rs. 75—10—125.

Only experienced men need apply stating qualifications, age, religious views, etc.

Applications with testimonials (which will not be returned) should be sent before 31st March, 1916, to the Hon'ble Rai Bahadur RAM SARAN DAS, President, Lahore. 3530

THE CENTRAL HINDU COLLEGE, BENARES. VACANCY.—Applications are invited for the post of the PRINCIPAL of the College. Salary Rs. 750 to Rs. 1,000 per mensem according to qualifications He will be expected to live in residential quarters when constructed and will in the meanwhile be paid actual house rent not exceeding Rs. 100 per mensem. He should be strong in English and should preferably have some experience of work as Principal of a College. On the establishment of the Benares Hindu University, he will be taken over as Professor of English in the University The appointment will be made on probation for one year. The College maintains a Provident Fund to which members of the staff contribute 6¼ per cent. of the salary and the College a moiety of it. Gentlemen applying are requested to state their age, academical degrees, previous educational experience and other qualifications and to send copies of testimonials and names of persons to whom references might be made. Applications should reach the PRESIDENT of the College Committee, 9, Elgin Road, Allahabad, before 15th June, 1916. The gentleman appointed will be required to take charge of his work from 15th July next. 3529

## WANTED

WANTED.—An ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN. Apply personally with particulars to Mr. BALSARA, A.R.I.B.A., Architect, at 9, Tamarine Lane, Fort. 3515

WANTED.—Non-Hindu youth bearing only month's going expenses Rs. 150 to start most lucrative line. Write "K." Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3521

WANTED a trained MASSEUR to teach Indians. Employment at Khandwa for duration of War.

Copies of certificates with particulars of salary required should be forwarded to DIRECTOR, Medical Services in India, Simla. 1060

WANTED.—By a young Indian, Master of Arts, of a British University and a Barrister-at-Law, service as a PROFESSOR in a College or as a PRIVATE SECRETARY to a Maharaja or in any similar capacity. Holds very good testimonials Apply to Box No. 784, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chroincle." 3520

ORDNANCE FACTORIES.—WANTED a GATE KEEPER for the Harness and Saddlery Factory, Cawnpore. The services of a retired Warrant or Non-Commissioned Officer preferred. Attendance day or night shift work as necessary. Applications will be received up to 21st March, 1916, and should be accompanied by copies of testimonials which will not be returned. Apply to

THE SUPERINTENDENT,
Harness and Saddlery Factory,
Cawnpore. 1061

APPLICATIONS will be received by the Chairman, Colombo Port Commission, up to 12 noon on THURSDAY, 23rd March, 1916, for the post of MATE, Harbour Tugs. The salary of the appointment is Rs. 3,600 per annum, with no allowances. The post is non-pensionable.

Candidates for appointment should be under 30 years of age, and should hold a Board of Trade Master's Certificate.

Original certificates and testimonials, with copies for retention, should be annexed to the application.

The candidate selected will be called upon to take up the appointment at once; he will be on probation for six months, and will be required in due course to enter into an agreement for three years.

F. BOWES,
Chairman,
Colombo Port Commission.
Colombo, 28th February, 1916. 1063

## FOR SALE

LADIES and Gentlemen going abroad may advantageously sell their Furniture, Piano etc., in one lot. Apply Box No. 21. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3403

FOR SALE.—FIRE-ENGINE, 12 h.-p., by Shand Mason and Co., in good working order. Apply to COTTON MANAGER, Colaba. 3476

SINGER 2 3/4. FREE ENGINE MOTOR CYCLE, in excellent condition. Rs. 350 or nearest offer. Apply to Box No. 16, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle" 1044

FOR SALE.—A SECOND-HAND PERAMBULATOR in good condition. Rs. 25. Apply to Box No. 783, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3519

FINEST EVAPORATED APPLE AND PEAR RINGS at Rs. 7 per 8 lbs. or Rs 2 per 2 lbs. by V. P. Post all charges included. Apply to A. H. LEE.
Bundrole Orchards, KULU, Punjab. 3495

FOR SALE.—FOLDING HAND CAMERAS, ¼ to ½ plate or film, Kodak and other makers in good condition. Apply to HIRJI SOONAWALA, 7th Khetwadi. 3506

FOR SALE.—Gas fittings, a BABY'S COT, all trimmed, one child's cot and one brand new white double bed in Louis VI style. Very elaborate. Cost Rs. 500, will sell for sacrifice. Apply to Box No. 786, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3533

B. S. A. 4½ H.P. MOTOR CYCLE three speed countershaft, full chain or chain-belt drive Palmers, lamp horn costs Rs. 1,150. Orders executed in rotation B. S. A. side cars also received. Comparing sterling prices with others, it is far cheaper. Send for full particulars. WELLINGTON CYCLISTS, Bombay. 3496

FURTHER REDUCTIONS.—To clear stock prior to removal to our new Factory 245 pairs Gent's Tan Box Hide Oxford Walking Shoes, linen lined, bark-tanned soles, handsewn, toe capped, medium narrow toes. In sizes 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 &10.

Further reduced to Rs. 5 per pair.

For particulars of other lines reduced write for our R List.

THE CHROME LEATHER CO.,
MADRAS.

## TO BE LET.

TO LET—Furnished Bungalows (A) Victoria Lodge (No. II) at Marzbanabad, Andheri, and (B) Clifton Villa and Clifton Cottage, Khandala.

All splendidly situated with stables, outhouses, etc. Apply to Mr. KHAMBATA, Solicitor, 25, Church Gate Street. 1016

TO LET.—On the Apollo Bunder, two rooms, fully-furnished bed room and sitting room, suitable for married couple or two bachelors, private entrance, separate bathrooms, W. C., etc. Apply to Box No. 4A., Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1050

## TO BE LET.

TO BE LET—GROUND FLOOR of Queen's Mansions, Office premises, Prescott Road, lately occupied by Messrs. Patel Brothers. 3498

TO LET out on hire a piano. For particulars. Apply to Box No. 14, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1030

MOTOR GARAGE to let at a low rental near Parsee Statue, Byculla. Apply "O," Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1016C

WATSON'S ANNEXE, Appollo Bunder, Rooms facing Yacht Club, Apollo Pier Road. Rents from Rs. 25 to Rs. 125, Rooms can be furnished and arrangements for Board made on shortest notice. Apply to MANAGER. 3354

TO BE LET—A large airy bed room in Apollo Bunder with bath room attached facing West, separate entrance. Electric light and fan. Arrangements can be made for board if necessary. Apply to Box No. 8A, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1042

TO LET—Two furnished bungalows and cottage, with out-houses at Lanoula. Property splendidly situated. For rent and further particulars, apply to "LANOULIE" Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1039

TO BE LET.—FOUR COMMODIOUS BUNGALOWS on the foreshore of Varsova. Well ventilated and commanding an excellent view of Malabar, Cumballa, Worli and Bandra Hill. Rents moderate. Apply to Box No 3 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1021

TO LET—A well furnished commodious bungalow near the sea side at Bandra, for three months only from 1st April, consisting of four bed rooms dining and drawing room. Garden, outhouses and stabling. Terms moderate. For further particulars, apply to "Bandra" care of this paper. 1009

TO LET—Half flat fully furnished, Crockery, Cutlery &c., consisting of drawing and dining room, large and small bed-room. Use of kitchen, separate entrance. Rent Rs. 160, E. L. & F. and latest Sanitary arrangements. Apply to Box No. 4, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1010

HOT SEASON ON.—TO BE LET AT MATHERAN.—By the week, fortnight, month or season.—Furnished Blocks and Cottages in cool, shady and healthy (quiet or central locality) mosaic or tiled flooring. Hundreds of middle class Europeans have availed themselves of the benefits of these cheap but sanitary dwellings. Rents from Rs. 50 per month. Apply sharp to avoid disappointment to—

M. BURKE, M.I.M.E.,
Engineer-in-Charge,
Matheran Railway, NERAL. 3509

## NOTICES.

### IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of GAJANAN SADASHIV NAYAK alias GAJANAN SADASHIVA NAIK, late of Bombay Pathare Prabhu Hindu Inhabitant, formerly Clerk, Messrs. Ralli Bros since retired ..... Deceased.

SONABAI, widow of GAJANAN SADASHIV NAYAK, the deceased abovenamed of Bombay Pathare Prabhu Hindu Inhabitant and residing at Cathedral Street, Bhuleshwar, Bombay, outside the Fort ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness SIR BASIL SCOTT Knight Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this eighth day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and in the sixth year of Our Reign.

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
8th day of March 1916.

Messrs. NANU HORMASJI & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
3527

### THE COLLEGE, BARODA.

RESEARCH FELLOWSHIPS IN THE COMPARATIVE STUDY OF RELIGIONS.

ELECTION will shortly be made to three Research Feilowships at the above College at Rs. 120 per mensem for research in the Comparative Study of Religions.

The Fellowships will be tenable by graduates of any Indian University, preference being given to men with high academic qualifications in Sanskri, Arabic, Persian, Philosophy, or Law.

Applications to be received on or before April 15th, are invited by

THE PRINCIPAL.
The College.
Baroda.
1062

### THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be closed from 23rd March 1916, to 13th April, 1916 both days inclusive.

The annual meeting of the Shareholders will be held in London on 30th March 1916. 3470

## NOTICES

### NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that our client has entered into an agreement with Mr. MOTILAL DAYABHAI, of Bombay Hindu inhabitant for the purchase of the property hereunder described. All persons having any claim on or to the said property whether by way of mortgage sale, gift, lease, trust, charge, inheritance, possession, maintenance or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to send in writing particulars of their claims (if any) to us the undersigned at our Office situate at No. 121, Esplanade Road, Fort Bombay and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes in Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without regard to any claim not sent in as aforesaid and which shall then be considered to have been waived and regarded as null and void.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground with the messuage tenement Bungalow outhouses standing thereon situate lying and being at Ridge Road Malbar Hill, outside the Fort of Bombay containing by admeasurement 5,438 5/9 sq. yds., be the same little more or less and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the East by a Public Road on or towards the West by a Private Road called the New Road belonging to Jeewaji Manekji and leading to the said hereditaments and premises used in connection therewith jointly with the occupiers of their premises belonging to the said Jeewaji Manekji on the South by the property forming part of the estate of the late David Sasson and on or towards the North by a passage and property belonging to Rustomji Ardesir Spenser and which said hereditaments and premises are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 3203 Street No. 116 and are registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 572 New No. 2710 Old Survey No. 2/23 and New Survey No. 7182.

Dated this 17th day of March, 1916.

CAPTAIN AND VAIDYA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
3528

### BOMBAY TELEPHONE COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

THE THIRTY-FOURTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Telephone Building, Home Street, Fort, Bombay at 5-0 p.m. (S.T.) on THURSDAY, the 6th of April 1916.

Business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts for the year ended the 31st of December, 1915.
(2). To declare a dividend.
(3). To vote a Bonus to the Company's staff.
(4). To elect two Directors in place of Mr. G. Miller and Mr. A. J. Bilimoria who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.
(5). To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY the 23rd March to THURSDAY, the 6th of April, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors.
R. ELLIS,
Secretary.
Bombay 16th March 1916. 3525.

### IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of TATIA BABAJI REDIZ, of Bombay Vaishya Vani Hindu Inhabitant, a grocer, a widower ..... Deceased.

SHANKAR TATIAJI REDIZ, of Bombay Vaishya Vani Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Dongri Nowroji Hill, 1st Lane, outside the Fort the only son of the deceased ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight. Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this fifteenth day of March in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Sixteen and in the Sixth year of Our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI.
The 15th day of March 1916.

Messrs. JAMSEDJI RUSTOMJI & DEVIDAS.
3535. Petitioner's Attorneys.

### THE SIMPLEX MILLS COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that in the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders held to-day, a Dividend at the rate of 10 per cent per annum equal to Rs. 12-8-0 per share for the half year ended 31st December 1915, has been declared payable on or after the 17th April 1916, in the Company's Registered Office, at Canada Building, Fort, Bombay, between the hours of 12 noon and 3-30 p.m. (excepting Saturdays), when it will be paid between 12 noon and 1-30 p.m. to those shareholders whose names appeared on the register of the Company upto the evening of the 14th March 1916. The Shareholders are requested to communicate to the Agents any change that has taken place in their address to prevent Dividend Warrants being mis-sent.

By order of the Board of Directors.
D. M. WADIA & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 6th March 1916. 3517.

### NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from the 21st to 28th instant, both dates inclusive.

By order of the Board,
RALPH KIDD,
Manager.
Bombay, 17th March 1916. 3525.

## NOTICES

### THE SIDDELEY ICE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders held on WEDNESDAY, the 15th March 1916, a Dividend at the rate of Rs. 9 per share of Rs. 100, each (free from income-tax) for the year ended 31st December 1915, has been declared, payable at the Registered Office of the Company, Arthur Road Tardeo, on and after Friday the 17th March 1916 between 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. (S.T.) to shareholders whose names stand on the Company's Register on the 8th March 1916 on production of their Share Certificates.

For the Siddeley Ice Mfg. Co., Ltd.
BHAPPU Bros.,
3526 Agents and Managers.

### THE EXCHANGE BANKS, BOMBAY.

THE Exchange Banks will be closed on TUESDAY, the 21st instant, being a Public Holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881. 3508

## AUCTION SALE

### BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES at Charni Road, Baboola Tank Road, Mody Street, Fort, and Bund Road, Poona.

Under instructions from Messrs. Hussainbhoy Ahmedbhoy and Khan Mahomed Cassumbhoy, the Receivers appointed in Suit No. 936, of 1914, in pursuance of the authority given to them by the consent decree passed in the said suit by the High Court of Judicature of Bombay on 21st December 1914, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at the respective premises, the several undermentioned immoveable properties on the respective days and at the respective times mentioned below.

LOT NO. 2.

CHARNI ROAD PROPERTY.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 18th day of March, 1916, at 4.30 p.m. (S. T), on the premises.

All that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement three thousand and thirty-four square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 123, together with the tenements or buildings standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Nos. 46, 47, 48 and 49, all which premises are situate at and on the north side of Charney Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, and are bounded on or towards the East by the property formerly of Syed Hoosein bin Syed Ahmed and now in the hands of the heirs of the said Syed Hoosein bin Syed Ahmed, on or towards the West by the Atesbheram or the Fire Temple of Framji Cowasji Banajee on or towards the North partly by the burial ground of Sullemanee Bohras, and partly by the property formerly of Haji Joosub Balladina, and now of the heirs of the said Syed Hoosein bin Syed Ahmed, and on or towards the South by the Charney Road aforesaid.

LOT NO. 3.

BABOOLA TANK PROPERTY.

On WEDNESDAY, the 22nd day of March, 1916, at 4.30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house and stable built, and standing thereon, situate, lying and being at, or near the Jail Road, on the north side thereof in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1,765 square yards be the same little more or less, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the Baboola Tank, on or towards the West by Peroo Havaldar's Lane, on or towards the North by the property of Rahimtoola Ahmed, and on or towards the South partly by the Jail Road, and partly by a chawl belonging to his Highness Mahomed Hoosein Hoosanee alias Aga Khan and which said piece of ground is registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Pension and Tax Old No. 39, New No. 242, New Survey No. 3660, and in the books of the Assessor, Bombay Municipality under Ward B No. 3409, 3410, 3411, 3412-12, 3414, (1), 3415, 3416 and Street Nos. 70-72, 2-9, 10, 11, 18, 19, 20, 22, 74, 11, 18, 19, 22, 70, 73 and 2-10.

LOT NO. 4

MODY STREET PROPERTY.

On SATURDAY, the 25th day of March, 1916, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises.

All that piece or parcel of Government land of the quit and ground rent, tenure with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house or premises standing thereon, situate, lying and being within the Fort of Bombay, on the eastern side of Mody Street, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 682, New No. 5871, Old Survey No. 1074, New Survey No. 8593, and assessed by the Municipality under A Ward No. 2080, Street Nos. 212, 214-216, and containing by admeasurement 208 5-9 square yards, or thereabouts and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the Mody Street, aforesaid, on or towards the West partly by the house of Parpia Pradhan, and partly by the house of Ramji Chatoor, on or towards the North by the house of Ramji Chatoor, and on or towards the South by the house of Moosa Mapla.

LOT NO. 5.

BUNGALOW AT BUND ROAD, POONA.

On WEDNESDAY, the 29th day of March, 1916, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the Rooms of the Undersigned, at 22, Apollo Street, Fort.

All that piece or parcel of land together with the bungalow, outhouses, stables and buildings thereon, situate and being on the Bund Road, in the City of Poona, in the Registration Sub-District of Poona, and containing by admeasurement (15,603) fifteen thousand six hundred and three square yards, or thereabouts and known by the name of Kaji Pati, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Anandrao Poona Cooty Moodeliar, on or towards the West by the property known as the Bund Cottage, on or towards the North by the property of Cursetji Nusserwanji Cama, and on or towards the South by public road, leading from the Camp to the Bund.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for the Receivers, at their Office, at Treacher Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of large stocks of published and unpublished educational and other books by the late Mr. Nowroji Dosabhoy Kassinath and of the copyrights in those books belonging to the estate of the late Mr. Khurshedji D. Kashinath.

Under instructions from the Administratrixes of the late Mr. K. D. Kashinath Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on TUESDAY, the 28th instant, at 3.30 p.m., (S. T.), sell by Public Auction at their rooms No. 22 Apollo Street Fort, Bombay, the above mentioned books and the copyrights.

Copies of complete "Easy Letter Writers" Gujarati and English—Hindi and English and Marathi and English and English and Urdu Parts I & II

Copies of complete "Easy Leter Writers" in Gujarati and English,—Hindi and English and Marathi and English also copies of household remedies.

The books are open for inspection of intending purchasers at the Fort Printing Press No. 1 Parsee Bazar Street, Fort, and at the rooms of the undersigned and the copies of the second part are open for inspections at the Mustappa Printing Press, Null Bazar.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LAND, at Gowalia Tank Road.

Under instructions from the owner, BENNETT and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, (if not previously sold by private contract), the undermentioned piece of Valuable Level Land, suitable for erecting Residential Quarters, schools Motor Works, Godowns, etc., within easy reach of tram and train.

TITLE ABOUT 125 YEARS OLD.

To be sold on the premises on SUNDAY, the 26th March, 1916, at 5 p.m. (S. T.).

All that piece or parcel of Freehold level land situate, at Gowalia Tank Road, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D. Ward No. 3378 (1-2), and Street Nos. 33—35 and 35A, containing by admeasurement 3,636, three thousand six hundred and thirty-six square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 662, Old Survey No. 63, and New Survey Nos. 1/7655, 4/7055, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on the East by the property of the late Mrs. Muncherji Edulji Adenwalla, and on the West partly by the property formerly of Mr. M. N. Kirtikar, and now of Mr. Tribhovandas Vurjevandas, and partly by the property of Messrs. L. P. DeSouza and Sons, on the North by the property known as "Shastri Hall," and on the South by the Gowalia Tank Road, which said premises are in the occupation of the Vendor's tenants and partly used as the playground of the Proprietary and Fort High School.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Mr. P. N. Wadia, at the Office of "The Hon'ble Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Trust Settlement 18/2," Alice Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.,
Bombay, 18th March, 1916.

The Celebrated Indian Confectioner,

## AMICHAND GOVINDJI

The oldest and most popular Confectionery Depot in India.

(Established over Half a Century Ago.)
Opposite Jumma Masjid, Shaik Memon Street, Out Fort, Bombay.
'Phone, No. 676.

This establishment has been specially awarded the following Certificate:—

Vegetarian Federal Union,
16, Fericadan Street, E.C.

We beg to inform the Vegetarian Federal Union of London that Amichand Govindji, the Indian Confectioner of Bombay, has been awarded a Certificate from the Vegetarian Exhibition and Congress held in the year 1898 for the excellence and delicacy of his Confectionery.

(Sd.) W. HILL, *Chairman.*
(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, *Secretary.*

THE LADWAS (Sweet Balls) of various description and sizes.

THE SUTARFENNY (a kind of thread like round cake) sweetened and fragrant.

HALVAS of different description such as:
(a) Mahim Halva (or Div). (b) Saffron Halva with almonds. (c) Gummy Halva. (d) Rose scented Halva (e) Vanila Halva (f) Muskati Halva (g) Ice Cream Halva (h) Orange Halva.

All orders are executed under competent supervision with care and promptitude.

No such so-called preparations are genuine unless purchased from our Depot bearing our sign board and bearing a printed label on the wrappers as well.

V. P. P. Orders will receive our attention. The generous Public are requested to give us a trial.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 09 April, 2017

# AUCTION SALE

## CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

16, Apollo Street, Fort.

Telephone No. 521.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, 20th March, 1916, Messrs CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 16, opposite the Government Dockyard and next to the Great Western Hotel in Apollo Street, Fort, horses, carriages and bicycles at 2 p.m. (S.T.), and new designed furniture and sundry articles at 3 p.m. (S.T.),

Furniture such as mirror door almyrahs, cup-boards, chairs, rich drawing room suites, fancy teapoys, marble top tables, glassware wall clocks, etc.

AT 2 P.M. (S.T.).

2 rubber-tyred glass-fronted miniature office broughams.
2 rubber-tyred palanquin shaped miniature office shigrams.
1 rubber handsome victoria.
1 vis-a-vis (little used).
1 Arab horse.
Second-hand bicycles.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE ON WEDNESDAY, THE 22ND MARCH, 1916, AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).

On WEDNESDAY, the 22nd March 1916, at 2.30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at the "Cooper's House," Cuffe Parade, Colaba, very valuable and handsome neat made and French polished English-made furniture, by John Roberts, Wimbridge, Breslau and others, consisting of dining table, dining chairs, dinner waggons, double meat-safes, drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, lined with rich tapestry, teakwood and blackwood arm and armless chairs, easy and rocking chairs, low chairs, single and double mirror door almyrahs, teakwood cupboards, clothes hanging and gown presses, dressing chest of drawers, solid wood side boards with mirror back, selected artistic cabinets hall side and corner cabinets, marble top centre tables, solid wood teapoys with rich engravings, writing and dressing tables reclining sofas, tables with electric lights, hat stands book cases, big partition screen, handsome perambulator, single and double iron and brass bedsteads engraved pier tables, sweet-toned cottage piano, phonograph, sewing machine, hall lamps, vases, table ornaments, rich pictures in frames, wall brackets, washing table, ice box with refrigerator, towel horse, cooking utensils etc., etc.

The property of Rutherfood, Esq., of Government Dockyard.

One English lady's buggy in excellent condition, and very little used.

Catalouges are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF 2,000 BAGS OF MAURITIUS SYRUP (SUGAR) EX. S.S. "QUERIMBA."

Under instructions from Mr. Ramchandra Hargowandas and on account and risk of Mr. Haji Abdula Haji Tyeb, the defaulting purchaser, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd day of March, 1916, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), at godown No. 4, of the unclaimed warehouse of the Alexandra Dock, the following:—

2,000 bags of Mauritius Syrup (sugar) ex. S.S. "Querimba" and marked AH/H being a similar quality to the sample No. 76/80 of Messrs. Mitsui Bushan Kaisha, Ltd., or similar to it.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and the balance to be paid and delivery order to be taken within 24 hours.

N.B.—The sale will be subject to the conditions of Free Bombay Harbour and the purchaser shall confirm the invoice weight. For torn bags allowance will be given till 25th instant. Extra fees and warehouse charges, if any incurred till 25th instant, will be paid by the Vendor.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 18th March, 1916.

# AMUSEMENTS

LAST WEEK.

Only 2 performances! Only 2 performances!

THE

## GANDHARV NATAK MANDLI

PATRONIZED BY

H. H. The Maharaja Sayajirao Gaikwar of Baroda.

Will perform in Marathi 2 performances only AT

**BOMBAY THEATRE**

GRANT ROAD.

Enroute to Belgaum.

Saturday, 18th March 1916

AT 8-30 P.M. (S. T.)

The Masterpiece Play

**'VIDYAHARANA.'**

Sunday, 19th March, 1916

AT 3 P.M. (S. T.)

The Welknown Play

**'MRICHHAKATIKA.'**

**No repetition of plays this time.**

Admission fees Rs. 3, 2-8, 2, 1, As. 12 & 8

The Tickets may be had at Mandali's residence in Divecha Building (old Sevasadan office), opposite Nanashankershet's Temple, Tardev (from to-day).

K. P. PANDIT,
Manager, G. N. Mandali.

# AMUSEMENTS

Episode 21.

## THE EXPLOITS OF ELAINE—

Episode 22.

The "Super"-Serial:

"ELAINE the fair, Elaine the loveable," wrote Tennyson—but he wasn't writing of Elaine Dodge. If he had been, he would have had to add Elaine the charming, Elaine the adorable, Elaine the brave, Elaine the essential feminine, Elaine a thousand other things, or his word-picture would not have been complete.

ALSO

**BLUE BLOOD AND YELLOW**

7th Drama of Who Pays?

AND

**PATHE'S GAZETTE**

A rare combination of three of the finest pictures of the world.

## IMPERIAL CINEMA

(The Premier Picture Palace of Bombay.)

CHARNI ROAD.

**Time—7, 8-45 & 10-30 p. m. nightly. Matinees Sat. & Sun. 5 p.m.**

"Elaine, my "moving" picture Queen," a bright and catchy song. As. 6 each.

## TOO MANY QUESTIONS

What happened after the two halves of the Coin were finally matched?
Why and how did they match perfectly?
Why was the Coin split in two pieces?
Who split the Coin? When was it split? ?

## HAVE ONLY ONE ANSWER.

See the last instalment and satisfy yourself

**"THE BROKEN COIN"**

Leading to Throne and everlasting Happiness.

**Prize Rs. 1,000** Drawing Dates 27th, 28th, 29th & 30th March ONE CLASS EVERY DAY.

Special Matinees:—Monday 20th & Tuesday 21st at 5-15 p.m. (S.T.)

Saturday 25th **PROTEA** Saturday 25th

*Time*—SATURDAY 4-30, 6-15, 8-0, 9-45 & 11-30 / SUNDAY 3-30, 5-15, 7-9, 8-45 & 10-30 } Daily Three Shows 7, 8-45, 10-30

**OLYMPIA CINEMA,**

SANDHURST ROAD. Tele. No. 1266.

## ROYAL OPERA HOUSE BOMBAY.

THE HOME OF SELECT CINEMA.

EVERY EVENING AT 6-45 & 10 P.M.

LAST NIGHT OF PRESENT PROGRAMME.

Superb 3-part Drama

"THE HEART OF A MOTHER."
"A FRIEND OF THE FAMILY."
"THE TENACIOUS SUITOR."
"A SHORT ENGAGEMENT."

AND

"PATHE GAZETTE"

TO-MORROW AND DURING THE WEEK

'THE PRICE OF A KISS"

A stirring drama in which unfounded jealousy and superb bravery increase the thrilling grip the plot has on all who see it.

"FACING THE FOOTLIGHTS"

The story of a woman's brave sacrifice for her husband by going on the stage to earn money to pay his debts accumulated through a severe illness.

Also the latest

PATHE GAZETTE.

WINTER WARFARE

Italian Alpini on skis.

OTTAWA PARLIAMENT BUILDING destroyed by immense fire.

CAPTURED GERMAN GUN arrives at Birkenhead.

THE WATERLOO CUP
Scenes at the "Dogs' Derby"

GREAT RUSSIAN VICTORY

1. One of the Enemy's Strongholds at Erzerum.
2. Conquering army on the march.

Prices—Re. 1-8; Re. 1; As. 8 & 4. Box Seats Rs. 2.

## GREEN'S RESTAURANT

RE-OPENING OF THE ROOF GARDEN RESTAURANT ON SATURDAY, THE 18TH MARCH, 1916.

By kind permission of Col. T. W. Bonner, and Officers, the Band of the G. I. P. Ry. Volunteer Rifle Corps will play a selected Programme of Music, during and after Dinner till 11 p.m.

Special Dinners will be served at Rs. 5 per head.

A la Carte service will be available as usual.

Drinks will be served at the usual prices.

Tables can be booked in advance.

CHAS. STENGLER,
General Manager,
Taj Mahal Hotel and,
Green's Restaurant.
3512

## Kirloskar Sangit Mandali

GRANT ROAD

**RIPON THEATRE**

will present

On Saturday, 18th March, 1916
At 9 P. M. (S.T.)
and
On Sunday, 19th March, 1916
At 3-30 P. M. (S.T.)
also
Owing to the holiday called
JAMSEDI-NOWROZ
On Tuesday, 21st March 1916
at 3-30 P. M. (S. T.)

The Popular New Urdu Sangit Drama

**TAJEWAPHA.**

# AMUSEMENTS

## EXCELSIOR THEATRE

*TWICE NIGHTLY!* 6-30 AND 9-45 *TWICE NIGHTLY!*

Maurice E. Bandman presents

## THE GREAT GOLDIN!

The World Master of Modern Magic.

GOLDIN GOLDIN is the originator of 90 per cent of the greatest modern illusions. was the personal friend of H. M. King Edward, and was visited 4 times in 8 nights at the Palace Theatre, London, by his Majesty.

The great spectacular pantomime entitled:—

## "THE TIGER GOD"

A MOORISH ILLUSIONARY PHANTASY. The "acme" of Scenic Art and Elaborate illusion written and invented by HORACE GOLDIN, in which appears "LILY," a Bengal tigress, one of the finest specimens of this animal in existence.

PRICES.—{At 9-45 p. m.—Rs. 5 to As. 8. / At 6-30 p. m.—Rs. 3 to As. 4 PLAN AT ROSE & Co.

NEW

## ALEXANDRA CINEMA

Near Crawford Market.

*TO-NIGHT.* *TO-NIGHT.*

The Most Sensational Picture of the Year.

**FIVE NIGHTS**
**FIVE NIGHTS**
**FIVE NIGHTS**

7,000 Ft. By Victoria Cross. 5 Parts.

The whole realm of Cinematography contains no other work so generously filled with the emotions that deeply stir the hearts of virile men and women as this most fascinating story of platonic love and its inevitable outcome.

The Most Unconventional, The Most Talked of Novel, ever published, adapted for the screen. It is one of the most beautiful and dramatically effective film ever shown.

Also Showing:—

THE GAUMONT GRAPHIC

and

CAUGHT IN THE RAIN

Featuring CHARLES CHAPLIN

TIME:—7, 8-45, 10-30 S. T. NIGHTLY.

Extra Prize Shows, SATURDAY, SUNDAY 5-15

USUAL HALF RATES. NO ADVANCE.

Special Prize Show, TUESDAY 21st. 5-15

## SKATING RINK.

SATURDAY 18th MARCH,

DANCING AND SKATING

From 9-30 p. m. till Midnight.

A Spacious Dancing Enclosure will be tastefully arranged in the centre of the Rink and the floor specially prepared for dancing, the outer circle being reserved for Skaters so that Dancing and Skating will be simultaneous from 9-30 to midnight.

TICKETS OF ADMISSION AS USUAL.

**RINK BUFFET WILL BE KEPT open TILL MIDNIGHT.**

### STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, on the March 17th 1916 was 30.091 inches For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ships' barometer has to be increased or decreased by .031 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

### SUN, MOON AND TIDES IN BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock.

| Day of week. | Day of m'th. | HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time. | | Depth on Still. | | LOW WATER. Day of Month. | Bombay Mean time. | | Depth on Still. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Mar. | h. | m. | ft. | in. | Mar. | h. | m. | ft. | in. |
| Fri. | 17 | m 10 | 5 | 25 | 6 | 17 | m 4 | 39 | 18 | 9 |
| | | | 34a | 27 | 3 | | 4 | 35a | 17 | 5 |
| Sat. | 18 | m 10 | 43 | 26 | 7 | 18 | m 5 | 6 | 17 | 9 |
| | | 11 | 1a | 26 | 10 | | 5 | 10a | 16 | 10 |
| Sun. | 19 | m 11 | 19 | 27 | 6 | 19 | m 5 | 34 | 16 | 9 |
| | | 11 | 30a | 28 | 3 | | 5 | 44a | 16 | 7 |
| Mon. | 20 | m 11 | 56 | 28 | 2 | 20 | m 6 | 3 | 15 | 11 |
| | | | | | | | 6 | 17a | 16 | 7 |
| Tues. | 21 | m 0 | 1 | 28 | 5 | 21 | m 6 | 19 | 15 | 8 |
| | | 0 | 32a | 28 | 7 | | 2 | 29a | 16 | 10 |
| Wed. | 22 | m 0 | 33 | 28 | 4 | 22 | m 6 | 34 | 14 | 10 |
| | | 1 | 11a | 28 | 6 | | 6 | 51a | 17 | 6 |
| Thur. | 23 | m 1 | 6 | 27 | 10 | 23 | m 7 | 8 | 14 | 9 |
| | | 1 | 53a | 28 | 2 | | 7 | 23a | 18 | 4 |

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

| Mar. | Sunrise | Sunset |
|---|---|---|
| ,, 17 (Friday) | ,, 6h. 45m. | ,, 6h. 49m |
| ,, 18 (Saturday) | ,, 6h. 44m. | ,, 6h. 49m. |
| ,, 19 (Sunday). | ,, 6h. 44m. | ,, 6h. 50m. |
| ,, 20 (Monday) | ,, 6h. 43m. | ,, 6h. 50m. |
| ,, 21 (Tuesday) | ,, 6h. 42m. | ,, 6h. 50m. |
| ,, 22 (Wednesday) | ,, 6h. 41m. | ,, 6h. 50m. |
| ,, 23 (Thursday) | ,, 6h. 40m. | ,, 6h. 52m. |

PHASES OF THE MOON:—In Perigee, Mar. h 1st 2-2h. p.m. New Moon, 4th, 9h. 52-4. p.m.: First Quarter, 11th, 9h. 37-0m. p.m.: In Apogee, 12th, 10-9h. p.m.: Full Moon, 19th, 0h. 2-3m. a.m.: Last Quarter, 26th, 1-0h. 56 7m. p.m.

### ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, March 17.

The disturbance in North-west India persits and has given a few light falls of snow and rain in Keshmir and along the north-west frontier.

Forecast:—A few falls in the hill districts around the Punjab.

### DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 17th March 1916, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear in the south-west Punjab and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature continues high.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air is drier than usual. Temperature continues in excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity is in excess in lower Sind and normal or in defect elsewhere. Temperature is in excess in Rajputana but has fallen and become nearly normal in Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly clouded. Humidity is in excess round the Gulf of Cambay and normal or in defect elsewhere. Temperature is in excess.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Day temperature continues high.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly clouded. Night temperature is in excess in the north Konkan.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is in excess at Poona, Ahmednagar and Aurangabad.

General Remarks.—Weather has been dry. Conditions are slightly unsettled in north-west India but no rainfall of importance appears likely there. Temperature remains generally high to the west of a line joining Surat and Allahabad with the exception of Sind.

*OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m. on FRIDAY, the 17th of March 1916.*

| STATIONS | Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours | Minimum of past 24 hours | Humidity. 8 A. M. | Rainfall past 24 hours | Total fall from 1st January to date. | Departure, 1st January to date. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| PERSIAN GULF— | | | | | | |
| Bushire | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Do. (16th Mar.) | 78.0 | 60.5 | 89 | 5.24 | .. | —4 73 |
| Jask | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Do. (16th Mar.) | 73.7 | 67.5 | 84 | 3.11 | .. | —0.69 |
| Muskat | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Do. ( th Mar.) | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| PUNJAB— | | | | | | |
| Multan | 94.9 | 69.6 | 52 | 0.13 | .. | —1.30 |
| Rawalpindi | 89.0 | 65.5 | 51 | 2.47 | .. | —4.84 |
| Lahore | 94.0 | 65.0 | 54 | 0.63 | .. | —2.41 |
| Hissar | 99.4 | 66.4 | 27 | 0.35 | .. | .. |
| Ambala | 97.9 | 66.1 | 27 | 1.03 | .. | —4 03 |
| Delhi | 98.3 | 72.8 | 29 | 1.56 | .. | —1.11 |
| UNITED PROVINCES— | | | | | | |
| Agra | 100.3 | 70.6 | 27 | 0.64 | .. | —0.88 |
| Mainpuri | 100.5 | 65.3 | 40 | 1.00 | .. | —1.65 |
| Jhansi | 104.8 | 72.3 | 20 | 0.55 | .. | —1.11 |
| Cawnpore | 101.8 | 71.9 | 33 | 0.41 | .. | —1.57 |
| Allahabad | 102.5 | 73.2 | 20 | 1.01 | .. | —1.59 |
| SIND AND RAJPUTANA | | | | | | |
| Jacobabad | 96.3 | 61.2 | 43 | 0 | .. | —1.05 |
| Karachi | 85.9 | 70.8 | 78 | 0.28 | .. | —1.19 |
| Ajmer | 98.4 | 70.2 | 15 | 0.06 | .. | —1.22 |
| Jaipore | 101.3 | 75 1 | 25 | 0.24 | .. | —1.16 |
| Kotah | 103 6 | 76.4 | 25 | 0.03 | .. | —0.83 |
| Mount Abu | 86.2 | 71.9 | 21 | 0 | .. | —1.15 |
| GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST— | | | | | | |
| Bhuj | 102.6 | 71.7 | 38 | 0 | .. | —0.45 |
| Dwarka | 84.0 | 71.6 | 72 | 0.19 | .. | —0.49 |
| Veraval | 97.6 | 69.2 | 39 | 0 | .. | —0.46 |
| Rajkot | 104.6 | 68.7 | 32 | 0 | .. | —0.47 |
| Bhavnagar Para | 104.0 | 75.8 | 77 | 0.01 | .. | —0.54 |
| Surat | 105.1 | 73.1 | 73 | 0 | .. | —0.34 |
| Ahmedabad | 109.6 | 74.6 | 20 | 0 | .. | —0.28 |
| Deesa | 109.0 | 67.4 | 23 | 0 | .. | —0.61 |
| Neemuch | 101.0 | 66.2 | 20 | 0.08 | .. | —0.71 |
| Indore | 102.5 | 66.4 | 21 | 1.14 | .. | 0.24 |
| CENTRAL PROVINCES— | | | | | | |
| Jubbulpore | 98.3 | 62.9 | 33 | 1.07 | .. | —1.33 |
| Saugor | 99.3 | 75.3 | 19 | 1.25 | .. | —0.88 |
| Hoshangabad | 109.4 | 66.6 | 33 | 1.47 | .. | —0.18 |
| Khandwa | 105.4 | 68.7 | 23 | 0.82 | .. | —0.27 |
| Akola | 105.3 | 66.5 | 18 | 1.95 | .. | 0.04 |
| Amraoti | 103.6 | 70.3 | 20 | 1.02 | .. | —0.03 |
| Nagpur | 101.6 | 65.9 | 25 | 1.28 | .. | —1 03 |
| Chanda | 104.1 | 65.0 | 31 | 0.84 | .. | —1.59 |
| Raipur | 100.7 | 70.8 | 35 | 1.25 | .. | —0.67 |
| KONKAN— | | | | | | |
| Bombay | 88 9 | 77.5 | 63 | 0.08 | .. | —0.49 |
| Ratnagiri | 89.7 | 76.3 | 80 | 0.81 | .. | 0.10 |
| Mormugao | 88.2 | 77.7 | 82 | 0.94 | .. | —0.25 |
| Kaiwar | 89 3 | 73.1 | 84 | 1.07 | .. | —0.86 |
| BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD— | | | | | | |
| Malegaon | 106.0 | 74 1 | 26 | 0.16 | .. | —0.71 |
| Ahmednagar | 100.8 | 71.5 | 25 | 3.40 | .. | 2.03 |
| Poona | 101.8 | 70.3 | 42 | 0.39 | .. | —0.80 |
| Sholapur | 102.6 | 72.6 | 26 | 1.27 | .. | —0.39 |
| Bijapur | 99.8 | 71 5 | 34 | 0.43 | .. | —0.99 |
| Belgaum | 96.6 | 62.5 | 79 | 1.70 | .. | —0.25 |
| Ahmedabad | 101.2 | 75.0 | 18 | 1.82 | .. | 0.54 |
| Nizamabad (Indore) | 102.1 | 67.5 | 23 | 0.93 | .. | —0.76 |
| Hyderabad | 98.4 | 70.7 | 48 | 0.79 | .. | —1.22 |
| MALABAR AND CEYLON | | | | | | |
| Mangalore | 90.8 | 77.9 | 75 | 8.17 | .. | 4.79 |
| Calicut | 89.8 | 76.9 | 79 | 13.29 | .. | 6.62 |
| Cochin | 92.1 | 78.8 | 74 | 9.04 | .. | 0.32 |
| Colombo | 83.0 | 75.1 | 95 | 0.02 | 31.41 | 5.45 |
| MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE— | | | | | | |
| Masulipatam | 93.3 | 67.8 | 87 | .. | 20.73 | 13.94 |
| Bellary | 103.8 | 73.4 | 62 | .. | 7.28 | 4.89 |
| Cuddapah | 104.5 | 72.8 | 63 | .. | 9.44 | 4.63 |
| Madras | 88.9 | 69.8 | 86 | .. | 21.24 | 0.91 |
| Bangalore | 95.0 | 67.6 | 71 | .. | 3.66 | —0.36 |
| Coimbatore | 94.4 | 67.1 | 73 | .. | 6.76 | 1.28 |
| Trichinopoly | 97.2 | 69.1 | 76 | .. | 12.37 | 3.84 |
| Negapatam | 86.1 | 69.8 | 93 | .. | 24.28 | 5.05 |

Eat hearty and enjoy it. Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract creates an appetite, helps digest food, assists in the body nourishment and strengthens broken down tissues. A 7

# SHIPPING.

### ARRIVALS.

Mar. 17.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Isle of Mull | Weeks | Mombassa |
| Colaba | Nelson | Karachi |

### DEPARTURES.

Mar. 17.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Jehangir | Lewis | Aden |
| Ormara | Mclean | Moulmein |
| City of Savannah | Hammond | Calcutta |
| Moyori Maru | Taniguchi | Kobe |

March 17.

S. S. Salsette:—The P. and O. Company's steamer Salsette with the Homeward mails of the 12th instant arrived at Aden at 6-3 a.m. on Friday, the 17th instant.

S. S. City of Exeter:—The Ellerman Line steamer City of Exeter (Homeward bound) arrived at Marseilles on the morning of the 15th instant.

S. S. Isle of Mull:—The steamer Isle of Mull, 2,772 tons, Captain S. A. Weeks, arrived in Bombay harbour on Friday from Mombassa, which port she left on the 6th instant, in ballast.

S. S. Colaba:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Colaba, Captain D. S. Neilson, arrived here on Friday from Karachi, with a general cargo on board.

S. S. Jehangir:—The steamer Jehangir, 3,360 tons, Captain E. R. Lewis, left on Friday for Aden and Berbera, with a general cargo and thirty deck passengers.

S. S. Ormara:—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Ormara, 2,978 tons, Captain J. McLean, left Bombay on Friday for Moulmein, in ballast.

S. S. City of Savannah:—The steamer City of Savannah, 4,379 tons, Captain M. A. Hammond, left Bombay on Friday for Calcutta via Colombo and Rangoon, with a general and same bottom cargo on board.

Friday, 16th March 1916.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

B. Arabis ..... Candlish ..... W. & A. G. & Co
C. & R. Benvenue ..... Addison ..... W. & A. G. & Co
D. & E. Tottenham ..... Oliver ..... T. M. & Co
F. Shinkoku Maru ..... Kuchiki ..... O. S. Kaisha
M. Bahrein ..... Bonnett ..... T. M. & Co

K. L. M.

Sabarmati ..... B. S. N. Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Polglass Castle ..... Jones ..... W. & A. G. & Co
6 Akbar ..... Mureh ..... T. M. & Co
7 Montebello ..... Carlo ..... M. Italiana
8 Kirin Maru ..... Sasaki ..... N. Y. Kaisha
10 Chupra ..... Hull ..... M. M. & Co
15 Dwarka ..... Prince ..... M. M. & Co

HARBOUR WALL

Lhasa ..... King ..... M. M. & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Nasaur ..... Collyer ..... P. & O. S. N. Co
5 Caledonia ..... Dowell ..... P. & O. Co
6 Olympia ..... Andrews ..... W. & A. G. & Co

HARBOUR WALL

Malay Maru ..... Marumoto ..... O. S. Kaisha

M. W. D. D.

Hhora ..... M. M. & Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Colaba ..... Nelson ..... M. M. & Co
Glenruth ..... Maskness .....
Isle of Mull ..... Weeks .....
Rotti ..... Benthem ..... T.M.& Co
Tokei Maru ..... Sato ..... T. M. & Co

### EXPORTS.

March 17.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Olympia (s) 330 cwts. kismiss, S. Khetsey and Co.; 25 bales wool, H. K. M. Jaitha; 22 bales wool, M. Balia; 330 bales cotton fly, Commercial Trading Co.; 174 bales cotton yarn, Swadeshi Mills; 25 bales cotton yarn, Ahmedabad Advance Mills; 200 cwts. saltpetre, B. Doosa and Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Olympia (s) 190 casks goat skins, H. M. Halim.

Polglass Castle (s) 200 bales cotton fly, C. Peraj and Co.; 555 bales cotton fly, K. Visram and Co.; 136 bales cotton fly, J. Purbhudas and Co.; 200 bales hemp, M. Gowrishanker; 16,016 cwts. myrabolams, P. Mathuradas and Co.; 100 bales cottea, M. Amarsey and sey and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Polglass Castle (s) 2,569 cwts. copra, D. Haridas and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Caledonia (s) 3 bales woollen carpets, Thos. Cook and Son.

FOR LONDON.

Caledonia (s) 220 cwts. gum Arabic, M. Jafferbhoy; 11 cwts. nux vomica, M. A. Kayum; 22 cwts. carraway seed, M. A. Kayum; 3 cwts. bees wax, M. A. Kayum; 21 cwts. turmurie, M. A. Kayum.

FOR LONDON, MIDDLESBOROUGH OR U. K. PORTS.

Colaba (s) 52 cases opium, Mackinon, Mackenzie and Co.: 3,000 tons manganese ore, Turner Morrison and Co.

Arabis (s) 363 bales hemp, F. F. Campbell and Co.

Tottenham (s) 500 bales hemp, K. Visram and Co.

FOR NAPLES.

Montebello (s) 200 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Sinkoku Maru (s) 200 bales cotton, G. G. Kaisha; 400 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha.

Kirin Maru (s) 12 bales cotton, G. G. Kaisha; 100 bales cotton, Y. K. Kaisha; 100 bales cotton, H. Nensey and Co.; 200 bales cotton, H. Meghji and Co.

Namur (s) 58 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha; 300 bales cotton, H. Nensey and Co.

FOR YOKKAICHI.

Kirin Maru (s) 200 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 200 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

FOR MOJI.

Kirin Maru (s) 900 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Kirin Maru (s) 900 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

FOR HONGKONG.

Kirin Maru (s) 100 bales cotton yarn, W. H. Brady and Co.

FOR OSAKA.

Kirin Maru (s) 200 bales cotton, Y. K. Kaisha; 200 bales cotton, H. Nensey and Co.

Namur (s) 18 cwts. indigo, C. M. Bhesania and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Namur (s) 300 bales cotton, W. H. Brady and Co.; 1,219 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha; 110 bales cotton yarn, W. H. Brady and Co.; 174 bales cotton yarn, I. David; 125 bales cotton yarn, Dayid Sassoon and Co.; 200 bales cotton yarn, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 116 bales cotton yarn, Greaves Cotton and Co.

Namur (s) 250 bales cotton yarn, W. H. Brady and Co.; 38 cwts. sharkfins, R. Dhanjee and Co.; 100 bales cotton twist, Sassoon J. David and Co.; 75 bales cotton twist, David Sassoon and Co.; 40 cwts. sharkfins, V. Ooka; 711 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

### IMPORTS.

March 17.

S. S. City of Savanah from Palma, Agents Standard Oil Co. of New York.—100 cases 552 barrels lubricating oil, 646 numbers empty barrels.

### TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA.

Bombay, 16th Mar. 1916.

Means of observations taken at 5 a. m. 10 a. m. 2 p. m. 4 p. m. and 10 p. m.

| | |
|---|---|
| Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr | 29.688 Inc. |
| Temperature of Air | 82.7 Deg. |
| Wet Bulb Thermometer | 77.7 ,, |
| Dew Point | 75.9 ,, |
| Relative humidity of Air | 0.806 ,, |
| Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy=11) | 1.2 ,, |
| Maximum temperature of Air | 88.9 ,, |
| Minimum | 76.5 ,, |
| General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight | E.W.S. |
| Movement of Wind do. | miles. 119 |

# COMMERCIAL.

## CABLE QUOTATIONS.

### LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, March 15th.

| | | Bales. |
|---|---|---|
| Total Day's | Sales at Liverpool .. | 10,000 |
| " | Sales on Spec. & for Exp. | 1,000 |
| " | Sales of East Indian .. | 100 |
| " | Imports .. .. .. | 10,000 |
| Mid. Americans | .. .. | 7.86 unchgd |
| Egyptian F. G. F. | .. .. | ..11.64—12 |
| New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time) | .. | May .. 11.99+9 |
| | .. | July .. 12.16+6 |
| New Orleans 10 a.m. | .. | May .. 11.80+5 |
| | .. | July .. 12.02+6 |

Liverpool, March 16th.

| | | Bales. |
|---|---|---|
| Total Day's | Sales at Liverpool .. | 8,000 |
| " | Sales on Spec. & for Exp. | 1,000 |
| " | Sales of East Indian .. | .. |
| " | Imports .. .. | 23,000 |
| Mid. Americans | .. .. .. | 7.82—4 |
| Egyptian F.G.F. | .. .. .. | 11.56—8 |
| New York 11 a.m (As known in Liverpool at closing time.) | .. .. | May 11.93—6 |
| | | July 12.11—5 |
| New Orleans 10 a.m... | .. | May 11.77—3 |
| | | July 11.98—4 |

### OPENING, TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool Mar. 16th.

| | |
|---|---|
| Total Imports .. .. .. .. | 26,000 |

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

| Months. | To-day's opening price. | |
|---|---|---|
| March | 7.64 | |
| March-April | 7.63 | |
| April-May | 7.62 | |
| May-June | 7.62 | |
| June-July | 7.60 | |
| July-Aug. | 7.59 | |
| Aug.-Sept. | 7.51 | |
| Sept.-Oct. | 7.39 | — 3 |
| Oct.-Nov. | 7.36 | |
| Nov.-Dec. | 7.32 | |
| Dec.-Jan. | 7.30 | |
| Jan.-Feb. | 7.28 | |
| Feb.-Mar. | 7.26 | |
| Mar.-April | 7.26 | |

### CLOSING PRICES.

| Months. | Liverpool, March 15th. To-day's closing price. | Advance on previous close. |
|---|---|---|
| March | 7.67 | 2 |
| March-April | 7.66 | 2 |
| April-May | 7.65 | 2 |
| May-June | 7.65 | 2 |
| June-July | 7.63 | 2 |
| July-Aug. | 7.62 | 2 |
| Aug.-Sept. | 7.54 | 3 |
| Sept.-Oct. | 7.42 | 5 |
| Oct.-Nov. | 7.39 | 6 |
| Nov.-Dec. | 7.35 | 5 |
| Dec-Jar. | 7.33 | 6 |
| Jan.-Feb. | 7.31 | 6 |
| Feb.-March | 7.31 | 6 |
| Mar.-April | 7.31 | 6 |

| Months. | Liverpool, March 16th. To-day's closing price. | Advance on previous close. |
|---|---|---|
| March | 7.71 | 4 |
| March-April | 7.71 | 5 |
| April-May | 7.70 | 5 |
| May-June | 7.69 | 4 |
| June-July | 7.68 | 5 |
| July-Aug. | 7.66 | 4 |
| Aug.-Sept. | 7.53 | 4 |
| Sept.-Oct | 7.49 | 7 |
| Oct.-Nov. | 7.46 | 7 |
| Nov.-Dec. | 7.42 | 7 |
| Dec.-Jan. | 7.40 | 7 |
| Jan.-Feb. | 7.38 | 7 |
| Feb.-Mar. | 7.38 | 7 |
| Mar.-April | 7.37 | 6 |

### CLOSING EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES.

| Months | Liverpool, Mar. 15th. To-day's Price. | |
|---|---|---|
| Mar. | 11.53 | |
| May | 11.66 | —10 |
| July | 11.79 | |

| Months. | Liverpool, March 16th. To-day's price. | |
|---|---|---|
| March .. .. .. .. | 11.53 | |
| May .. .. .. .. | 11.66 | unchgd |
| July .. .. .. .. | 11.79 | |

### ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

| | Liverpool, Mar. 15th. | |
|---|---|---|
| M.G. Bengal Good | .. | 5.75 |
| " " Fully Good | .. | 5.90 |
| " " Fine .. | .. | 6.05 |
| M.G. Bhownuggar, Good | .. | 6.17 |
| " " Fully Good | .. | 6.33 |
| " " Fine .. | .. | 6.48 |
| M.G. No. 1 Oomra, Good | .. | 6.20 |
| " " " Fine | .. | 6.50 |
| M.G. Broach, Good.. | .. | 7.50 |
| " " Fully Good | .. | 7.65 |
| " " Fine .. | .. | 7.80 |
| " Scinde Good | .. | 5.70 |
| " " Fully Good | .. | 5.85 |
| " " Fine | .. | 6.00 |

Unchanged.

| | Liverpool, Mar. 16th. | |
|---|---|---|
| M.G. Bengal, "Good" | .. | 5.70 |
| " " "Fully Good" | .. | 5.85 |
| " " "Fine" | .. | 6.00 |
| M.G. No. 1 Oomra, "Good" | .. | 6.15 |
| " " "Fine" | .. | 6.45 |
| M.G. Broach, "Good" | .. | 7.45 |
| " "Fully Good" | .. | 7.60 |
| " "Fine" | .. | 7.75 |
| " Scinde, "Good" | .. | 5.65 |
| " " "Fully Good" | .. | 5.80 |
| " " "Fine" | .. | 5.95 |

—5

### AMERICAN MARKETS.

| | New York, Mar. 15th. |
|---|---|
| Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports | 18,000 |
| " Exports to Great Britain | 18,000 |
| " " to Continent | 2,000 |
| Futures at New York May | 11.88—11 |
| Futures at New York July | 12.09—9 |
| Spot Cotton at New York | 11.95—5 |
| Spot Cotton at New Orleans | 11.88+6 |
| Futures at New Orleans May | 11.72—12 |
| Futures at New Orleans July | 11.94—11 |

Don't worry about your constipation Kasagra will cure it all right, take, mild in action, sure in ...ice. D 8

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 9⅝
Demand Bills 4.76-30
Silver Commercial Bars 56¾

### MONEY MARKET.

London, Mar. 15th.

Bar Silver Spot 27 1/16+1/16
Closing Tone of Silver:—Steady.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 % since 8th Aug. 1914.
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st 5½
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st 5½
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months 5½
" " " " 6 " 5½
Interest day to day loans 4½
" 7 day market loans 4½ } Unchgd.
Amount Paid into the Bank of England about .. .. .. .. £492,000
Consols. 2½ % 57¼ unchgd
Rupee Paper 3½% Nominal 53½+½
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan 80¾
Government Securities 3% 69¼ } unchgd
Exchange on London at Paris Francs. 28.38+19

London, March 16th

Bar Silver Spot 27⅛+1/16
Closing Tone of Silver:—Steady.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 % since 8th August 1914.
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st 5½
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st 5½
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 months 5½
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 months 5½
Interest day to day loans 4½
" 7 day market loans 4½ } Unchgd.
Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about £260,000
The sum of £350,000 has been earmarked for Argentina.
Consols 2½% 57½
Rupee Paper 3½% Nominal 52½
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan 80¾
Government Securities 3% 69¼ } Unchgd.
Exchange on London at Paris Frcs. 28.45+7

### WAR LOANS.

London, March 15th.

3½ % 1925—1928 .. .. £87¼ unchgd.
4½ % 1925—1945 .. .. £96 13/16unchgd.

London, Mar. 16th

3½% 1925—1928 .. £87⅜ } Unchgd.
4½% 1925—1945 .. £96 13/16 }

### EXTRA ALLOTMENTS.

London, Mar. 15th.

SPECIAL TRANSFERS.

On Calcutta Rs. 16,70,000
On Bombay Rs. 19,50,000 } @ 1/4 5/32.
On Madras Rs. 12,00,000

DEFERRED TRANSFERS.

On Calcutta Rs. 12,00,000
On Madras Rs. 4,00,000 } @ 1/4 1/8

Bills on Calcutta Rs. 80,000 @ 1/4 1/8.

London, Mar. 16th.

Transfers on :—
Calcutta Rs. 450,000
Bombay Rs. 700,000 } @ 1/4 5/32
Madras Rs. 700,000

### BANK OF ENGLAND.

London, March 16th.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—

| | £ | | £ |
|---|---|---|---|
| Total Bullion .. | 55,100,000 | Dec. | 1,000,000 |
| Public Deposits . | 52,400,000 | Inc. | 200,000 |
| Other do. | 95,300,000 | Dec. | 1,700,000 |
| Govt. Securities . | 32,800,000 | No change | |
| Other do. .. | 92,400,000 | Dec. | 800,000 |
| Notes and Gold . | 40,700,000 | " | 700,000 |

THE BANK RESERVE is 28% of the Liabilities.

### COUNCIL BILLS.

London, Wednesday, Mar. 8th.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 50,00,000 :—

| Rs. | | Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| 14,000 were allotted | to Calcutta | 50,000 |
| 36,000 " | " to Bombay | |

Tenders on Calcutta at 1-4 3/32.
" Bombay

Min. Rate Received: Calcutta / Bombay } 7% above that rate in full.

Telegraphic Transfers Immediate :—

| Rs | | Rs |
|---|---|---|
| 20,67,000 were allotted | to Calcutta | 43,49,000 |
| 16,09,000 " " | to Bombay | |
| 6,73,000 " " | to Madras | |

Tenders on Calcutta at 1-4 1/8
" Bombay

Min Rate Received: Calcutta / Bombay } 7% above that rate in full.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale Rs. 1,35,75,000.
Amount to be allotted next week Rs. 50,00,000
Telegraphic Transfers :—Deferred.

| Rs. | | |
|---|---|---|
| 5,01,000 were allotted | to Calcutt | 6,01,000 |
| 1,00,000 " " | to Madras | |

Tenders on Calcutta at 1-4 3/32
" Madras

Min Rate Received: Calcutta / Madras } 7% about that rate in full.

### MISCELLANEOUS MARKET REPORTS.

LINSEED.

London, Mar. 14th.

JAVA SUGAR.

Linseed Calcutta Mar.-April Paid. 78/6—1s.
Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta
March-April. Unchanged 18/9
August-October 17/6
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay & Karachi
March-April. Unchanged 18/10½
August-October 17/7½
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta
Mar.-April 20/6
Aug.-Oct. 19/3
Fine White Java, C. & Bombay and Karachi Mar.-April. 20/7½
Aug.-Oct. 19/4½ } Unchanged.
Tone.—Quiet.

London, Mar. 15th

WHEAT.

No quotations for Indian Wheat.

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT.

Rozario Santa Fe—62½ lbs. Mar. Sellers. 68/9—3d

Barletta Russo—62½ lbs. Not offered.

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian / Victorian / New South Wales } Steamer Sellers 66/9

BARLEY.

Karachi Barley. Not offered.

SEEDS.

Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship March-April London Sellers 79/3—6d.
Toria Rapeseed March. Unchgd. 70/6
Linseed Calcutta Mar.-April 78—1s. 6d.
Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Mar.-April. Sellers 73/3+3d.

COTTONSEED.

Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) Mar.-April Hull Nominal Unchanged £14-0-0

METALS.

English best Selected Copper. Unchgd. £129
Standard Copper G. M. B. £105½+½
Copper Braziers £146
Yellow Metal 16
Hard Spelter Nominal 67½
Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14 × 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90 lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool. 18/9
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4% F.O.B. Liverpool £28-10-0
Pig Iron No. 1, Gartsherrie. £6-7-6 } Unchanged.

FREIGHT.

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal. Nominal.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta
March-April 18/9
August-October 17/6
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi
March-April 18/10½
August-October 17/7½
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta
March-April 20/6
August-October 19/3
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi March-April 20/7½
August-October 19/4½ } unchgd.
Tone—Quiet.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure
March-April 3/2
Plantation First Latex Crepe Mar. 3/6½

London, Mar. 16th

WHEAT.

Indian Wheat—No quotations.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe—62½lbs. Mar. Sellers. 68/9
Barletta Russo—62½lbs. Not offered.

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian / Victorian / New South Wales } Steamer Sellers 66/9

BARLEY.

Karachi Barley —Not offered.

SEEDS.

Linseed, Bombay, per 416 lbs. ex-Ship Mar.-Apr. London Sellers Dull. 79
Toria Rapeseed.—March 70/6

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Feb.-March Paid Tone Dull 71

COTTONSEED.

Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) Nominal

METALS.

English best Selected Copper unchgd. £129
Standard Copper G.M.B. £105½+2
Copper Braziers £146
Yellow Metal 16
Hard Spelter Nomial 67½
Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14 × 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90lbs. O.I.F. Liverpool 18/9
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4% F.O.B. Liverpool. £28-10-0
Pig Iron No. 1, Gartsherrie £6-7-6 } unchgd.

FREIGHT.

Coals: Cardiff to Bombay Canal—Nominal.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Mar.-April. Sellers 3/2
Plantation First Latex Crepe Mar. 3/5½

### GOAT SKINS.

Goat skin Sale close to-day strong sold 797,000.
Goat skins Madras 9d to 15d. dearer.
Goat skins Bombay 6d. to 9d. dearer.

### BEEF & MUTTON TALLOW.

London, Mar. 15th.

Finest Australian Beef Tallow .. 52/6
" " Mutton " .. 54/6

## BOMBAY MARKETS.

### COTTON.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, March 17.

The market to-day opened steady with G. Broach quoted at Rs. 285 but there has been no inclination shown to do business.
Ready cotton was in fair demand.
We quote:—
G. Broach 285, April.
F. G. Bengal 214½, March.
F. K./Akola 260, March.
F. K./Akola 266, May.

### THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE CO., LTD.

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, 17th March, 1916, 5-30 p.m.

| Growths. | Super-fine. | Fine. | Fully Good. | Good. Delivery. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bengals (M.G.) | .. | .. | 227 | ..1/25 Jan. 17 |
| | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| | 240 | 228 | 216 | ..Ready |
| Bengals (M.G.) | .. | 227 | 215 | ..Mar. |
| | .. | 231 | .. | ..May |
| Scinde-Punjab (M.G.) | .. | 220 | 210 | ..Ready |
| | .. | 225 | .. | ..Mar |
| | 260 | 250 | 230 | ..Ready |
| Khandesh M.G.) | .. | 248 | 234 | ..Mar. |
| | .. | 251 | .. | ..May |
| Jalna (M.G.) | .. | .. | 250 | ..Ready |
| Barsee | .. | .. | 282 | ..Ready |
| Oomra M. G. (Fair-Staple) | .. | 260 | 250 | ..Ready |
| | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Akola-Kgbm. | .. | 261 | 252 | ..Ready & Mar. |
| Karanja (M.G.) | .. | 265 | .. | ..May |
| | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Oomrawatee descriptions M.G. | .. | 262 | 253 | ..Ready & Mar. |
| | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Dharmagaum | .. | 264 | 255 | ..Ready & Mar. |
| Poolgaum (M.G. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Yeotmal (M.G.) | .. | 267 | 258 | ..Ready & Mar. |
| | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Nagpore | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Kamptl (M.G.) | .. | 274 | 265 | ..Ready & Mar. |
| WardhaH'ghat (M.G.) | .. | 273 | 264 | ..Ready & Mar. |
| | .. | 284 | 281 | ..Ready & Mar. |
| | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Broach (M.G. | .. | 287 | .. | 285 April |
| | .. | 290 | .. | ..May |
| Surat (M.G.) | .. | 220 | .. | ..Ready |
| | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Mathia (M.G.) | .. | 250 | 238 | ..Ready |
| | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Bhagalkote Bijapur (M.G.) | .. | .. | .. | 286 April/May |
| Sawgd. Dharwar | .. | .. | .. | 315 April/May |
| | .. | .. | .. | .. |

Do not try to endure that nerve-racking cough. Zymole Trokeys will stop it and remove the irritation. They dispel hoarseness and strengthen the throat. B 7

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Westerns (M.G.) | .. .. .. | 295 | April/May |
| " (H.G.) | .. .. .. | 285 | April/May |
| Compta (M.G.) | .. .. .. | 312 | April/May |
| Miraj (M. G.) | .. .. .. | 313 | April/May |
| | .. .. .. | .. | |

Except where otherwise mentioned up-country PRESSED AVERAGE STAPLE COTTON is quoted for. The Official Quotations of the Exchange are (unless otherwise noted) "within Terms," i.e. inclusive of 3 candy per cent allowance for tare.

### RECEIPTS OF COTTON AND PRODUCE.

The following are the receipts of Cotton, Wheat, and Seeds, by rail and sea into Bombay during the 24 hours up till 6 p.m. on 16th March 1916:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Cotton | 18,991 Bales. |
| Wheat | 22,473 cwts. |
| Linseed | 8,987 " |
| Rape, Rai and Mustard Seed | 3,646 " |
| Ginjellyseed | 22,039 " |
| Groundnuts | 7,750 " |
| Castorseed | 12,741 " |
| Rice | 15,273 " |
| Myrabollams | 2,221 " |
| Cottonseed | 13,008 " |
| Mowraseed | 2,425 " |
| Gram | 4,488 " |
| Joowar | 10,103 " |
| Maize | 29 " |
| Barley | 1,137 " |

### WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, Mar. 17th—4 p. m.

| | Ready. | Bazaar Terms. Rs. a. p. | Rail Delivery. Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat, White Delhi 70-30 | .. .. .. | 45 0 0 | 6 8 6 |
| Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30 | .. .. .. | 44 8 0 | 6 8 0 |
| Wheat, Karachi Bangla. | | 44 0 0 | 6 7 6 |
| Rapeseed, Brown Delhi. | | 6 7 0 | 6 13 0 |
| Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore | .. .. .. | 6 4 0 | 6 10 0 |
| Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore | .. .. .. | 7 6 0 | 7 12 0 |
| Linseed, Brown Bold | .. | 7 13 0 | 8 3 0 |
| Linseed, Brown Thin | .. | 7 9 0 | 7 15 0 |
| Teelseed, White 85-15 | .. | 46 0 0 | .... |
| Teelseed, Gajar 75-25 | .. | 45 0 0 | .... |
| Teelseed, Gajar 50-50 | .. | 44 0 0 | .... |
| Teelseed, Black | .. .. | 40 0 0 | .... |
| Poppyseed, White | .. | 7 6 0 | 7 14 0 |
| Groundnuts | .. .. | 43 8 0 | .... |
| Mowraseed | .. .. | 4 6 0 | 4 10 0 |

| Forward. | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Wheat April-May .. .. | 6 1 3 |
| Linseed May .. .. | 8 3 0 |

### EXCHANGE.

Banks' Selling Rates:—
T. T. Ready .... 1s. 4 1/8d.
D. D. Mail .... 1s. 4 5-32d.
T. T. Forward .... 1s. 4 3-32d. April.
Banks' Buying Rates:—
Credits 3 Months' Sight Ready 1s. 4 15-32d.
Do. Do. Forward .... 1s. 4 7-16d. April.
Do. 6 m-s. Ready .... 1s. 4 23-32d.
Francs 3 m-s. do. .... 197 Nominal.
60 d-s. Hong-Kong .... 142¾
Do. Shanghai .... 195½
60 d-s. Yokohama .... 152½

### BULLION.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| English Bar Gold .... | 26-3-0 |
| Australian Do. .... | 25-14-0 |
| Bombay Do. .... | 25-3-0 |
| English Shield Sovereigns .... | 16-8-0 |
| English Dragons .... | 15-6-0 |
| Silver ex-duty Ready .... | 69-2-0 |

### SHARE MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, March 17.

The Cotton Mill Share Market opened steady to-day but before close a weaker feeling prevailed and a slight set back in rates was registered.
In Mill shares for April delivery Davids after touching Rs. 496½ closed at Rs. 492¼.
Fazulbhai closed at Rs. 463¾. Standards at Rs. 1,142½. Madhavji at Rs. 1,350. Central India at Rs. 2,215 and Swadeshi at Rs. 1,650.
Currimbhai were quoted at Rs. 257½. Crescent at Rs. 117½. Indore-Malwas at Rs. 262½ and Finlays at Rs. 255.
Bombay Cottons improved to Rs. 206.
Bank of Bombay shares were placed at Rs. 1,525.
Tata Hydro Electric ordinary shares changed hands at Rs. 1,185 and later on at Rs. 1,180.
Alcocks were placed at Rs. 525 in the morning but subsequently moved up to Rs. 537½.
Bombay Electric Tram ordinary shares opened under great excitement and touched Rs. 248 but later on declined and closed at Rs. 238.
Bombay Steam Navigation ordinary shares improved to Rs. 225.
Bank of India shares changed hands at Rs. 634.
Tata Iron and Steel ordinary shares declined to Rs. 134 and Deferred opened at Rs. 426½, declined to Rs. 415 but closed at Rs. 417½.
Bombay Flours were in demand at Rs. 785.
Bundi Hydraulic changed hands at Rs. 10½
Sialkot Narowals were placed at Rs. 111¼.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Business in 3½ per cent. G. P. Notes was done at Rs. 81.
4 per cent. Port Trust Bonds were placed at Rs. 94½.

### PETROLEUM.

Bombay, Mar. 16th.

The following are to-day's rates for the Asiatic Petroleum Co., Limited, Brands :—

| | Rs: a. p. |
|---|---|
| Rising SunBrand Bulk Loose per 8 IG | 4 2 0 |
| Rising Sun Brand New Tins per pair | 4 12 0 |
| Deer Brand Bulk Loose per 8 I. G .. | 4 2 0 |
| Deer Brand New Tins per pair .. | 4 12 0 |
| Bull Brand Bulk Loose per 8 I. G. .. | 3 13 6 |
| Bull Brand New Tins per pair .. | 4 6 6 |
| Swan Brand Bulk Loose per 8 I. G. .. | 3 4 6 |
| Swan Brand New Tins per pair .. | 3 13 6 |
| Anchor Tins per pair.. .. .. | 4 15 0 |
| Rising Sun Cases per case .. .. | 5 8 0 |
| Anchor Cases per case. .. .. | 5 10 0 |
| Shell Cases per case .. .. .. | 6 4 0 |

### NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA.

A REMUNERATIVE HALF YEAR.

The Bombay Manager of the National Bank of India, received telegraphic advice yesterday from London that Net Profits for the year ending 31st December 1915, including the sum brought forward from the previous year, amount to about £384,413.
The Directors propose to pay a dividend for the half year at the rate of 16 per cent per annum applying £76,273 to writing down investments including War Loan to current prices, to place £25,000 to credit of Reserve Fund, to write £10,000 off Premises account, to place £10,000 to credit of Pension Fund leaving about £103,140 to be carried forward to next account.

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Have your bread and cakes baked at home. Then you can know for certain what they are made of, and by whom.
Baking at home is really quite easy, if your cook uses

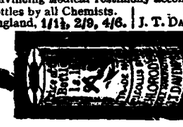
Paisley Flour
The SURE raising powder (Trade Mark)

to make sure that the bread, &c., rises properly. *Such* delicious loaves—crisp in the crust, light in the crumb, and baked evenly all through.

Use one part to eight parts of ordinary flour. Mix well, dry. Made by Brown & Polson, the Corn Flour firm.

*Recipes for bread, rolls and cakes, in every tin, and the "Brown & Polson" Book of 73 Recipes free from Mackenzie, Lyall & Co., Lyon's Range, Calcutta.*

Dr. J. Collis Browne's
Chlorodyne
The ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.
Acts like a Charm in DIARRHOEA, and is the only Specific in CHOLERA and DYSENTERY.
Checks and arrests FEVER, CROUP, AGUE.
The Best Remedy known for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.
The only Palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM.
Convincing Medical Testimony accompanies each Bottle.
Sold in Bottles by all Chemists. Prices in England, 1/1½, 2/9, 4/6.
Sole Manufacturers, J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd., London.



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IN NICKEL SILVER OPEN FACE CASE.
15" Size .... .... Rs. 12
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With Arabic or Roman dial same price.
With fancy dial, Re. 1 more.
15" small size.
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BEST INDIAN PAIN BALM
Price 8 Annas per Bottle
AMRUTANJAN DEPOT
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# BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

## LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Races, 13th Extra Meeting.
Muslim Students' Union: Mr. Yoosuf I. A. Lalljee's Lecture on "England and Germany in Commerce, Industry and Science," Union Hall, French Road, Chowpatty, 6 p.m.
Annual General Meeting, Institute Luso-Indiano, at 6-30 p.m. at the Institute Hall.
Beaman Bombay Chess Club, 4th Annual General Meeting Mr. R. D. Wadia's Bungalow, New Marine Lines, 6-15 p.m.
Indian Economic Society, Discussion on "Indian Financial Administration and Budget for 1916-17", Servants of India Society's Library Hall, Sandhurst Road, 6-30 p.m.

SUNDAY, Mar. 19.

Holika Sammelan Meeting, Mandvi Bunder, 8 p.m.

MONDAY, March 20.

Balloting for a Representative of the Bombay Millowners' Association, on the Bombay Legislative Council, 10-30 a.m. to 5 p.m.
Aga Khan Hockey Tournament, Drawing at Bombay Gymkhana, 6-30 p.m.

TUESDAY, March 21.

Annual prize distribution of the David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institution, Matunga, at 5 p.m.
"Jamshedi Naoroz" Bank Holiday.
David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institution, Prize Distribution, Matunga, 5 p.m.
Bombay Boy Scouts Association's Sports, Marine Lines Maidan, 4-45 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre, 6-30 and 9-45 p.m. Horace Goldin and Company.
Royal Opera House, Cinema, 6.30 p.m. and 10 p.m.
New Alexandra Cinema, Crawford Market, 7. 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road 7 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Olympia Cinema, Sandhurst Road, 3-45 and 10-30 p.m.

## Business Notice.

All communications intended for the Editor should be addressed simply "To the Editor," and not to any member of the staff by name.

ALL BUSINESS communications (Advertisement, changes of address, etc.), should be addressed to the MANAGER and all remittances made payable to him.

Subscribers whose copies are delayed in delivery are requested to send the covers to the Manager, previously marking thereon the date of the paper enclosed therein. By this means only can satisfactory investigation be made as to the cause of irregularity.

## Domestic Occurrences.

MARRIAGE.

ERULKAR—SCOTT.—At the West London Synagogue of British Jews Upper Berkeley Street, Portman Square, London, by the Rev. Isidore Harris, Abraham Solomon Erulkar M.D. (London), eldest son of the late Dr. Solomon Abraham Erulkar, M.B., of Ahmedabad to Kitty Accles Ruth, daughter of Commodore Captain Joseph David Scott (M.M.) and Mrs. Scott of Southshields.

## BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders by Lieut.-Colonel P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding.

March, 18.

58. Bivouac.—The Battalion will parade on the North end of the Oval at 4.50 p.m. to-day Saturday March 18th. Dress.—Drill Order with havresacks and waterbottles. All ranks must bring kitbags with coat and blanket, and must carry havresack rations for Saturday evening and night; drinking mugs, knives, and plates should be carried in havresacks. The Battalion will return to Bombay on Sunday afternoon March 19th.

59. Annual Inspection.Will be held in Bombay on Saturday March 25th. All ranks including reservists must attend, unless they obtain leave of absence in writing or furnish a medical certificate.

60. Reservists Musketry.—The rifle range at Ghat Kopar is allotted to reservists on Tuesday March 21st (Public Holiday) and all reservists who have to fire must attend on that day.

61. Company Orders.—Until further notice Company Orders will not be published in the newspapers. Officers Commanding Companies must make company arrangements for issue of their orders.

62. Rifle Meeting.—Competitions for 2nd Class shots will be held at Ghat Kopar rifle range on Sunday March 26th. Train 6-15 a.m Victoria Terminus.

63. Signallers.—Regimental Signallers will parade under 2nd-Lieutenant T. R. Aldred on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturday at 7-15 a.m. at the Bandstand Cooperage.

(Sd.) C. N. MOBERLY, Major,
Adjutant Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

## 'BAND AT BOMBAY GYMKHANA'

By kind permission of the Officers, the String Band of the 1st Battn., B. B. and C. I. Ry. Vols., will play the following Programme under the direction of Mr. W. S. Walcott at the Bombay Gymkhana this evening commencing at 6 p.m.

March—Under the Stars ..... Weiss.
Suite—Three Irish Dances ..... Ansell.
Valse—Enchantress ..... Gastrell.
Selection (Nautical)—A Life on the Ocean ..... Rinding.
Melodie—Un pen, D'Amour ..... Silesu.
Selection—Gaiety Echoes ..... Godfrey.
Galop—The Fox Hunters ..... Glanman.

## BAND AT THE BOMBAY RACE COURSE

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner V.D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play this evening a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh, B. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 2-45.

## TELEGRAPHIC NOTIFICATION.

The booking of ordinary traffic for Burma has been resumed.

## ARYA SAMAJ.

A public meeting will be held at the Arya Samaj Hall, Kakadwadi, Girgaon, Bombay, to-morrow at 5 p.m. (B. T.), when Swami Dharmanandjee will deliver a lecture on "Holika Yagna."

## YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION.

Under the auspices of the above Association Mr. Thakurlal Desai will expound the Bhagwat Gita in English to-morrow, 9 a.m. (S. T.) in the premises of the Association, Girgaum Back Road.

## POSTAL NOTICE.

As the next Homeward Mail steamer will not sail till about noon on Monday, the 20th March unregistered and registered letters for the English Mail can be posted at the General Post Office up to 9 a.m. on that date.

## ACCIDENT FROM A LIVE WIRE.

Antoo Babaji, a painter, happened to touch a wire, whilst painting the pillars in the bunglow of H. H. the Nizam on the Nepean Sea Road on Thursday. He received a shock and fell on the floor, a height of about twenty-feet and was removed to the Sir J. J. Hospital, where he was detained for treatment.

## HOLIKA SAMMELAN.

A meeting of the Holika Sammelan to be held at Mandvi Bunder to-morrow at 8 p.m. under the presidentship of Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar, and other prominent gentlemen will also be present. Several prominent ladies and gentlemen will deliver lectures and there will be music, exhibition of cinematograph and mesmerism.

On the occasion of the Holi festival the Marwari Sammailan will give a performance of magic to the public to-morrow from 1 to 5 p.m. and on Monday from 7 to 10 a.m. at Seth Nathuram's Bari, Thakurdwar Road. On Sunday night at 9 p.m. the Marwari Sammailan Dramatic Club will play a drama named "Bharat Durdisha Natik", in the Baliwala Theatre when admission will be free by tickets which can be had at the Sammailan Office at the theatre. There would be special accommodation for ladies.

## KIRLOSKAR SANGIT MANDALI.

This company will perform their well-known and popular play 'Tajewapha" a new Urdu drama in the Ripon Theatre, Grant Road on Sunday at 3-30 p.m. under the patronage of the Hon. Mr. W. D. Sheppard C.I.E., I.C.S., when a gold medal will be presented to the Company. The Commissioner of Police, the Sheriff of Bombay, and others have kindly consented to grace the occasion.

## MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

There were 18 attacks and 18 deaths from plague on Thursday, Tarwadi reporting one attack, Esplanade, Mandvi, Bhuleshwar and Mazagon one death each, Market, Walkeshwar, Mahaluxmi and Parel one attack and one death each, Sion two attacks and one death, Byculla four attacks and four deaths and Worli seven attacks and five deaths. There were 20 attacks and eight deaths from small-pox. The total mortality from all causes was 113 against 69 on the corresponding day of 1915 and 107 in 1914. Of the 2,540 rats caught 65 were found infected.

## HINDU UNION CLUB.

The fifth lecture of the Hemant Vyakhyan Mala of the Club will be held this evening, at the Hall of the Gujarati Municipal Girls' School (Old Government Book Depot Building, Girgaum Back Road), at 6 p.m. (S. T.), when Mr. N. M. Joshi, of the Servants of India Society, will lecture on "Social Service." Mr. D. G. Dalvi, will preside.

The sixth lecture of the Hemant Vyakhan Mala of the Club will be held to-morrow at the same place at 8 p.m. (S. T.), when Mr. D. S. Varde, will lecture on "The Caste and the Nation." Mr. D. G. Padhye, will preside.

## PASSENGERS BY THE MAIL.

The following is the list of passengers per s.s. Caledonia, Captain E. R. Dowell, R.N.R., leaving Bombay, to-morrow:—

For Marseilles and London:—

Mrs Adams, Mrs Ambrose, child and infant, Mrs Anderson, Mr M S Ansari, Mr Atherton West, Miss E Atkinson, Mr H Baker, Mrs C M Baker, Mr T Benson, Mrs Benthall, Miss Benthall, Mr Paul Biggane, Mrs M L Boileau, Mr B F S Boileau, (Jr), Mr. R G Boulton and valet, Mrs F J Bowker, the Right Hon Earl Brassey, G.C.B., and valet, Lady Helen Brassey and maid, Mr and Mrs R H Brooke, Miss Budden, Miss J D Campbell, Mrs Challis and child, Mrs W H Clarke, Mr G E Collins, Mr W H Cornish, Mr F A Bruce Cowley, Mrs Cowley, Mrs E F Crouch, Mrs C M Dallas, Mrs H Davis, Miss Devenish-Meares, Mr and Mrs A Dingwall, Mr L de Dombasle, Sister Edith Miss J Edwards, Mr and Mrs J S Elliott, Hon Mrs Errington, Mr C W Fildes, Mr and Mrs E C Foston, Mrs Francis, Mrs Fuller and infant, Mr and Mrs H J G Gale, Miss Gault, Mrs K M Gibb and infant, Mrs Gilleland, 4 children and infant, Mr and Mrs T Gilmour, Mrs G C Godfrey, Mr R Graham, Mrs Graham and infant, Mr A W Guttmann, Miss Hambridge, Mr. H C Hancock, Miss A E Henderson, M.D., Mr R E Hickey, Miss Holmes, Mrs W H K Howard, Mrs E Joseph, Mr A P Keightley, Mrs Kennedy, Mrs King, Mrs Kirke, Mrs Lakin, Miss Landale, Miss L J Latham, Mrs L'Estrange, Miss Leetch, Mr and Mrs N W Legge, Mrs R L Lloyd, Mrs W J Lloyd, Mrs Loch, Mr E L Lutyens, Mr F F Lyall, Rev MacDonald, Mrs MacDonald and 2 children Mrs D J MacGillivray, Mr R MacGregor, Mr J L Maffey, I.C.S., Miss MacNicol, Mr G F Martin, Mr and Mrs H Mayston, Mr and Mrs J S McLaren, Mrs H McPherson, Mr J Miller, Mrs Miller and child, Mr S K Mitra, Miss K Morris, Mr Ernest Mylne, Mr A B Napier, Mr and Mrs A Palmer, Mr T B Paton, Mrs Pearson, Mr and Mrs A E Piggot, Lady Kathleen Pleydell-Bouverie, Mr. R J Powell, Mr and Mrs C H Pratt, Mr R E Purves, Mrs Purves and child, the Countess of Radnor, Mrs I G Rait, Mr H H Randall, Dr Miss M Raw, Mr T Renwick, Miss V Richards, Mrs Robinson and 3 children, Mr J Rodrigues, Mr E E P Rose, Sister Rose, Mr E J Sherriff, Miss A Simcox, Miss E Simcox, Mr A Simson, Mr P Bosworth Smith, Mrs R F Sorsbie, Mr and Mrs Stuart, Mrs W A Sutherland and child, Mrs A B Theobald and child, Mrs Thompson, 4 children and infant, Miss Thorne, Mrs A F Thorpe, Mr and Mrs W A Vincent, Miss L C Vost, Mr C P Walgate, Mr R M Warren, Mrs W Watson, Mrs Watts, 2 children and infant, Miss E C Wigner, Mr and Mrs T Wilson, Mr W M Wilson, Mr and Mrs W F Wren, Mr M Young, I.C.S., Rev C B Young, Mrs W E Young, Mrs R Tryndell, child and infant, Mrs E R Osborne, Mr and Mrs L Dumont, Mr M J Edmonds, Dr L J Kelly Mr Hitchcock, Miss A Stanton, Mrs D Johnstone, Miss P Knight, Mrs W P Murray, child and nurse, Mrs Blandy, Mr Sassoon Bassous, Mr E W Hughes, Mr Bromage, Mrs Bromage, 2 children, 2 infants and nurse. Mrs Harvey and child, Miss Harvey, Miss Hinds, Mrs Hubbard and child, Mr F C Steele, Mons Gresoux, Mr A W Prior, Mr J Dodds, Mr A Young, Mr F Mason, Mr F Reynolds, Mr Hoskins, Mr Dines, Mr Wells, Mr Holden, Mr Bates, Mr Millsted, Mr Sadler, Mr Gawn, Mr Green, Mrs P W Elliott, 2 childen and infant, Mr J Green, Mr and Mrs H W Wroe, Mr F Carter, C.I.E., Mr and Mrs Rayon, and Mrs Carter and maid.

## NANDKOOVERBA ZENANA HOSPITAL AT DHORAJI.

The number patients took advantage of Shree Nandkooverba Zenana Hospital at Dhoraji from the 22nd January, to 29th February, were:—1,706 Mahomedan women and 462 Mahomedan children; and 406 Hindu women and 220 Hindu children. The daily attendance was more than 70.

In reply to a question asked at the meeting of the Assam Council on Monday last Mr. Allan replied:—"Drafts are sent at regular intervals to the army from Military Police Battalions of the Province to which the inhabitants of the province are being enlisted but no proposals to raise any additional regiment in Assam have been submitted to the Chief Commissioner."

# BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

## THE NEW ALEXANDRA.

The filming of "Five Nights" by Victoria Cross, is considered one of the greatest events in the history of Picture Plays. The film was shown to crowded houses at the above Picture Theatre in November last, and there has been such a repeated demand from the picture-going public to have this most sensational picture screened once more, that the management have at last decided to repeat the same this week commencing to-day. The film is in many respects absolutely unique. It is vividly sensational, and at the same time an artistic triumph. There is nothing crude, nothing that panders to morbid sentimentality; but through it all there throbs the intense interest of a passionately human personality seeking to find satisfaction in a life untrammelled by conventions, lived with a sublime disregard for existing codes. Yet the film will not offend the most sensitive observer; it is a remarkably attractive study of an artistic life. The success of "Five Nights" as a book has been extraordinary, over ten million copies have been sold in all parts of the world. Its intense human appeal, and dramatic interest, have attracted world wide attention amongst all classes of society. The unconventional and peculiarly human features of the book have been carefully preserved, while the artistic and somewhat Bohemian atmosphere which pervades the story is most subtly conveyed throughout the film by wonderful settings and convincing acting. The story abounds in piquant situations. The passionate, emotional nature of the handsome young artist who attempts to mould life on his own lines, is wonderfully portrayed. The five episodes which form the basis of the story comprise some of the most startling incidents ever presented in a moving picture, while at the same time it may be claimed fairly that there is nothing from first to last that will offend against good taste or pander to morbid sensationalism. The programme also includes the "Gaumont Graphic" and the "Charles Chaplin" comic. The Alexandra patrons are requested to book their seats early to avoid disappointment.

## THE IMPERIAL CINEMA.

The "Exploits of Elaine" is still getting on merrily and the story has now reached its penultimate stages. The interest is however, as strong as ever and the twenty-first and twenty-second episodes show some of the most sensational incidents of the picture. A word may be mentioned here of the masterful manner in which Mr. Edwin Arden plays the part of Wu Fang. His impersonation of the Chinaman is equal to that of Mathesen Lang in "Mr. Wu," and in fact Mr. Arden holds the same position in America as our celebrated actor in England.

The seventh drama of "Who Pays?" series entitled "Blue Blood and Yellow" is also announced, which together with Pathe's Gazette, makes a combination of three of the finest pictures of their kind.

## THE OLYMPIA.

Here is the last instalment of the sensational serial "The Broken Coin." Nothing remain now to judge how powerful the plot was and how nicely it was directed. Grace Cunard as Kitty Gray is the beauty of the screen better known as the most wonderful Girl on the screen. She knows the motion picture business from A to Z and is never at a loss for either action or incident. To find out how Kitty Gray a beautiful American girl, becomes the instrument of vengeance on a silly suppet you must see this instalment. Wherever U. films are shown Francis Ford is hailed as "The Uncrowned King of the Screen." Not only is he an actor of marked brilliance but his productions are far and away beyond those to which the ordinary producer confines his efforts. To sum up, no living author is so fitted to handle such a thrilling plot as Emerson Hugh and other producers but the Universal could have given it so gorgeous a setting or furnished such an all-star company of players for its presentation.

## ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BANGALORE, March 17.

St. Patrick's Day was observed in Bangalore this morning by solemn High Mass at St. Patrick's Cathedral, the service being attended also by Rome Catholics of the Regulars and Volunteers of the garrison.

## SUICIDE OF A SHIP'S PURSER.

Dr. W. Nunan, Acting Coroner, held an inquest at the Coroner's Court, yesterday, touching the death of Mr. Gordon Lenna, a Scotchman, aged 45 years, a purser on board the Hospital ship Glenfoe Castle, who was found lying dead in his cabin. The evidence was to the effect that the deceased was missed on Thursday afternoon and subsequently the door of his cabin was found locked from inside. Mr. James Kerridge, Chief Officer of the vessel, looking through the hole, saw the body of the deceased lying on the floor. The carpenter went through the port and the doors were burst open, when the deceased was found lying face downwards. There was a gash in his throat and a razor lay beside him. There was a pool of blood. For the last ten days or so the deceased had been worried about his work. It was further stated by a witness that the accounts of the ship, were correct and nothing was found in the deceased's papers to explain the suicide. He did not drink and did not give the impression of despondency. He was popular on board. He complained of sleeplessness and mental depression and he was not able to get on properly with his work. Within the past few days he seemed to be perhaps a little more depressed, but he never said he was tired of life or mentioned any private trouble. The great blood vessels on the left side of his throat were severed. A verdict of suicide was recorded.

# HORACE GOLDIN.

## THE GREAT ILLUSIONIST AT THE EXCELSIOR

Horace Goldin is no stranger to Bombay. The identical programme which he presented last night at the Excelsior was performed every night of a fairly lengthy season some months ago. It is the greater tribute to his fascination as a conjuror, therefore, that he should have attracted so large and enthusiastic an audience on the opening night of his return visit. "The Tiger God" remains the chief attraction of the programme. This illusion-sketch is certainly the finest "mystery" show that Mr. Goldin has turned out during a long and sensational career as an illusionist, which so far as British audiences go, dates back to a debut at the Palace Theatre, we believe, nearly fifteen years ago. Why a Tiger God, is not explained. We are not aware that the people who worship tigers have yet been discovered. Certainly Mahomedans don't,—either in Morocco or elsewhere and Mr. Goldin would do well to remove the Star and Crescent from his tiger's cage, and eliminate the whole suggestion of "sacred tigers" in Mahomedan palaces. However, any sort of tiger, sacred or profane, does for the illusion, which is very wonderful and ingenious and leaves the audience mystified and agape as to how the tiger disappears from the cage and Mr. Goldin gets into it.

Mr. Goldin's "Revue of Conjuring" is as attractive as ever. He impersonates five famous conjurors from the fifteenth to the twentieth century and performs the most noted feat of each. The rapidity and deftness with which he changes from one dis guise to another and performs each trick renders him worthy to rank with all these masters. His little interlude

HORACE GOLDIN.

The famous illusionist.

with the famous bag and egg trick is another delightful feature of his show and entertained as much as it mystified the audience. Perhaps the illusion in which a lady passes through a sheet of plate glass in a second is more wonderful than the "Tiger God," though not elaborated with so much paraphernalia.

The first part of the programme consists of a vaudeville entertainment, which unfortunately has been shorn, since the last visit of two of the most attractive artists. But we still have Gosward, the entertaining musical clown, Miss Barbara Babington, who looks as taking as ever, and Leywood and Nerell, those clever Australian burlesque artists. The last named, however, were more likeable in the really witty sketches and attractive duets they appeared in when they were here before. It is not very hard to clown as a drunken husband and Mr. Leywood is worthy of better things.

## AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Mar. 17.

The crop telegrams for the week ending the 10th March, show the weather was dry and was rainless. The harvesting of spring crops and preparation of lands for the next season's crops were in progress and the standing crops were reported to be average. The price was generally stationary with a slight tendency to rise in Central India where it was considered high. Cattle was in good condition.

On Thursday evening at Wellington sports took place for invalided men belonging to various regiments stationed all over India who have recently returned from the Persian Gulf and France and are attached to the Hut Barrack. The sports were organised by Sergeant Major Ayres, Royal Field Artillery, who contributed handsome prizes.

# CATHEDRAL HIGH SCHOOL.

## BOXING TOURNAMENT.

Lieut.-Colonel P. R. Cadell presided last night at the prize-giving in connection with the Cathedral High School Boxing Tournament, successfully run by Mr. Luxa during the past four nights. A large, and in many respects, distinguished gathering of ladies and gentleman, witnessed the finals on the grounds of the school where Mr. Savage the popular Headmaster was "At Home." The fighting throughout was of a good order among the boys. The events were adjudged by a conscientious. Referee in Mr. G. Hunt and two Judges in Mr. W. Lambert and Mr. D. Muro. Mr. Luxa officiated as master of ceremonies. Speeches, of course, were made by Mr. Cadell and Mr. Savage.

THE FIGHTING.

CADET CONTESTS.

JUNIORS (SEMI-FINALS.)

Cadet P. Murray 8-3, v. Lce.-Corpl. A. Jacob 7.0½. Lce Corpl. Jacob won after a feathery fight of three rounds Cadet A. Miranda 6-11 v. Cadet Rodrigues 7-7. Rodrigues not having turned up the fight was given to Miranda.

SENIORS (Final).

Cadet R. Combi v. Lce.-Corpl. McGill.

This was the most interesting and most scientific fight of the night, and both deserved the greatest credit for having exerted themselves to the greatest advantage. McGill eventually won.

JUNIORS (Final).

Lce.-Corpl. Jacob v. Cadet Miranda.

There was neither heart nor grit in this bout. A fourth round was fought when Jacob was declared the winner.

SPECIAL CONTEST.

Dessa (Jack Johnson) v. Dart (Subeh Pasha) the two youngsters put in a lot of hard work, and Dart won amid thunderous applause.

SCHOOL CONTESTS.

HEAVY WEIGHTS (FINAL.)

A. Munro 10.3 v. W. Greenhill 9.9. Monro won the fight but it was a milk-maid brand affair after all, neither of the two having been punished to the least extent

PAPER WEIGHTS (FINAL).

H. Favel 4.6 v. R. Seddon 5-13

This was a gladiatorial fight between two Mighty Atoms. The kids mixed it up well, and at the end Favel won by a narrow margin.

FEATHER WEIGHTS (FINAL.)

A. Beale v. M. Sell.

They went for each other like tigeresses in cub from start to finish and Sell triumphed.

MIDDLE WEIGHTS (Final).

D. Brewin 8.3, v. A. Jacob 7-0½.

This was a great fight all through and Jacob won by a short head.

LIGHT WEIGHTS (Final).

W. Beale v. A. Gale.

They were at it hammer and tongs in the second round and the third remained undecided. An extra round of two minutes was fought, and the classic contest for supremacy was eventually won by Gale, the loser being loudly applauded for the splendid fight he put up.

PRIZE LIST.

HEAVY WEIGHTS:—Moura (1) Greenhille (2).

MIDDLE WEIGHTS:—Jacob (1) Brewin (2).

LIGHT WEIGHTS:—Gale (1) W. Beale (2).

FEATHER WEIGHTS:—Sell (1) A.Beale (2).

PAPER WEIGHTS:—Favel (1) Sneddon (2).

CADETS (SENIORS):—McGill.

CADETS JUNIORS:—Lce.-Corpl. Jacob (1) Cadet Miranda (2).

SPECIAL BEST:—Choir boy prize presented by Dr. Faulkner,—M. Sell.

Most scientific boxer. Prize presented by Mr. W. M. Lattey,—A. Jacob.

Best Loser prize presented by Revd Lloyd. Arnould—W. McGill (1) and Banks (2).

Special contest. Prize presented by Mr. Savage—H. Dart.

## BOXING TOURNAMENT AT BANGALORE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BANGALORE, March 17.

There will be a boxing tournament on the grounds of the Commercial Gymkhana Club beginning on 1st April. The garrison being as full as it is with the whole of the British infantry brigade entries are expected to be very numerous.

The following nine teams have entered for the annual Hockey Tournament beginning on Monday: 1st Kents, 6th Royal Sussex, 9th Hampshires, Madras and S. M. Railway Volunteers, Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, Bangalore Gymkhana, St. Joseph's College (two teams) and a team from depots of Manchesters and North Lancashires. Kents meet St. Josephs B team in the first game.

## ANOTHER TURF FATALITY.

Mr. Kelso's bay English mare Cybelle II, winner of the Minto Plate at Mahaluxmi last Saturday, met with a serious accident on Thursday afternoon, which necessitated her being destroyed. It appears that while being led along Cruickshank Road on the way to Victoria Terminus, where she was to be entrained for Poona, she took fright and bolting from the custody of the syces, dashed into the small garden in front of the station and sustained such serious injuries to her legs, she had to be shot by Inspector Fuller immediately. Cybelle II was a promising sprinter who gave every indication of acclimatizing well and doing well on the Indian Turf She was fully insured with the Yorkshire Insurance Co.

# LAWN TENNIS.

## BOMBAY GYMKHANA TOURNAMENT.

### MIXED DOUBLES HANDICAP.

A start was made with the Mixed Doubles on Thursday, when, for the first set, a very good game was seen. Mr. and Mrs. Jukes, who so nearly won the recent Championship, are at—30.3, whereas Mr. and Mrs. Arnold were at plus 3/6.

Soon after the start, the latter pair appeared to be well handicaped, but subsequently in forcing the play they became erratic. This was of course partly due to the excellent placing of the stronger pair Mr. Jukes giving the net player much fewer chances than did Mrs. Arnold, who nevertheless played very well on other occasions. Her cross shots were capital, and she and her partner made up for a poor start by drawing level at 5-all. From here, however, the winners had little difficulty in passing into the next round.

Result:—

Mr. and Mrs. Jukes, —30.3, beat Mr. and Mrs. Arnold, +3/6; 7—5, 6—1.

Several games are down for decision on Monday.

## BOMBAY GIRLS' HIGH SCHOOLS' ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.

### TOURNAMENT AND DISPLAY IN AID OF WAR FUND.

An attempt is being made by the above Association to counteract the evil effects of a far too sedentary school life among the growing girls of this city. Every inspector's report expresses dismay at the poor state of physical culture among girls. It is generally known as the Cinderella among school subjects. The girls spend long hours stooping over desks, and the absence of playground to most schools deprives them of that opportunity for running about which all young things so badly need.

The Athletic Association has been in existence for several years and does something to foster among girls a love of outdoor exercise and a desire for physical fitness. Nearly all the girls' High Schools belong to the Association, and the Indian schools show that they can compete on equal terms with the European schools.

This year there will be a Tournament on the 24th and 25th March, not open to the public, and a special display at which H. E. Lady Willingdon has kindly consented to preside on March 27th at the Empire Theatre. Admission to the display will be by tickets, and the proceeds will go to the Women's Branch of the Presidency War and Relief Fund. (Tickets Rs. 5, 3, 1; children half price, Messrs. Rose and Co.). Proper physical development is at least as important for girls as for boys, since the vitality of the race is in proportion to the vitality of the women. Therefore every little thing that can be done to counteract the evil effects of life in a very crowded city should be done. The Athletic Association cannot do very much in the absence of the proper playing field which the girls' schools most urgently need. It is still more hampered by the absence of a properly trained physical instructress, whose first duty it would be to teach the teachers. But what little it can do, it does, and those who have interested themselves in the welfare of the girls will notice that progress is being made. A display of new forms of exercise will be given on March 27th.


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*THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.*
*Saturday, March 18, 1916.*

## THE TRAGEDY OF THE "DEPRESSED."

The debate in the Imperial Legislative Council on Thursday, on Mr. Dadabhoy's Resolution regarding the amelioration of the "depressed" classes was in many ways most instructive. We have often maintained that real progress will continue to be very difficult in this country until the dead-weight on its normal growth caused by the depressed status of nearly one-sixth of the total population is removed. "If India," as Mr. Dadabhoy said, "is to make sound progress as a whole, the moral and material condition of people on the lowest rung cannot surely be neglected and regarded with benevolent indifference." The magnitude of the problem was not exaggerated by Mr. Dadabhoy when he quoted instances of the treatment to which these wretched people are subjected. That any human being, endowed with brains and a moral sense, should be held to pollute his fellow being with his touch, is almost incredible. The cases which he quoted may be extreme ones, but the deplorable fact that in certain parts of India the depressed classes are even excluded from court houses and other public places, and that the pariah, under the penalty of severe punishment, must call out from a long distance on the public way to warn high-caste Hindus of his presence is sufficient to indicate the extent of the abominable injustice under which these people have to labour. Some parts of the speech of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya on the question were somewhat surprising. And representing as Pandit Madan Mohan does the views of a large section of what may be termed orthodox Hindus, these passages reveal very clearly the necessity in India,—in common with all countries whose civic life is to evolve in accordance with the democratic principles of justice and equal opportunity for all,—of self-criticism and clarity of views on questions like this which affect the larger interests of the country as a whole.

Mr. Malaviya, while rightly disclaiming the rôle of an apologist for the evils under which the depressed classes are suffering, fell into the common error of supposing that there is a similarity between the position of submerged classes in Western countries and the "depressed" classes of India. The causes that press down the former are chiefly, though not entirely, economic, but Mr. Dadabhoy's resolution dealt with classes, whose degradation is initial, durable and final,—helplessly and hopelessly. While the former can hope to rise in the social scale, the latter can never hope to have any opportunity of doing so. A striking proof of this was given by Mr. Malaviya himself, when he said that the reason why in India one community took more advantage of education than another was that there were different factors at work,—meaning probably those of social prejudice. Pandit Madan Mohan also called attention to "the better side of these things." It is difficult to realise wherein the brighter side lies when one remembers that the "depressed" classes are subjected, as Mr. Rama Rayangar said, "to a treatment which is, to say the least, disgraceful, and for no fault but of their birth." Nor is Mr. Malaviya's defence of Local Governments explicable, when he says that they have been alive to the needs of the country in this direction. How far the responsibility of the Government in this matter has been realised is apparent from the fact that, according to the last quinquennial Review of the Progress of Education in this country, the percentage of literates among these classes was only 2.8. Apart from all this, however, Pandit Madan Mohan took the right view of the question when he said that "what is needed and what should be insisted upon is that there should be no impediment placed in the way of pupils of any class or community acquiring education" and that he would like even to give the depressed classes special facilities. Mr. Surendranath Banerjea reinforced this point by stating that, whatever objection there was to the form or wording of the recommendation conveyed in the Resolution, it should be welcomed, for the depressed classes cannot be discarded but must take their share in the onward march.

It is here that the responsibility of the Government becomes clear. That the people must do their part is also clear; but while the latter have already begun to be awakened to the sense of their responsibility,—as those who have followed the work of bodies like the Depressed Classes Mission, the Servants of India Society, the Arya and the Brahmo Samaj will realise,—the problem, to quote the words of Mr. Rama Rayangar, ought not to be left alone to the slow process of the humanizing influence of time, as manifested in the work of these bodies. That the policy of Government in this direction has been one of drift is shown by the percentage of literates among the depressed classes stated above. Spasmodic efforts have indeed lately been made, and the official spokesmen in the Council attempted to make much of this. But more,—much more,—still remains to be done. Mr. Dadabhoy indicated the principal lines on which these efforts should proceed. First and foremost, of course, comes education, and the least that can be done in this direction is to make it free and compulsory. Economic improvement again can do much. And this can be attained by the encouragement of industries among these classes. The efforts made in the United States of America in tackling a more or less similar problem may serve Government in this country as an excellent example. This is what, as Mr. Dadabhoy said, has been achieved in that country:—

"Sir, in the United States of America, there is a large population which occupies a degraded position. The Government there have a negro problem, or a problem of the elevation of the degraded classes, to which they have applied themselves with characteristic zeal and devotion. The solution is not far distant. To judge of the tremendous rate at which these negroes are progressing, it should be borne in mind that this question of their social, political and moral advancement has arisen only since the abolition of the Slave Trade. Roughly, the period is about half of that spent by India under British rule. And while we can hardly be said to have even undertaken the preliminary spadework for the elevation of our degraded classes, the negroes in the United States of America are advancing at rapid strides. There are large benefactions for the education of the coloured people. The Peabody Fund, the John F. Slater Fund, and the Daniel Hand Fund may be mentioned as instances. The State also fully recognises its responsibility in this matter, and 1,600,000 dollars are spent annually in the Northern States alone for education among the negroes. It appears from the Report of the Education Commissioner that in the Slave States 54.36 per cent. of boys of school-going age were at school in 1907-08 against the general percentage of 69.32 for the whole of the United States, and 70.34 per cent. among the white population, and the ratio of attendance was 62.18 per cent. against 66.13 per cent. among white Americans. There are special normal and industrial schools, secondary schools, universities and colleges, schools of theology, schools of law and schools of medicine, dentistry and pharmacy. Hampton and Tuskegee have special industrial schools for training in handicraft. In 1908-09, 23,160 pupils received industrial training in schools above the elementary grades.

"The brown Filipino has likewise made marvellous progress during the past few years of American rule. Schools have multiplied rapidly, but have failed to overtake the demand. There is now in the Philippines an insatiable desire for useful knowledge. And this has been excited among a population who, in the beginning, viewed American educational methods with suspicion, and opposed their introduction in supersession of the old Spanish organisation."

## Notes of the Day.

**The Surprise of Verdun.**

Some proof of the accuracy with which the French took the measure of the German attack on Verdun is provided by the interesting testimony of a captured German artillery officer. According to him, the Germans were quite confident of repeating their successes at Liége and Namur, and were rudely upset by the discovery of the extent to which the science of defence has progressed with the French. The French have by this time got heavy guns enough to match the monsters of Krupp and the Skoda works, and, the weapons being equal, the better artilleryists were bound to assert their superiority. Apparently the enemy have not yet been sufficiently bruised to desist from running their heads against the Allied wall in the West; and this suggests that the blow expected in 1916 has been determined by the German General Staff to fall on the Western Front and not on the Russians. It was known some time ago that the enemy had brought seventeen divisions over from the Eastern Front, and there is talk of more men and guns being massed in the West. One wonders where the extra million, of which the Budapest military critics speak as being required to restore the battle, will come from. There is much mystery about the numbers of German reserves,—they are admitted to be large,—but we doubt whether the Kaiser can still afford to toss a million or so of men backwards and forwards from East to West.

**How German Losses are Disguised.**

The fact that the Germans are at present endeavouring to minimise their own and exaggerate the French losses in the attacks on Verdun, makes it interesting to recall the extent to which German official communiqués and the German press lied about the German losses sustained during the Franco-British offensives in the autumn. It is now calculated that those losses approached 300,000. The figure may seem extravagant, at first sight, but it is not so. The Allies themselves originally estimated the German losses at about 240,000, perhaps less. But subsequent German lists have gone on adding casualties in units heavily engaged then and afterwards rarely or not at all in action. For example, though the French alone in September in Champagne took over 20,000 prisoners, it was not until the end of November that the German lists of missing relating to units engaged in the September fighting admitted 24,000 names. So also with the killed. Losses cannot be altogether ignored, but the German method is to keep back many of the casualties for weeks, so as to suggest that they were incurred over a long period of time and to hide the fact that certain units have been nearly annihilated in a single battle. When this leads to such an absurdity as the suggestion that in December, when there was little heavy fighting, the Germans lost twice as many men killed as in the great conflicts of the summer and autumn, all sensible people know what inference to draw. Briefly, the Germans have acknowledged that they lost 12,000 more men killed in the Franco-British attacks of September than they stated at the time. Take 4 wounded to 1 killed, and the total of 300,000 is reached.

**The Unqualified Censor.**

One of the interpellations asked at a recent meeting of the Imperial Legislative Council related to the elusive censor. The Hon. Mr. Kamrul Huda asked what action against any newspapers had been taken, and what were the qualifications and instructions of the censors. The Commander-in-Chief, after stating that only the "Hamdard" and the "Zemindar" had been asked "prior to publication, to submit matter of certain kinds for the scrutiny of a Government officer" added, in reply to the second part of the interpellation:—

(1) No definite qualifications are laid down for the members of the Deputy Chief Censor's staff. They are however carefully selected with regard to their suitability.

(2) The instructions issued for their guidance are for obvious reasons confidential, and the Government of India do not propose to lay them on the table.

The answer tells us just what experience of the censorship would suggest. We wonder according to what criterion the "suitability" of the persons selected for such responsible posts is judged, when no definite qualifications are laid down!

**Germany's Food Problem.**

The socialist "Vorwarts" in an interesting article on "The Coming Harvest" gives some instructive facts showing that, in spite of official pretences, the food problem in Germany is growing more acute day by day. It observes in the first place that "the fantastic German speculations about large imports of foodstuffs from the East have now died away", and it insists that Germany is still mainly dependent upon her own diminishing production, so that the sowing and reaping of the harvest of 1916, is of vital importance. "The Vorwarte", proceeds to declare that

the official attribution of the comparatively unsatisfactory results of the 1915 harvest to bad weather is not a full explanation. As a matter of fact the area of land under cultivation decreased, and in many cases full use was not made of the cultivated land. The farms suffered from the large number of the agricultural labourers taken for the Army, and from the substitution in many cases of inexperienced for experienced stewards. Everywhere there was a deficiency of draught cattle, and the supply of seed and artificial manure was adversely affected by the strain on the railways. The distribution of labour was imperfect, so that some estates went short, while others had more men than enough. Many manufacturing firms made machine guns because they were more profitable, when they ought to have been making steam ploughs and other agricultural machinery.

**India's First Finance Minister.**

The first Finance Minister of the Government of India and the best was Mr. James Wilson, who died suddenly in India. He was originally a hatter but he became founder and editor of the "Economist" and Financial Secretary to the Treasury and the founder of a school of financiers of whom Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, just dead, was one. The "Economist" quotes a letter of Sir Charles written to Mr. James Wilson's daughter Mrs. Russell Barrington in which he tells her he was private secretary to her father until 1858:—

"I look back on my connection with Mr. Wilson with great pleasure and gratitude to him as one of the chief opportunities of my life. It is not too much for me to say that I have always venerated his memory, his kindness to me, his conversation, and the patient trouble he took to instruct me—for I was quite young in the Treasury and a stranger to him until Lord Palmerston asked him to take me as his secretary. I have in the course of a long experience known many men of high business reputation and achievements, but never have I known his equal. No other man who ever lived could have accomplished what he did in the too short period of his ministry in India. And what a tragedy it was that so brilliant and useful a life should have been so abruptly terminated."

**Thacker's Bombay Directory.**

"Thacker's Bombay Directory" for the year 1916,—the fourth number so far issued,—continues to reflect credit on the enterprise of this firm of publishers, whose Indian directory has long since made a place for itself as an indispensable book of reference. The reception which the Bombay directory has received, not only from Bombay, but from all parts of the Presidency, clearly shows that it has been found to fill a want which has long been felt for such a work, available at a popular price. The information contained in it covers the whole city, and as it is replete with exhaustive and reliable information daily required in respect of official, legal, commercial and other miscellaneous matters, it can be safely predicted that it will meet with the continued support of both residents of and visitors to this city. The utility of the directory is enhanced by the fact that it also contains a supplementary directory of the chief industries of the city. As the book contains a mass of information, not readily available in any other form, every effort has been made carefully to revise it, though some information, in spite of this, is bound to remain unrevised. For instance, the annual subscription to this paper still appears at Rs. 20 city and Rs. 30 mofussil, instead of as it should be Rs. 15 and Rs. 20 respectively.

**Kanarese Schools in Sholapur.**

It is a pity that the Bombay Legislative Council could not see its way to adopt the resolution moved by the Hon. Rao Saheb V. S. Naik recommending the opening of Kanarese primary schools in the villages of Sholapur district, as soon as the present financial stringency has passed away. The Rao Saheb brought to the notice of the Council the fact that in all the 70 larger villages in the district, there is only one Kanarese primary school, in spite of the fact that the mother-tongue of the vast majority of the children is Kanarese. It is true that Marathi is the official language of the district, but that is no reason why facilities should not also be provided to the children of the soil to acquire a good knowledge of the language and literature of their mother-tongue. The extent and richness of Kanarese literature are equal to those of Marathi, while the antiquity of the former is older at least by a thousand years. It is a language which is spoken throughout the Southern Division of this Presidency, Mysore, the Nizam's Dominions, and several districts in the Madras Presidency. The Hon. Mr. Chaubal's excuse that so far no demand for Kanarese schools has been made by the villagers themselves and that there is no guarantee that if Kanarese schools were started they would attract children, is not a sufficient excuse. It is Government's duty to see that facilities are provided, where they do not exist, for people to get acquainted with the literature of their mother-tongue, especially when that literature is a very valuable asset.

---

The total value of the seaborne trade of Burma for the last month is 536 lakhs of rupees for 363 lakhs in excess of that in the corresponding month of 1915.

# THE WAR.

## SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

## LAST PHASE AT VERDUN.

## FAVOURABLE POSITION OF FRENCH.

## BRITISH SUCCESS IN EGYPT

## LARGE DUTCH LINER SUNK.

Opinion is growing that the battle of Verdun has reached the final phase. Everything is in favour of the French. Although their artillery attacks are more violent than ever, the Germans have not attempted any infantry attack. Experts anticipate another desperate onslaught on the Douaumont-Vaux front. General Petain is reported to have said that a load was now off his mind and he was certain of success.

The Portuguese Minister, who has returned from Berlin, says the bellicose spirit in Germany has been succeeded by weariness and regret. Now only the necessity for peace is discussed.

Admiral von Tirpitz has resigned and Admiral Capelle appointed as his successor.

It is officially announced from Egypt that Major-General Peyton occupied Sollum on March 14th, the enemy offering only a slight resistance.

British troops in East Africa have occupied Moshi and are pushing on to Arusha, which it is believed the Germans have evacuated. The enemy appears to be retiring rapidly southward.

Severe fighting on the Italian front in consequence of Italian attacks is recorded in Rome and Vienna communiqués. The Austrians admit that the Italians penetrated their trenches on the Isonzo, after hard fighting. They also mention an air attack on Trieste.

The Dutch Liner Turbantia, 14,000 tons, has been sunk. All on board are reported to be safe.

The German Minister at Bukarest has returned to Berlin.

In a recruiting debate in the House of Lords, Lord Kitchener affirmed that even if all batchelors who were anticipated enlisted, the men must be trained. Many married men would still be required during the next few weeks.

# RESIGNATION OF ADMIRAL VON TIRPITZ.

## WAR-WEARINESS IN BERLIN.

## VERDUN BATTLE.

### FINAL PHASE REACHED.

### EVERYTHING IN FAVOUR OF FRENCH.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
PARIS, Mar. 16.

Opinion is growing that the battle of Verdun has reached the final phase.

Everything is in favour of the French.

Although their artillery attacks are more violent than ever, the Germans have hardly gained a foot of ground and most of this has since been retaken.

It is now certain that the German infantry is not equal to that engaged at the beginning of the battle.

Experts anticipate another desperate onslaught on the Douaumont-Vaux front.

### GERMANS MAKE NO PROGRESS.

### ENEMY RECKLESSLY EXPENDING HIMSELF.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 16.

Briefly the day was satisfactory. The Germans made no progress and it is confidently expected that the balance of strength will be destroyed to the detriment of the enemy, who is recklessly expending himself.

### BOMBARDMENT SLACKENS.

### ENEMY TRENCHES EFFECTIVELY SHELLED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, March 16.

The communiqué says west of the Meuse the bombardment appreciably slackened in the course of the day on the Bethincourt-Cumieres front where no infantry action was reported.

There was somewhat great activity on the right of the Meuse in the region of Vaux and Damloup.

Some grenade skirmishes were fought by our advanced parties on the slopes east of Fort Vaux.

The villages at the foot of the heights of the Meuse, in Woevre, were bombarded. Our artillery was active on the whole front, particularly east of Bois Avrille, where it dispersed a convoy, and north of Fresnes, where it caused a strong explosion in a German battery.

The enemy trenches at Hetsas and Langemarck, in Belgium, were effectively shelled. We bombarded the approaches to Ville-au-Bois, north of the Aisne, and attacked and occupied a German trench south of Saint Souplet, in Champagne, taking prisoners.

### NO ENEMY INFANTRY ATTACK

### VIOLENT BOMBARDMENT BY FRENCH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, Mar. 16.

A communiqué says: Our batteries wrecked the enemy's communication trenches at Nieuport and killed a number of men.

There was no infantry action north of Verdun. Bombardment was feeble west of the Meuse, but more intense at Haudremond and Damloup, while the French violently bombarded the enemy west of Douaumont, where they were constructing earthworks.

We achieved a *coup de main* eastward of Apremont and inflicted losses and took prisoners.

A German attack at Bernhaupt, in the Vosges, was defeated by our curtain of fire.

### GERMAN REGIMENTS AT VERDUN.

### 1916 CLASS LARGELY DRAWN UPON

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, March 15.

A French official statement says a third of some German regiments at Verdun are of the 1916 class. The French 1916 class has not yet been in action.

### SPLENDID FRENCH MOTOR SERVICE.

### MORE FLEXIBLE THAN RAILWAYS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, Mar. 16.

Deputies who have visited Verdun state that the French motor service is working splendidly and is much more flexible than railways, of which the Germans have fourteen. General Petain said a load was now off his mind and he was certain of success.

## MINE OR TORPEDO?

### LARGE DUTCH LINER SUNK

### PASSENGERS ALL SAFE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
AMSTERDAM, March 16.

The Dutch liner Tubantia, fourteen thousand tons, Amsterdam for Buenos Ayres, has sent a wireless message that she is sinking.

Destroyers have steamed out from Flushing, and a steam lifeboat from the Hook of Holland, for rescue work.

A later message says the Tubantia is now near the Noordhinder Lightship.

The latest telegram from her says she was torpedoed.

### PASSENGERS IN BOATS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
HAGUE, Mar. 16.

The Tubantia was still afloat at 8-30 this morning. The passengers are in boats. It is now uncertain whether she struck a mine or was torpedoed.

LATER.

The Tubantia has sunk. All on board are safe.

### 377 PERSONS ON BOARD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Mar. 16.

The liner Turbantia was one of the newest and fastest liners in the South American service.

She carried 83 passengers and 294 crew. The captain believes that she was torpedoed.

### THREE AMERICANS ON BOARD.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Mar. 16.

There were three Americans on board the Tubantia.

### FRENCH LINER ATTACKED.

### LUCKY ESCAPE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
NEW YORK, Mar. 16.

The French liner Patria, carrying 900 passengers including 20 Americans, has arrived here.

The captain reports that the liner was attacked without warning by a submarine off Tunis, the torpedo passing 20 feet astern.

### DANISH STEAMER MEETS THE MOEWE

### QUITE A SMALL VESSEL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, Mar 17.

The "Pioneer's" correspondent cables:—London 15th March:—A Danish steamer reports having been stopped by the Moewe which did not appear to exceed 700 tons. Her guns were invisible and she had a big list. She was proceeding slowly and appeared to be making for a Baltic port. It is unknown whether she is damaged.

### ADMIRAL VON TIRPITZ RESIGNS.

### SUCCESSOR APPOINTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Mar. 16.

A telegram from Copenhagen says Admiral von Tirpitz has resigned and that Admiral Capelle has been appointed his successor.

BERLIN, Mar. 16.

A semi-official statement says that Admiral von Tirpitz withdraws with all honours.

The choice of his successor who has co-operated with Admiral von Tirpitz, guarantees continuity of policy particularly in regard to submarine warfare.

### WAR-WEARINESS IN BERLIN

### PORTUGUESE MINISTER'S TESTIMONY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, March 16.

The Portuguese Minister, who has been recalled from Berlin, says the former bellicose spirit in Germany has been succeeded by weariness and regret. Now only the necessity for peace is discussed.

## ITALIAN FRONT.

### SEVERE FIGHTING RECORDED.

### AIR ATTACK ON TRIESTE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Mar. 16.

Severe fighting on the Italian front in consequence of Italian attacks is recorded in Rome and Vienna communiqués. The latter admits that the Italians penetrated the Austrian trenches on the Isonzo after hard fighting.

The Austrian communiqué also mentions an air attack on Trieste.

The Italian communiqué says artillery and infantry fighting resulted in progress in the Plezzo basin.

### THE BRITISH FRONT.

### DETERMINED ATTACK DRIVEN OFF.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 16.

The British communiqué says that last night we made a small raid south of Verlorenhoek with satisfactory results.

To-day there was mutual artillery activity about Hulluch, Ploegsteert and Ypres. There were many aerial combats.

A determined attack on one of our reconnoissances was driven off. A hostile observation balloon was attacked with bombs and forced to descend.

### HOHENZOLLERN REDOUBT.

### IMPORTANCE OF RESULTS ATTAINED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 16.

Reuter's correspondent with British Headquarters says that brief official references to the fighting at the Hohenzollern Redoubt do not do justice to the importance of the results attained.

It was decided to destroy the German defences by mining and the position at dusk on March 2nd belched a series of volcanic eruptions. Infantry immediately charged and occupied the immense craters practically without resistance.

Then a counter-attack began and fierce fighting with guns, rifles and bombs took place throughout the night. It is estimated that the British threw twelve-thousand grenades in twenty-four hours, following the launching of the attack.

The Germans continued to counter-attack for several days, but gusts of bombardment and infantry rushes failed to recover the ground.

### RECRUITING DEBATE IN LORDS.

### LORD KITCHENER'S APPEAL TO MARRIED MEN

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Mar. 15.

In the House of Lords Lord Kitchener affirmed that even if all bachelors who were anticipated enlisted, the men must be trained. Many married men would still be required during the next few weeks.

He, therefore, appealed to married men to place their patriotism before personal considerations. We should not rest until all possible bachelors had been secured.

### HYDE BYE-ELECTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 15.

Mr. W. Davies will contest the Hyde division bye-election on behalf of attested married men against the Coalitionist candidate, Mr. Jacobsen.

### FRENCH WAR MINISTER

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, March 16.

General Roques has been appointed Minister of War in succession to General Gallieni, resigned owing to ill health.

PARIS, Mar. 16.

It is officially stated that Admiral Lacaze has temporarily taken over General Gallieni's duties.

### MAJOR-GENERAL LONG'S RESIGNATION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Mar. 14.

Major-General Long resigned owing to difference of opinion on a question of administration.

## EGYPTIAN CAMPAIGN.

### OCCUPATION OF SOLLUM.

### ENEMY'S SLIGHT RESISTANCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 15.

An official statement says Major-General Peyton occupied Sollum yesterday. The enemy blew up their ammunition stores on Monday and offered yesterday only slight resistance. They were pursued by armed motor cars and cavalry and camel corps. Twenty-six prisoners were taken including three officers. Nine machine-guns were captured. About fifty of the enemy including three officers were killed. Their camp is in our hands. A quantity of gun ammunition, over a quarter million rounds of rifle ammunition and a hundred rifles have been destroyed.

CAIRO, Mar. 16.

Three guns were captured in the pursuit of the enemy from Sollum.

### RUSSIA ON TURCO-PERSIAN FRONTIER.

### TRYING TO TAKE BAGHDAD IN THE REAR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LAHORE, March 17.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" London correspondent cables:—

London, March 14.—The "Morning Post's" Petrograd correspondent says the Russians may reach Khanikin on the Turco-Persian frontier at the end of the week. The Russians and General Townshend will then be equidistant from Baghdad. The Russians are not trying to reach the English but to take Baghdad in the rear.

### GERMANY AND RUMANIA.

### MINISTER LEAVES BUKHAREST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
BUKHAREST, Mar. 15.

The German Minister is returning to Berlin.

### GENL. SMUTS' OPERATIONS.

### ENEMY RETIRING SOUTHWARD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Mar. 16.

A report from General Smuts says that our troops occupied Moshi on the 13th inst., and are pushing on to Arusha, which, it is believed, the Germans have evacuated. The enemy appears to be retiring rapidly southward. The movement is greatly assisted by the Tanga railway. Numerous rivers have somewhat hindered our pursuit.

Further evidence of the severe defeat inflicted on the enemy at Kitovo is still being received. A search among the bush-covered hills has revealed a great number of dead. Three machine-guns and another gun abandoned in the retreat have been found.

### ADMIRALTY RIGID AIRSHIP.

### COMPLETION ANNOUNCED IN COMMONS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 15.

Speaking in the House of Commons Mr. Macnamara announced the completion of an Admiralty rigid airship.

### AIR SERVICE COMMITTEE.

### LORD MONTAGU ACCEPTS A SEAT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 15.

Lord Montagu has accepted a seat on the Interdepartmental Air Service Committee.

### SILVER MARKET.

### REMARKABLY STEADY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Mar. 16.

Messrs. Montagu's silver report says that the tone of the silver market continues remarkably steady.

The demand for the Home mint has been the chief factor. The Continent has been a more or less consistent buyer and there have been few orders from India. The closeness of the China exchange to parity, the absence of free selling from the United States, mintage by Japan on account of Russia and the extension of the area in which the rupee has to do duty as well as the readjustment of the currency in India create confidence in the future market.

## PROBLEM OF IMPERIAL UNITY.

### RIPE FOR SOLUTION.

### MR. HUGHES' DEMAND FOR A POLICY.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Mar. 16.

Mr. Hughes, the Commonwealth Premier, was a guest at the dinner of the Chambers of Commerce of the Empire.

In a speech he said that victory would crown our arms only when we bent every energy to the supreme purpose of eradicating German influence from British trade and national life. The question of Britain's future trade and general policy was vital to the Dominions, and some indication of that policy ought to be disclosed without delay. It was impossible to postpone consideration of the question till after the war. Nothing less than an economic revolution would meet the position. The British Empire must be organised for trade, industry, economic justice, national defence, preservation of the world's peace and protection of the weak against the strong. It was to organisation that Germany owed her tremendous strength.

Mr. Herbert Samuel said the problem of Imperial unity was ripe for solution. There was an intense feeling in the nation that after the war we should be unable to enter into friendly and equal trade relationships with our present enemies. Personally he believed that the Motherland was ready to admit the Dominions to share the government and policy of the Empire as soon as they desired admission.

### MANUFACTURE OF MUNITIONS IN CANADA.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
OTTAWA, Mar. 16.

The Finance Minister has announced that the Canadian banks have offered a credit of fifteen millions sterling in connection with orders of munitions to be made in Canada in the next two months.

This is a matter for great pride coming after the Dominion Government credit of ten millions.

### MANCHESTER AND FREE TRADE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Mar. 16.

Eighteen out of twenty-two of the new directors of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce are pledged to the policy of no free trade with Germany after the war.

### ENEMY GOODS FOR INDIA.

### LORD SYDENHAM'S COMPLAINT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Mar. 16.

In the House of Lords, Lord Sydenham, affirmed that much enemy goods were still entering India.

Lord Islington announced that a Bill would shortly be introduced into the Legislative Council to validate the seizure of suspected goods. The real responsibility lay with the consuls of neutral countries. The Indian Customs were scrutinising the consignments very closely and the recent publication of the black list of firms with which trade was prohibited would strengthen the powers of excluding enemy goods. Any cases which Lord Sydenham could produce would be given close and early attention. The Government desired to carry out in spirit and letter the policy of checking as far as possible the entry of enemy goods into India.

### "BLACK LISTED" FIRMS IN PERSIA.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Mar. 16.

The "Gazette" announces that a number of firms in Persia, including the notorious Wassmuss have been blacklisted under the Trading with Enemy Act.

### THE VICEROY-DESIGNATE

### DECORATED BY THE KING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, March 16.

Lord Chelmsford was received in audience by the King to-day and kissed hands on his appointment. He received the insignia of Knight Grand Commander of the Star of India and of the Indian Empire.

### CAMPBELL MEMORIAL MEDAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Mar. 16.

Presenting Professor Macdonell with the Campbell Memorial Medal on behalf of the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society. Lord Sandhurst paid a tribute to Campbell's great work in Bombay on the outbreak of plague.

Professor Macdonell replying advocated the establishment of a school of research for Europeans at some centre of Sanskrit learning, preferably Benares, like the school of classical archaeology at [illegible] and the French school in Cochi[illegible]

# FAREWELL TO THE SUNBEAM.

## LORD BRASSEY'S TOUCHING SPEECH.

### OFFICIAL PRESENTATION.

Captain Lumsden, R.N., Director of the Royal Indian Marine, and Mrs. Lumsden were "At Home" at their residence adjoining the Government Dockyard, yesterday evening in connection with the official presentation of Earl Brassey's famous yacht the Sunbeam to the Government of India. Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon and Staff and all Government officials with their wives, attended this really interesting function which created pathos with pleasure. Earl Brassey, who was unable to stand to make a speech on the occasion, was visibly affected, although, at intervals, he introduced some very amusing passages in his speech. He said:—

Your Excellencies, Captain Lumsden, ladies and gentlemen,—

And first let me say to your Excellencies how glad I am that this closing act of a long career at sea should take place under your auspices. My wife who fully shares my own affection for the Sunbeam deeply regrets she could not personally be present, I value the more your support to-day. I have made my last voyage on my old ship personally to hand her over. The reason why is best given by reading to you a telegram received from his Excellency Lord Hardinge.

"On behalf of the Government I gladly accept your most generous and patriotic offer of the Sunbeam, as a free gift, for service as a Hospital Ship. I express to you my warmest gratitude for this splendid gift. It will be a pleasant thought for you that this beautiful yacht, with which you and your name have been so long and worthily associated, is destined for the future to bring comfort and help to the sick and wounded. I wish I could have seen you to thank you personally, but I hope to do so later in England." I should have been made of stone, if I had not been deeply touched by Lord Hardinge's kind words.

There is another gentleman to whom my grateful thanks are due. I refer to Captain Lumsden the representative of the Government of India and I may fittingly add, of the Royal Indian Marine, a noble service with a long record. If Captain Lumsden had raised objections this offer of the Sunbeam could hardly have been accepted. He was favourable. He had been long pressing his Government to purchase a yacht of the Sunbeam type. Doubtless a younger specimen would have been more acceptable. The Sunbeam may yet have many years of life. She is constructed of the most durable materials.

#### THE SUNBEAM'S RECORD.

It is impossible to narrate the history of more than forty years in a few moments. The Sunbeam has sailed in every sea. She has logged 500,900 miles. The earlier voyages have been narrated by a keen observer and a true lover of Nature. I must not trust myself now to dwell, on a sacred and beloved memory. The narrative of the voyage round the World was received with universal appreciation—Millions of copies were sold. It was translated into every language of Europe. Most truly I can say it has ever been the aim of all my family to make our experiences afloat of some value to mankind. From our deck first-aid to the wounded was earnestly advocated in melting accents, which those who heard can never forget, and when, as yet that holy cause had few friends. From our deck the cause of Imperial unity has been warmly commended. We have endeavoured to carry messages of goodwill from the homeland to the great dependencies beyond the sea. Myriads of our fellow citizens beyond the sea have been welcomed on board.

The Sunbeam has lain three months at Calcutta as a sort of flagship of the Opium Commission, of which I was Chairman. Our Indian Colleagues, bringing many friends, were our most constant visitors. On a later occasion, at Montreal we were flag-ship to a Congress over which I had the honour to preside of 500 delegates representatives of every Chamber of Commerce in the Empire. It was a notable gathering. Lord Minto, Sir Wilfred Laurier and all his ministers, Lord Strathcona, the leading men in Finance and Trade in Canada attended. They all came on board. The nurses and the doctors of every hospital in Montreal were welcome and delighted visitors.

Personally I owe a deep debt to the Sunbeam for the opportunity of gaining some knowledge of the sea and ships. It has created a life-long interest in the Navy. It has made me a warm friend of sailors. I have ever been well served by British seaman. In my recent voyage I have, for the first time, been obliged to complete the crew with seamen of other nationalities, Greeks predominating. Ably led by Captain Carter, Master of His Majesty's Yacht, the Britannia, our mixed crew have well done their duty. Do not believe that there are no good seamen remaining in the present age. They always turn up, where they know they will be well treated.

There are other recollections. Here in Bombay it is a pleasure to remember that the last visit of the Sunbeam awakened general interest. All the Indian friends whom we had the honour to meet at Government House, the Rulers of important States, those without claim to hereditary distinction, to use a fine old English phrase "all sorts and conditions of men," desired to see the Sunbeam, and were graciously received by my dear daughter Mabelle. There must be many here by whom she is remembered. Every [illegible] his Excellency's Body Guard was keen to see the Sunbeam. Many had never been afloat before. Their united weight almost submerged our fleet of boats. These splendid swordsmen, of whom not more than four could be in any cabin at one time, never collided, so sinuous, so serpentine, so skilfully and gracefully directed was every moment.

#### A THING OF BEAUTY.

What shall I say more of the Sunbeam? Of early Victorian date, the old ship still deserves the Viceroy's praise. She is a thing of beauty, and things of beauty are said to live for ever. Long after she has ceased to exist, portraits will record how graceful was her hull, how seaworthy her appearance. No portrait that has ever been or can be taken can exceed that treasured parting gift, from the members of the Royal Bombay Yacht Club two years ago. Their great kindness in escorting me to the Light Ship, with every vessel in their fleet, can never be forgotten.

The Sunbeam is a sturdy craft. She has contended with many heavy gales. Once only have I seen her in difficulties. It was off Flamborough Head, in a notable hurricane in the eighties of last century. It was a gale so furious that every Monarch of the forest in the central pathway of the storm, in the noblest and oldest parks of Yorkshire was uprooted. Though sail had been reduced to two jib headed trysails, we were thrown on our beam ends, the gig and the light boats were blown to pieces. We instantly righted when sail was taken off

I will not commend the Sunbeam as a flyer. Her steam power is too small to give her a real turn of speed. Her spread of sail is too limited to compete with a racing yacht. Yet she has, under favourable circumstances, done record deeds. In a race across the Atlantic not many years ago, she sailed 1,900 miles under canvas in one week, covering the full distance from the longitude of St. John's Newfoundland to the longitude of the West Coast of Ireland, making 300 miles a day for three consecutive days, and 250 miles a day in the ensuing four days of the week. As to coal we are not voracious. On a later occasion we did a run of 1,800 miles from Aden to Bombay in ten days. As we passed your light-ship, I asked the Chief Engineer how much coal he had consumed. He replied 36 1/2 tons. On the last voyage we sailed 1,700 miles in seven and a half days with the same consumption of coal. It is I submit a unique example of the effective combination of sail and steam.

I must not detain you longer. I must now say farewell to the Sunbeam.

"Farewell, a word that must be and has been,
"A word that makes us linger, yet once more farewell."

There may be sorrow, where, as I can truly say, there is no feeling of regret. For many reasons, on which I need not dwell, I know that I am doing right.

Once again I thank Captain Lumsden and his wife, I am very grateful for the admirable arrangements they have made to-day. It is a real consolation at parting to know that under Captain Lumsden's skilful administration the Sunbeam may do good service in many ways for long years to come.

#### CAPTAIN LUMSDEN'S REPLY.

Captain Lumsden, in reply said:—

Your Excellencies, Ladies and Gentlemen,—I have invited you here to-day with the double object of having the pleasure of seeing you all in this compound, which is a very great pleasure, and also to do honour to the occasion of the presentation of the famous old Sunbeam to the Indian Government by her owner for so many years, Lord Brassey. I need not tell you how I appreciate the honour of being the recipient of this most generous gift on behalf of the Government of India. But I must tell you and Lord Brassey how very much that Government do appreciate the gift, because I have been commissioned to do so.

The Sunbeam has since the outbreak of the war been placed by Lord Brassey at the service of the military medical authorities, and a large number of convalescent officers and men have made short cruises in her, both from English and Egyptian ports; to the great benefit of their health, and it will be a great satisfaction to Lord Brassey to think that her first employment under the Indian Government will be of a similar nature.

It is not only the gift which is a most valuable and useful one, but the generous spirit that conceived the idea of parting with what must be one of the most treasured possessions that Lord Brassey has collected in his long and adventurous career. This I am sure, will appeal to all of us and Lord Brassey may be sure that every care will be taken by myself and the officers of the Indian Marine, and also, which is perhaps more important, those officers of the Dockyard on whom the responsibility will lay of seeing that the vessel's weaknesses and defects that from time to time will develop, more especially as she advances in years, get that careful attention which they have earned the reputation of being unequalled in bestowing on all maritime cripples that come under their care.

Lord Brassey, as I think you all know, has from his very early days taken a vital interest in everything to do with the sea, more especially the Royal Navy, and his Naval Annual was for many years the only book which gave to the public any detailed information of the size and power of his Majesty's Fleet. It has always been a matter of wonder to me why he did not embark on a naval career as a boy, though no doubt there were good reasons at that time why the Navy was deprived of his services. Perhaps he thought that his voyages might have been unduly curtailed and his passion for rowing too frequently nipped in the bud.

The loss is the Navy's.

Lord Brassey has told us some of the exploits of the Sunbeam; he has taken little credit to himself, but after a good deal of experience undersail, I know, and a good many others here to-day know, that a ship will not make record passages or behave with credit in her struggles with adverse winds and heavy seas, unless the man in charge, the man responsible for her trim and equipment, knows his business thoroughly well, make a minute study of the peculiarities of his ship, and has that instinct which is, I think, born with him and tells him when and why he is getting the best of her, and also tells him, in fact it will wake him up and tell him when something has occurred that prevents the ship doing her best.

What I mean to say, and what Lord Brassey with characteristic modesty has omitted to say, is that besides his many other accomplishments he is a thoroughly good practical seaman and as such the Navy would have been very proud to have had him on the active list since his boyhood.

This particular spot on which the transfer of the Sunbeam is taking place is in many ways a most appropriate one, within a few yards of where we stand was built in 1750 the first dry dock ever made east of Suez, and its fame and utility soon became so widely known that sailing ships of all nationalities made for Bombay to derive the benefits of its facilities.

Some of the last and also the best wooden line of battleships were built in this Dockyard, to say nothing of 170 other vessels of almost every type then in use were built here for the Royal and Indian Navy up to the year 1863 and so the locality seems most suitable, I might almost say comfortable, for a ship of the Sunbam type to eke out her last days of service.

Lord Brassey, let me thank you in the name of his Excellency the Viceroy and the Government of India and the Royal Indian Marine for your most generous gift, and please accept my assurance that every care shall be taken of the Sunbeam as long as she holds together.

Captain Lumsden intimated that if any of the naval officers present or anybody else wished to visit the Sunbeam that evening, they were at liberty to do so.

The Band of the B. B. and C. I. Ry. played a delightful programme of music at the "At Home."

## MEXICAN EXPEDITION.

### AMERICAN FORCES CROSS THE BORDER

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

NEW YORK, Mar. 16.

General Funston announces that General Pershing's entire force has crossed the border and joined the Carranza forces.

LATER.

American troops have entered Mexico near New Columbus.

## LORD CURZON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, March 15.

Lord Curzon is making satisfactory progress.

## NON-COMBATANT CORPS.

LAHORE, Mar. 17.

The "Civil and Military Gazette's" London correspondent cables:—

London, March 15.—Mr. Tennant in the House of Commons said that non-combatant corps would not be denied opportunities of winning hero's crowns in tasks requiring physical courage.

## SIR ALI IMAM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Mar. 16.

Sir Ali Imam sails to-morrow for Bombay.

## DEATH OF SIR CHARLES WATSON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Mar. 16.

The death is announced of Sir Charles Moore Watson.

Colonel Sir Charles Moore Watson was in the India Office from 1880 to 1882. He took part in the Egyptian War and was awarded the Medjidie medal. He was 62 years old at the time of death.

## DEATH OF LORD THURLOW.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Mar. 16.

The death is announced of Lord Thurlow.

Lord Thurlow was Private Secretary to Lord Elgin when the latter was Viceroy of India. His Lordship was in the diplomatic service for several years. He was 78 years old at the time of his death.

## KING OF SIAM ILL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

BANGKOK, Mar. 16.

The King is suffering from neurasthenia.

## MILITARY PROMOTION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LONDON, Mar. 16.

The "Gazette" announces that Major Macmullen of the Ludhiana Sikhs has been appointed temporary Brigadier.

## VOLUNTARY ENLISTMENT IN FRENCH CHANDERNAGORE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, March 17.

Twenty-six young Bengalis of Chandernagore who had applied for voluntary enlistment in the French Army will undergo medical examination on Sunday by the Sanitary Officer who will grant certificates of fitness for military service. They will form the first batch that will shortly leave for Pondicherry where they will be incorporated in the Army.

## WAR AND PORTUGAL.

### KINGMANUEL'S REQUEST TO ROYALISTS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, March 15.

Reuter's agency is informed that in view of the war King Manuel has asked all Royalists to support whole-heartedly whatever Government may be established in Portugal.

### PORTUGUESE NATIONAL CABINET FORMED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LISBON, Mar. 16.

A national cabinet has been formed with Senhor Aimeida as Premier. A Ministry of Labour and Food Supply will be created.

### ATTESTATION OF LOYALTY BY BOMBAY PORTUGUESE.

We have received the following notification issued under the signatures of Messrs. L. J. Pinto; S. H. Manga; M. A. Heredia Jehangir Hormusji Modi; Jacob de Hosane Feitas; Apolinario J. de Souza; P. Victor; A. M. Pinto; M. X. de Souza; Salvador Carvalho and Francisco Mourao for publication:—

Portugal is at last at war with Germany. Ties of comradeship between Portugal and England formed many centuries ago and which have stood the test of time and adverse fortune are once again to be gloriously renewed amid the unprecedented devastation of modern warfare. To Portuguese living under the flag of Portugal's oldest and mighty ally, the present is an opportune time to manifest their deep and unfaltering attachment to Portugal and their readiness to make any sacrifices that the occasion may demand. The undersigned, therefore, take the liberty to invite all Portuguese citizens residing in Bombay to meet to-morrow at 11 a.m., in the Hall of the "Goan Union" School, Dabul, to give a public expression of this feeling and thence to proceed to the Portuguese Consulate to present their congratulations to the representative of the Nation for its having entered in this crusade against barbarism and request him to convey to the Home Government their wholehearted support and their fervent hopes and prayers that this association with England may be crowned with great and speedy success as it has always been in the past.

### TELEGRAM FROM THE PRESIDENT

We are informed by Senhor Alfredo Casanova, Consul General for Portugal that the following communication has been received from Lisbon:—

Telegram from Senhor Bernardino Machado, President of the Republic addressed to the Governor-General of Goa thanking most heartily all the people of Portuguese India for their warm manifestation in which they fully sympathise with the Motherland whose sons spread all over the world give at this solemn occasion of national history the highest proof of their patriotism, and requesting him to convey his best and affectionate feelings to the people of Portuguese India.

#### MEMBERS OF THE CABINET.

A new National Ministry has been thus organised: Premier and Minister for Colonies; Dr. Antonio Jose Almeida; Interior, Pereira Reis; Justice, Mesquita Carvalho; Finance, Dr. Affonso Costa; War, Norton Mattos; Marine, Victor Hugo Coutinho; Foreign Affairs, Dr. Augusto Soares; Commerce and Agriculture, Dr. Antonio Maria Silva; Education, Dr. Pedro Martins.

### CASUALTY LIST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Mar. 15.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Second-Lieutenant G. E. Fincham, Flying Corps.
Second-Lieutenant G. Price, Flying Corps.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

Lieutenant R. B. Sheridan, Dublin Fusiliers.

NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieutenant H. A. Birrell-Anthony, Monmouthshires.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Lieutenant N. A. Morice, East Yorks
Second-Lieutenant F. Bentley, Sherwoods.

DIED.

Captain A. R. Chavasse, Medicals.

MISSING.

Second-Lieutenant R. P. Turner, Flying Corps.

NOW WOUNDED AND PRISONER.

Second-Lieutenant E. H. Alexander, Yorks Light Infantry.

NOW PRISONER.

Lieutenant J. Parish, West Yorks.

WOUNDED.

Captain W. R. Dawson, West Kents.
Captain G. B. Lucas, Artillery.
Captain G. Murray, Leinsters.
Captain N. H. Pratt, Sherwoods.
Captain the Honourable L. J. Twisleton-Wykeham Fiennes, Oxford and Bucks Light Infantry.
Lieutenant E. F. Clark, East Kents.
Lieutenant H. D Cumberbatch, East Kents.
Lieutenant R. A. Coleman, Artillery.
Lieutenant W. R. Young, Artillery.
Lieutenant G. H. Tredinnick, Lincolns.
Second-Lieutenant G. W. Bellamy, East Kents.
Second-Lieutenant C. S. Coombs, West Kents.
Second-Lieutenant G. R. Heseltine, Artillery.
Second-Lieutenant G. R. Wallace, Artillery.
Second-Lieutenant G. E. Marden, Essex Regiment.
Second-Lieutenant H. D. Wilson, Flying Corps.

## Official and Personal.

There was a dinner party at Government House last night. Among those present were:—

Lord Brassey, Lord Glasgow, the Hon. Mr. H. S. Lawrence, the Hon. Mr. J. S. Wardlaw-Milne and Mrs. Wardlaw-Milne, the Hon. Mr. J. A. D. McBain, the Hon. Mr. M. N. Hogg, Major and Mrs. H. A. L. Hepper and Mr. J. L. Maffey.

His Highness the Khan of Kalat has offered to his Excellency the Viceroy a generous donation of Rs. 10,000 for the Lady Hardinge Medical College and Hospital for Women. His Excellency has gratefully accepted this contribution.

Sir James Meston leaves Lucknow for Cawnpore to-day where he lays the foundation-stone of the McRobert European Hospital and formally opens the King Edward Memorial Hall and presides at the meeting of the U. P. Special War Fund. After dining with Sir Alexander McRobert his Honour will motor back to Lucknow.

At a reception held at Government House, Nagpur, Sir Benjamin Robertson invested Mr. Dick with the insignia of C.I.E., and gave sanads and badges of titles to Rao Bahadur Sheore, Rao Sahib Laxmanswami, Rao Sahib Abhyankar and Khan Sahib Hafazzul Hussain.

Mr. Douglas Straight, Inspector-General of Police, United Provinces, will hand over charge of his office on the 10th April to Mr. A. B. Fforde, and will then proceed on furlough preparatory to retirement.

The Hon. Mr. Bhurgri has accepted the offer of the presidential chair of the Third Sind Provincial Conference to be held at Larkana on April 21st and 22nd.

The death is announced in Madras on Thursday of Mr. W. F. Grahame, retired I.C.S., and late editor of the "Madras Times."

The death is announced at Secunderabad of Mr. Michael Anderson at the age of 76. The deceased was for several years Private Secretary and Vazier to his Highness the late Mir Ali Murad Khan Talpur of Khanjur in Sind and founder of the "Advocate of India," Bombay.

The Licensees of Bombay (through Mr. Simcox, Collector of Bombay) have promised Lady Willingdon Rs. 62,000 for a Cottage Ward, to be named after them in the Lady Hardinge Medical College, Delhi. H. E. the Viceroy has accepted their generous gift with the greatest of pleasure.

The latest announcement of an inter-provincial marriage is that of Miss Elsha Sinha, daughter of Major Sinha, I.M.S., brother of Sir Satyendra P. Sinha, with Dr. Krishnaswami Iyengar of Bangalore who is now Assistant Bacteriologist to the Government of India at Kasauli.

## GAZETTE OF INDIA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Mar. 17.

#### ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Mr. P. B. Haigh has been appointed Lieutenant and Messrs. J. Davidson and I. C. A. Waddingham, Second-Lieutenants, Infantry Branch, Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

Sub-Assistant Surgeon Jagan Nath Hari Godbole is dismissed from service by the sentence of a summary General Court Martial.

Lieut.-Col. J. Shakespear, C.I.E., retires from service.

#### HOME DEPARTMENT.

The services of Sir James Dubouley, Private Secretary to the Viceroy, have been replaced under the Bombay Government.

Captain H. H. McGann, 69th Punjabis, has been employed in Burma Military Police.

#### COMMERCE AND INDUSTRIES DEPARTMENT.

Mr. S. H. Slater, I.C.S., Under Secretary is granted three months' leave and subsequently reverts to Madras.

#### LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. H. Moncrieff Smith, is confirmed as Deputy Secretary in that Department.

#### FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. B. L. A. Laville is posted as Assistant Accountant-General, Currency Office, Madras. Mr. Rau is posted as Deputy Accountant-General, Madras.

#### FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. S. C. Reat is confirmed as Consul for the United States at Rangoon.

Mr. L. K. Feron becomes a Justice of the Peace.

The Foreigners' Act of 1916 is extended to Baroda Cantonment, administered areas in Central India, Administered areas in Hyderabad State, Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, the Abu area and the British reserve of Manipur.

#### EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

The Revd. P. R. Hosbons is appointed Chaplain, Lahore Establishment.

#### REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. E. C. Ausorge, Behar and Orissa, is placed on special duty with the Imperial Silk Export.

Mr. N. F. Noyce, Under Secretary, Revenue and Agriculture Department, gets three months' leave from the 14th April.

### A CONSIGNMENT OF ENEMY GOODS.

#### MADRAS SUIT DISMISSED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, March 17.

Justice Bakewell yesterday disposed of the suit brought by Sur Thanjee Saklechund against Naziruddin and another for a declaration that he was entitled to a consignment of bangles purchased from an Austrian firm through the first defendant and that the sale of bangles by the first defendant to the second defendant was void and not binding on him. His Lordship held that the contract, by reason of the Proclamation issued by the Government of India that Payment to or on account of enemy was illegal, became unenforceable and the suit could not therefore lie. The suit was dismissed with costs.

## England to Free Men.

Men of my blood, you English men!
From misty hill and misty fen,
From cot, and town, and plough, and moor,
Come in—before I shut the door!—
Into my courtyard paved with stones
That keep the names, that keep the bones,
Of none but English men who came
Free of their lives, to guard my fame.
I am your native land who bred
No driven heart, no driven head;
I fly a flag in every sea
Round the old Earth, of Liberty!
I am the Land that boasts a crown;
The sun comes up, the sun goes down—
And never men may say of me,
Mine is a breed that is not free.
I have a wreath! My forehead wears
A hundred leaves—a hundred years
I never knew the words: "You must!"
And shall my wreath return to dust?
Freemen! The door is yet ajar;
From northern star to southern star,
O ye who count and ye who delve,
Come in—before my clock strikes twelve!

JOHN GALSWORTHY, in
"The Westminster Gazette."

## SALE OF LIQUOR LICENSES AT THANA.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Will you kindly give space to the following few lines in your widely circulated and impartial paper in order to let the Government know how the administration is going on in the Mofussil.

On the 6th instant the licenses of some of the country liquor shops were disposed of by the Collector of Thana, Mr. Bharucha. Many persons who had lost their shops in the reduction of licenses and who had really a right to have one had put in their applications. Of these the Collector selected some thirty applicants and allowed them only to approach him keeping a guard of inspectors and police on the staircase. To the great surprise of us all the Collector, at the eleventh hour, declared that these shops are ordered by the Commissioner of Abkari to be put to public auction. If the Collector had informed the public of the auction sale two days before every one would have been ready to bid as they could calculate the sale of liquor, expenses of carrying the liquor from the depot to the shop, house rent etc. But as he has not done so, not only have we shopkeepers lost our chance of bidding but Government is put to great loss at the present critical time of war. Leaving aside all this will the Collector say why he allowed persons who had no connection whatever with any shop or whose shops were not cancelled at all after keeping a guard on the stair case. A big shop at Kalian was knocked down in the name of one Framji Palkhiwalla who is quite new to the liquor trade and was allowed to bid by the Collector! I request therefore that Government will be pleased to do the needful in the matter and remedy the evil.—Yours etc.

A SUFFERER.

March 12th 1916.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

LOCAL SUBSCRIPTION

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Yearly | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| Half-yearly | 8 | 0 | 0 |
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# HIGH COURT.

## APPELLATE SIDE.

### ABETMENT OF THE DESERTION OF A SOLDIER.

### "JUMPING INTO A BURNING PIT".

*(Before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Heaton.)*

SAYAJI KRISHNAJI v. THE KING-EMPEROR.

This was a criminal application for revision against the decision of Mr. P. J. Meade, District Magistrate of Ahmednagar.

The accused was charged before Mr. V. S. Tambe, Second Class Magistrate of Rahuri with the abetment of the desertion of a soldier and harbouring such soldier who had deserted offences under section 135 and 136 respectively of the I. P. C. and was convicted and sentenced to suffer rigorous imprisonment for three months and pay a fine of Rs. 50 under section 135, and to suffer rigorous imprisonment for two weeks under section 136,—the sentence to run concurrently.

On appeal Mr. Meade upheld the conviction under section 135 only.

STORY OF DESERTION.

The facts are,—The complainant Pilaji Dhondiba Naik from 114th Maratha Regiment was deputed for recruiting new recruits and had made his headquarters at Rahuri from 30th March 1915. Three other soldiers from the same regiment were given to him to help him in the work. One of these soldiers had brought one Ramkrishna Thomaji for admission into the Regiment. He was found fit and so was taken to Nagar to the Recruiting Officer who sent him to the Civil Surgeon for medical examination. Ramkrishna passed the examination and took an oath before the Recruiting Officer and since then became a soldier. As there was only one soldier newly passed the Recruiting Officers Major Hunter and Capt. Barrett ordered Ramkrishna to be taken to Rahuri with the complainant as a soldier from the Regiment; 114th Marathas.

Accused Sayaji came to Rahuri and asked the complainant to relieve Ramkrishna saying that he would give him Rs. 10 or 15, but was given the reply that it could not be done. The accused then had a conversation with Ramkrishna to whom he said that he had entered into a very bad service, that he would die as soon as he went there, that he would not see his parents again and that he was jumping into a burning pit. Ramkrishna replied that he was willing to serve in the Regiment and asked the accused not to utter such words. The accused was asked to go away which he did but next day he came back and asked the complainant to grant him permission to stop at night in their room as he was not acquainted with anyone in Rahuri. Permission was granted and they all slept in one room. At about 2 a.m. the complainant got up and saw that the accused and Ramkrishna had disappeared. The Recruiting Officer was informed of this who ordered this prosecution.

PLEA OF ALIBI.

The defence was an elaborate "alibi" whereby it was sought to prove that the accused was elsewhere on the day in question collecting subscriptions in different villages.

Mr. Tambe was of opinion that the accused had manufactured his whole evidence and was preparing for the same even before the commission of the offence. He had been so bold and fearless to law that he could do all the facts alleged against him. No ordinary man would have dared to do this act at the time of war. But the accused had no fear of law. He being a watandar Patil ought to have assisted the men in the recruiting party.

Mr. Meade, in appeal, agreed with the lower court. A strong "prima facie" case had been made out against the accused. As to the conviction under section 136 he was doubtful as there was no evidence that the accused entertained the deserter in his house after desertion.

Their Lordships after hearing counsel confirmed the conviction and sentenced the accused to rigorous imprisonment for the period which he had already undergone. The remaining sentence was remitted.

Mr. F. S. Talyarkhan with Mr. D. G. Dalvi appeared for the accused.

The Government Pleader represented the Crown.

## ORIGINAL SIDE.

### ADVANCE AGAINST COTTON BALES.

*(Before Mr. Justice Macleod.)*

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA v. HARIDAS RANCHORDAS & OTHERS.

The plaintiffs in this suit claimed Rs. 36,652.4-0 together with interest thereon at 7 per cent. per annum from the 30th April, 1915, being monies advanced to the defendants on the security of cotton bales.

The defendants carried on business in Bombay as cotton merchants under the name and style of Dharamsy Jeitha & Co. By a letter of hypothecation, dated the 1st December 1913, signed by the defendants individually and in the name of the firm the defendants, in consideration of the plaintiffs allowing them an overdraft in their current account with the plaintiffs of a sum not exceeding 10 lacs of rupees, agreed to deposit as security for the overdraft their cotton in the plaintiffs' godowns.

The plaintiffs permitted the defendants to overdraw their current account. Owing to the outbreak of the war and depression of the cotton market the plaintiffs in July 1914 decided to make no further advances against cotton and accordingly on July 31st 1914 intimated their decision to the defendants and requested them to reduce the amount of the overdraft. Again by their letter dated the 1st December 1914, the plaintiffs intimated to the defendants that they would proceed to sell the cotton deposited as aforesaid unless the defendants paid to the plaintiffs a sum sufficient to cover the shortfall in the said cotton or submitted to the plaintiffs the name of a suitable party to guarantee the said shortfall. The defendants failed to cover the shortfall or to name a suitable party as suggested. The plaintiffs from time to time pressed the defendants to sell the balance of cotton deposited which the defendants did and paid the proceeds of the sales into their account with the plaintiffs. On 27th April 1915, the plaintiffs informed the defendants that after the sale of the cotton held as security by the plaintiffs money was due by the defendants to the plaintiffs. This sum with interest as abovementioned the plaintiffs now claimed from the defendants.

The defendants in their written statement said that the letter of hypothecation mentioned in the plaint was an agreement between the plaintiffs and the defendants according to which the plaintiffs allowed an overdraft not exceeding 10 lacs of rupees on security of the cotton stored in the plaintiffs' godown. The agreement provided that the amount of the advance by the plaintiffs was in no case to exceed 74½ per cent. of the net market value of the cotton for the time being deposited by the plaintiffs.

The defendants stated the plaintiffs committed a breach of this agreement with the defendants by their action in dishonouring two cheques drawn by the defendants upon the plaintiffs as mentioned below. The defendants admitted the receipt of the plaintiff's letter of the 31st July, 1914, intimating to them that the plaintiffs had decided not to make any further advances to the defendants, but said that this letter was received by them on the 1st August, 1914 after the cheques were presented and refused.

On the noon of the 31st July, 1914, in pursuance of the agreement the defendants drew a cheque for Rs. 15,000 on the plaintiffs in favour of one Khelsi Bhanji and on the morning of August 1st, 1914, another cheque for Rs. 15,000 was drawn on the plaintiffs in favour of Ravjee Nanchand. Both these cheques were drawn and presented before the receipt by the defendants of the plaintiff's letter of the 31st July, 1914.

The defendants contended that these cheques were wrongly dishonoured as on the 31st July, 1914, they were entitled to an overdraft of Rs. 107,111 from the plaintiffs and on the 1st August 1914 they were entitled to an overdraft of Rs. 48,120 from the plaintiffs. Further they had on the 1st August 1914, paid to their current account with the plaintiffs a sum of Rs. 11,360 and had deposited 188 additional bales of cotton of the approximate value of Rs. 22,000 to the godown of the plaintiff which entitled the defendants under the agreement to a still further overdraft. The two cheques were presented for payment at the plaintiff's premises at about 11 a.m. on August 1st and were dishonoured.

Upon this the second defendant went over to Mr Smith, the Manager of the Bank, and told him that he was not justified in dishonouring the cheques and that such an Act would have the most ruinous effect on the defendants' business and would destroy their credit in the market. But these representations had no effect on Mr. Smith and the cheques remained dishonoured.

The defendants submitted that the dishonouring was entirely unjustifiable and constituted a breach of the agreement by the plaintiffs for which the defendants were entitled to heavy damages.

They described their mode of doing business with their up-country constituents and said that on the fact of the dishonouring of cheques being known in Bombay there was a rush on the defendants of those who had deposited their monies with the defendants with the result that the defendants had to repay large sums aggregating to nearly three lakhs of rupees during August 1914, and the succeeding months. At the same time they were unable to raise monies on hundis and to borrow monies elsewhere and had no option but to sell off their whole stock of cotton at greatly reduced rates and suffer heavy losses. They had to suffer various other losses because of this breach of agreement and counterclaimed Rs. 150,000 as damages for the breach.

They further contended that the plaintiffs had no right to charge compound interest with monthly rests as they had done and prayed that an account of the dealings between the plaintiffs and themselves may be ordered to be taken.

In reply to their written statement the plaintiffs denied the defendants' claim and said that no breach of agreement had been committed in refusing to honour the cheques. They said that they were not bound by the agreement to allow the defendants an overdraft to the full extent of Rs. 10 lakhs. As to the defendants' claim for accounts the plaintiff said that by a letter dated the 11th August, 1910, the defendants acknowledged that the accounts submitted to them by the plaintiffs and made upto the 30th June, 1910, were correct. The defendants' pass book had been made upto the 7th March, 1915, and the defendants had never objected to the accounts or their mode of calculating interest till they filed their counterclaim in the suit.

Mr. Weldon, Mr. Campbell and Mr. Strangman appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. Desai, Mr. Inverarity and the Hon. Mr. Setalvad appeared for the first and second defendants.

Mr. Weldon in opening the case for the plaintiff read the letter or lien as it was styled to the Court and said that the document was signed by the defendants but not by the bank. He said that they were not bound to advance upto 10 lakhs. According to the terms the plaintiffs had the option of saying that they shall not advance any more. The advances were not to exceed 74½ per cent. net market value of defendants' cotton in the plaintiff's godown. At that time there were all sellers and no buyers of cotton. A cotton bale would hardly have fetched Rs. 50 as the Liverpool Market American Market and our market were closed.

Nobody in the world, said the learned counsel, would have honoured the cheques. Under the terms of the document the plaintiffs could have sold the cotton bales immediately but they gave the defendants seven months to sell them and even then there was a deficit of Rs. 36,000 and odd so that instead of keeping up a margin of 25¼ per cent. they had swallowed up the whole amount plus Rs. 36,000.

Clause (1) of the agreement ran as follows. "The said overdraft shall be repayable within twelve months from this date and or at your option on demand being made therefor" and according to this even assuming that the cotton was of full value the plaintiffs could at their option have given them notice to pay the overdraft and refused to make any further advances."

Mr. Scott-Smith, manager of the Bombay branch of the bank at the time when these dealings took place, was examined.

The case is proceeding.

Attorneys for the plaintiffs: Messrs. Crawford Brown & Co.

Attorneys for the defendants: Messrs. Edgelow Gulabchand Wadia & Co.

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## CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR SATURDAY, THE 18TH OF MARCH, 1916.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.

In the Division Court No. 43.

Summary Suit for Disposal (in Chambers).

219-16—Captain and Vaidya Nandramdas Mathuradas a firm v. Sanalal Lallubhai a firm.

Chamber Matters for disposal.

List A (Attorneys).

749-14—Vachha & Co., Mithibai widow and another v. Narsey Virji Mehta.

1051-15—Jehangir S. M & H Sheralli Cassambhai v. Cassambhai Thaverbhai, Payne & Co.

O. S. 61-16—Little & Co., Dewkabai widow v. The Advocate-General of Bombay and others.

List B (Counsel).

648-14—Merwanji K & Co., Vinkatta Kristinah v. The Hyderabad Deccan Spg., and Wg. Co., Ld., and ors., Edgelow G. W. & Co., for Review of taxation.

S. S. 1432-15—Mehta D and Lalji, Messrs. Lakhma Tulla and Co., a firm v. Miya Haji Ebrahim Haji Esmail Vachha & Co.

Re Costs due to Messrs. Amin and Desai—Amin and Desai Messrs. Amin and Desai Petitioners v. Mahomed Yacoob Ismail and anr Khambatta & Co.

1462-15—Dastur & Co. The Narsingirji Mafg Co., Ld., v. Bholabhai Nanabhai and ors Edgelow G W & Co.

1411-15—Captain & Co., Aishabibi widow v. Aishabai widow and ors Tyebji D & Co.

For Consent Decree (in Court).

294-14—Judah and S Bhagwant Bhimji Kalay & ors v. Bayaji Kushaba Kalay Jam and ors R & D Khand L & M Lubure and G.

Suits for hearing and final desposal.
Long Causes.

585-15.—Crawford B & Co. The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd, v. Haridas Ranchordas, & ors, Edg G W & Co.

13-15.—Judah & Solomon, Vinayak Shantaram Pandurang, v. Tyaballi Cumroodin, Patell and Ez.

814-15.—Dastur and Co, (For a pauper), Ramaya Babaya, v. Vithoba Krishnaji Kasoola, & ors, Judah & S.

527-14.—Vachha and Co, Mathuradas Govindji, v. Purshotam Harjiwan, Mulji & Tha.

441-15.—Payne and Co, Bai Banubai, v. Erachsha Dinsha Cooper, Merwanji K & Co.

467-15.—Madhowji K & Ch, Talakchand Mansukhbhai, a firm, v. Bhagwandas Gangaram, a firm, Ardeshir H D & C, For Posponement.

819-14.—Dikshit Dh & P, Manibai, widow, v. Premcoovevrvahu alias Temubai, widow, & ors, Raghavaya N & Co,

825-13.—Mulla & M, Chandru Lillani, a firm, & anr, v. Devidas Foolchand & Co a firm, Jeh S M & H.

112-15.—Edg G W & Co, Sakinabai, v. Ardeshir M Madon, & ors, Matu J & M, Payne & Co.

131-14.—Payne & Co, Cassamally Jairajbhai Peerbhai, & anr, v. Ardeshir M Madon, & ors, Matu, J & M, Edg G W & Co, S M B & Co.

1458-14.—Malvi H M & R, Messrs Amulakchand Bhurchand, a firm, v. Messrs

1317-15—Payne and Co, Dady Nasserwanji Dady and ors v Narmadashankar Harjiwan Joshi, Bhai K and Gir.

1273-15—Payne and Co, Aga Gulam Hussein Lari v Babu Kali Charan and ors, Merwanji K and Co.

## BOMBAY POLICE COURT.

### CHARGES AGAINST A PLEADER

### HEARING POSTPONED.

The case again came for hearing before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate at Mazagon in which Yacoob Ibrahim Sarjani, pleader was charged by Superintendent Morris with forgery, cheating and criminal breach of trust in respect of certain documents belonging to Kazi Mahomed Ismail Kazi Rahimtullah.

Mr. P. Godinho watched the case on behalf of the complainant, while Messrs. N. N. Saher and Reuben Solomon defended the accused.

Mr. Saher at the outset made on application saying that he was now in a position to account for all the documents and that if these documents were accounted for then it would happen that the time the Court would take in recording evidence would possibly not be necessary. The application was for a postponement of the case. The police had one document. At this stage he did not like to open his case or state to the police what it was. This enquiry would take a long time and in the meantime they might be able to satisfy the police.

Mr. Morris said he would leave the matter entirely in the hands of the Court. It was a fact that a number of documents were missing and he had an order from the Chief Presidency Magistrate for getting these documents. It was likely from what he had gathered from Mr. Saher's statement, that their trouble would be saved.

The Magistrate asked whether it was true, that if the case was proceeded with, and the documents were forthcoming, the time would be wasted?

Mr. Morris said the Commissioner of Police would deal with the case and he could not say whether any time taken up to-day would be wasted.

Mr. Saher said he did not want Superintendent Morris to commit himself to any particular course. The accused would be able to account for satisfactorily both to the Commissioner of Police and the complainant about the documents and if that was done any time taken up now would be wasted.

Eventually the Magistrate ordered the case to be postponed.

### CHAUFFEUR FINED FOR RASH AND NEGLIGENT DRIVING.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Fuller charged Khudabux Haji Amirbux, chauffeur in the employ of Mr. R. H. Brooke, managing director of the Bombay Company, with rash and negligent driving. Mr. Kotwal defended the accused.

The case for the prosecution was that about 10-30 a.m. on the 8th instant Mr. Sultan M. Chinoy was going in his motor car along Esplanade Road towards Lady Hardinge Hospital. As his car approached the shop of Messrs. Leach and Weborny, the accused came up from the opposite direction, suddenly turned his car on the top gear without stopping and collided with Mr. Chinoy's car, the front portion of the accused's car touching the rear mudguard of his car. Mr. Chinoy shouted to his chauffeur to stop and the car was brought to a standstill within its own length.

The accused pleaded not guilty, stating that as he came opposite to Messrs. Leach and Weborny's shop he looked behind as he had to take a curve and go towards the shop. He put his hand out of the car as a signal to others coming from the rear, looked ahead and no sooner did a tram car pass him towards the Floral Fountain than he began turning to go to the shop. As he came to the middle of the road on to the tram lines on the left of the road he saw the complainant's car coming in full speed. He at once stopped his car to allow the complainant's car to pass by. The driver of the complainant's car at once saw his mistake and turned his steering wheel and prevented his car from colliding with the accused's car near the front portion of his car but failed to prevent the rear portion of his car from colliding with the front portion of the accused's car. The latter car was damaged. The accused further alleged the driver of the complainant's car was wrong in driving his car from the centre of the road when there was nothing to prevent him from going on the left of the road and was also wrong in driving at full speed.

The Magistrate relied on Mr. Chinoy's evidence and convicted the accused. He fined the accused Rs. 30, out of which amount Rs. 20 were ordered to be paid to the complainant as compensation.

### DRIVER OF MOTOR LORRY FINED.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Doran charged Pallonji Rustomji, driver of motor lorry No. 118, with entering the Victoria Dock from the wrongside of the road and with disobeying an order of the Police. The case for the prosecution was that on the morning of the 29th February the accused attempted to enter the gate of the dock past a number of carts, and though warned by a Policeman, he persisted in doing so, with the result that the front wheel of the lorry passed over the left foot of a bullock, which was taken to the Lady Sakerbai Hospital for Animals, where it was ascertained that the foot was crushed and the animal rendered unfit for use. The accused was convicted and fined Rs. 30.

On February 19, the Burma Government appointed a standing advisory committee in regard to improvement of communications in Burma. The first meeting of the committee took place yesterday at the Government House, the Lieutenant-Governor presiding, and there were present most of th heads of the various Goverment offices in Rangoon and representatives of public bodies. Two separate sub-committees were elected.

## FIRE IN A CALCUTTA JUTE PRESS.

### ESTIMATED DAMAGE OF RS. 40,000.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, March 17.

Last evening a fire broke out at Sura Jute Press, a two-storied pucca building in which a large quantity of baled and loose jute was stored. For some time the fire was so strong that the flames lit up the sky for miles around. The fire brigade with two motor engines soon arrived at the place of occurrence and sixty firemen were engaged for six hours in extinguishing the fire. The damage is estimated at Rs. 40,000 which is not covered by insurance.

## LAHORE SUPPLEMENTARY CONSPIRACY CASE.

### JUDGMENT RESERVED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, March 17.

The Special Tribunal sat on Thursday for the last time to hear the Lahore Supplementary Conspiracy Case. The Government Advocate finished his argument, having dealt with the cases of individual accused and made a few remarks on exhibits put in by both prosecution and defence. He commented upon the writings of some accused and concluded by asking for conviction and exemplary punishment. The Tribunal reserved orders and adjourned to write out their judgment. It will take some time, probably a fortnight, before the orders are pronounced in the case, which has come to a close after a protracted trial that commenced on 29th October, 1915.

## INDENTURED LABOUR,

### U. P. CONGRESS COMMITTEE'S REPRESENTATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, March 17.

The United Provinces Congress Committee have through their President, the Hon. Mr. Tej Bahadur Sapru, just addressed a lengthy representation to the Secretary of State for India through the Local Government and the Government of India on the subject of indentured labour. The Committee are strongly opposed to the system and advocate its abolition without any avoidable delay. The representation discusses the whole subject in considerable detail making the full use of the report of Messrs. McNeill and Chimanlal.

## FAMINE IN BANKURA.

The Hony. Secretary of the Famine Relief Fund for Bankura, Rajputana, Kathiawad and Cutch has received the following letter regarding the state of the famine in Bankura and an appeal for help from C. Tindall Esq, I.C.S., the District Judge of Bankura. The letter speaks for itself.

BANKURA, March 9.

Sir,—I have the honour to acknowledge with many thanks your letter informing this committee that you have formed a representative and influential committee at Bombay in aid of the famine-striken people of Bankura and in reply I beg to furnish you with a statement showing the number of people at present on Government Works of relief and on gratuitous relief. These numbers are rising continually and we anticipate the greatest stress in the next three months, the Government Agency for relief is being assisted by a number of voluntary Associations who are rendering great assistance.

With reference to your enquiry whether steps are being taken to enable the people to maintain their cattle I may say that there is a fodder shortage here and that in case we have no rain the position of the cattle will be serious.

What we require is assistance in funds to carry on our work and we are very grateful to the people of Bombay for the kind interest that they have shown in the trouble in this district.—Yours etc.

(Sd.) C. TINDALL,
President, Bankura General Relief Committee.

We make no addition to this request. We once more urge our public to contribute more generously.

TAPIDAS D. SANGHVI,
Joint Honorary Secretary.
The Famine Relief Fund.
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# MR. BONAR LAW'S VIEWS ON THE WAR.

## INTERESTING INTERVIEW.

### GREAT BRITAIN ON HER METTLE.

The "New York Times" on Feb. 20 published an interview with Mr. Bonar Law, in which the Secretary for the Colonies said:—

"If militarism, according to the Prussian standard, is not crushed by this war, nothing will prevent a repetition of the present catastrophe, and civilisation in Europe will go down before barbarism, as did that of Rome. All the outpouring of blood and treasure which the war involves will have been in vain if the piling up of armaments which preceded this conflict is to go on undiminished afterwards."

"As a member of the War Council, it is known that Mr. Bonar Law has favoured a decisive policy," says the correspondent, "so I asked him if he was satisfied with the present direction of the war on behalf of Britain and her Allies."

"The direction of the war," he said, "has at all events greatly improved. We in this country have concentrated the direction into fewer hands, and we are linking up with our Allies and endeavouring to get that unity of control which the enemy possesses."

"We must never forget," he said, reflectively, "that democratic countries are always at a disadvantage in prosecuting a war. Take ourselves. We were not prepared for war, except for defence at sea. We were not organised for war. Plunged into this conflict suddenly and unexpectedly, as we were, it was inevitable that there should be mistakes, muddles, and delays. Organising for war does not mean merely gathering together great armies, training and equipping them; it means that all departments of national life have to be brought into national unity, and organised on a war basis. This takes time. Perhaps it has taken too much time; but at any rate we have now changed our point of view about everything. We are living in a war atmosphere. Nothing matters except winning the war."

"It is suggested, I said, that England is not putting her men in the field fast enough."

Mr. Bonar Law replied:—"Our armies in the field in proportion to our reserves are as great as those of any of our Allies. Our reserves are growing, our new recruits are being rapidly trained, and there will be no lack of reinforcements for the fighting line. Although I never considered that the voluntary system was the best in a war like this, after we have gone so far I would have liked to have seen Britain go through the war without resorting to compulsion. It is a proud achievement to have been able to enlist nearly 4,000,000 volunteers, and to find that 6,000,000 have offered; and, after all, the compulsory element will be small in proportion to the total. We have now no anxiety about munitions. We are gaining in strength every week, and the superiority in munitions, and indeed, in all forms of organisation, which were the result of previous preparations, which our enemies enjoyed at the beginning of the war, is now, I believe, rapidly diminishing.

FAITH IN FREEDOM.

What Mr. Bonor Law, as Minister for the Colonies, naturally takes pride in is the assistance voluntarily rendered by the Overseas Dominions. "Remember," he said, "that the Dominions were under no obligation to send a single man We hear a great deal about the loyalty of the Dominions to the Mother-country, but it is not a question of the loyalty of, say, Canada to England, or of England to Canada, but a question of common loyalty to the Empire and their faith in the cause of freedom for which we are fighting. If it were a Canadian question in dispute between Canada and Great Britain, Canadian loyalty would be on the side of Canada. The Overseas Dominions have, all together and spontaneously, taken a big view of the war, and their response has been magnificent. Canada is preparing to place half a million men in the field; Australia will have contributed 10 per cent. of her population, and the comparatively small Commonwealth of New Zealand more. The West Indies and Newfoundland, our oldest Colony, came forward with fine contingents, and every part of the Empire has given fine examples of patriotism."

India, of course, which has also come handsomely to the help of England, is not within the province of Mr. Bonar Law's office.

Mr. Bonar Law is immensely gratified at the record of South Africa. "Their forces," he said, "are now fighting the Germans in East Africa, having driven them out of German South Africa. General Smuts is Commander-in-Chief of the joint forces, about half of which consists of South Africans." The selection of General Smuts, Premier Botha's colleague and lieutenant, was due to the initiative of Mr. Bonar Law.

The Colonial Secretary has no scruples about the employment of coloured troops, whose discipline under British officers compares favourably with that of any other soldiers. "The coloured troops from the West Indies," he said, "have gone to the Front." The British Empire has many millions of coloured men. Some of the Africans are superb fighters, but the number who can be trained to take part in European warfare is limited.

FINANCIAL RESOURCES.

Having no anxiety about the effort which Great Britain is making and is prepared to continue, or the response which the Overseas Dominions are making, or the ultimate end of it all, I asked Mr. Bonar Law if he thought that Great Britain would hold out financially. "I have little fear on that score," he said. "Our resources, although not inexhaustible, are so great that they have not yet begun to feel the strain. We can, I am sure, go on for longer than our [illegible] drawing upon our stored-up wealth and productive resources without straining our capacity to pay or reaching the limit of our self-sacrifice."

I discussed the question of the apparent feeling against the Government and the criticism to which it is subjected. "One great disadvantage which a democratic country has in the case of war," he said, "besides having to adapt itself to war conditions is to face the freedom of opinion which persists. The Government is attacked and is unable to make a defence without revealing things which must be kept secret. The larger the number of people who can have a say on the conduct of a war, or who have power to criticise those managing the war, the more difficult it is to carry it on without opposition. I believe that if the Government in this country had been based on the same broad lines as it is to-day in the time of the Napoleonic wars, when the Government was in the hands of the few, and the people were not consulted, the result might have been different.

"The people in Germany, to-day have no means of making their opinions felt or their grievances known. They are under the iron heel, and must grin and bear it. But in England you find things said, and expressions of discontent with the Government, which are not possible in any other country involved in the war. People get impatient living in a war atmosphere; they are easily misled. In war the only test is success, and no Government can be popular which does not win victories."

AN ECONOMIC ENTENTE.

As Mr. Bonar Law is keenly interested in economic questions, I asked him if he contemplated an economic entente among the Allies after the war.

"I do," he replied.

"It will be difficult?"

"It will not be easy, but the war will have changed all our relations," the Minister replied. "I believe the war has settled our fiscal controversy. Before the war Germany had secured a firm hold of Western Russia by a system of commercial penetration, giving her control of the manufactories and industries of Poland and the frontier provinces. Germany had practically taken over the commercial development of Russia. That in the future must be in other hands, chiefly in those of France and England. German commercial influence had been growing in Italy; it was not unfelt in France; in England it was strong. Germany will be driven out of many markets by force of circumstances. Never again will we compete with her on unequal terms, as before.

"The Allies will very probably enter into an economic entente with each other and the British Empire will have to rely more on its own resources and the war will have shown us how this can be done.

"I think it probable that there will be a period of industrial activity after the war and although one does not wish to speculate on these matters, there may be reaction afterwards. Munition work has revivified British engineering, and multiplied our productive resources. The pressure of the war, in fighting for our national existence, has brought about a complete remodelling of our factories, it has stimulated invention forced reforms, and showed us what the nation can do when strung up to the highest pitch of energy. It proved our power of adaptability, which was never so evident, before, and suggests that when the time comes for changing the character of our production to suit peaceful pursuits we shall be capable of effecting the transition without loss of time."

"Do you think the war will make and change in the relations between Great Britain and the United States?" was another question.

"One possible change might come if League of Peace were formed to prevent repetition of the present calamity, and, if so the United States must naturally be an important member of that League," the Colonial Secretary replied.

Mr. Bonar Law, who is not an idealist, but rather likes to deal with concrete problems, would not commit himself to the kind of league he had in view.

"If it were an armed league," he said, "the United States would have to be stronger, in order to play its part in an international police force, whose duty it would be to keep the world in order. Rules and conventions for the regulation o war are entered into in times of peace. When war comes and belligerents disregard them it is only powerful neutral countries which could even attempt to maintain their observance. Such intervention has not happened in the case of this war, and in the future, unless there is a serious limitation of armaments, there will be no force strong enough to see that international conventions are observed, or that a repetition of the present horrors is made impossible."

## CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Mar. 17.

The feature of to-day's share market was a strong inquiry for Union Jute Mill shares which advanced from Rs. 404 to 414 before the luncheon interval and were even higher in the afternoon. Other shares did not attract the usual amount of buying in the morning and ruled slightly easier but there was a marked recovery in the afternoon with more business passing, the market closing quite steady. Outside jute mill shares there was very little business in sight although sugar shares attracted some attention. Coal shares where not in much request.

The following sales took place:—

Coal:—Bhalgora 24, 25-6, 24-8. Raneegunge 28-12.

Jute:—Auckland (ord) 182 s.l.; Belvedere (ord) 306 to 308; Budge Budge (ord) 401, Clive (ord) 126, 125, 125-8; Dalhousie (ord) 263 to 267; Empire (ord) 32.10, 33; Fort Gloster (ord) 395, 396; Fort William (ord) 126 to 128; Gouripore (ord) 504, 505; Gouripore (pref) 103-8; Hooghly (ord) 47, 47.4; Howrah (ord) 224, 225; Howrah (pref) 102; Kamarhatty (ord) 353 to 363; Kanknarrah (ord) 444, 447, Kinnison (pref) 122; Northbrook (ord) 28.8, 28-12; Standard (ord) 311 to 316; Union (ord) 405 to 425.

Miscellaneous:—Anglo-Oriental Steam 36 p; Ganges Rope 130.

Government Paper 3½ per cent. was quoted Rs. 81-6 to 81.8 and small lots were done at Rs. 81-10 to 81.12.

# BELGIAN INDUSTRIES.

## EXPOSURE OF GERMAN METHODS.

### ALLIES' POLICY DEFENDED.

A memorandum dealing with the industrial question in Belgium has been prepared, and in forwarding it to M. Hymans, the Belgian Minister in London, Sir Edward Grey, secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, wrote as follows (February 19, 1916):—

My dear Minister,—During the last months you have represented to me frequently the condition of industries in the part of Belgium occupied by the enemy, and the need for imports of raw material if those industries are to be saved from ruin and universal unemployment and distress prevented. I now enclose a memorandum which shows the true state of the case.

I should add that the question here dealt with is entirely distinct from the importation of foodstuffs into Belgium by the Relief Commission, as to which the attitude of his Majesty's Government remains that stated recently in Parliament, that his Majesty's Government will facilitate the work of the Commission as long and in so far as that work is carried on under adequate neutral supervision completely independent of German control and in compliance with the conditions laid down from time to time by his Majesty's Government. (Sd.) E. GREY.

Sir Edward Grey's memorandum is as follows:

It is understood that there is a strong feeling among Belgians that the industrial distress in Belgium is to be attributed solely to the action of the Allied Governments in preventing imports, and it is often contended that this action does not appreciably harm Germany, while it involved the most painful loss to the people of our Ally. As is already known, his Majesty's Government have not been able to agree that Belgian industry can be maintained in present circumstances without very considerable benefit to the enemy, involving a postponement of the restoration of Belgian independence. But, at the same time, his Majesty's Government have been fully impressed with the necessity of assisting the Belgian population, and it is for this reason that they have supported the Commission for Relief in Belgium and have permitted export trade from Belgium under certain conditions. It was also for this reason that they decided some months ago to signify their willingness to consider proposals for the importation of raw materials into Belgium through the agency and under the guarantee of the Relief Commission. The undertakings demanded from the Germans in connection with this scheme were simple. They were to permit the free importation of raw materials and the export of manufactured goods made from such materials, through the Relief Commission; they were to respect and free from all embargo or requisition any stocks of similar raw materials or manufactured goods still remaining in the country; and they were in general to treat any factory thus supplied by the Commission as enjoying the same privileges and immunities as one of the Commission's werehouses. It was believed that importations under such a system would suffice to reduce unemployment and to relieve the population from much at least of the distress inseparable from their unfortunate position.

POLICY OF THE GERMANS.

This scheme was submitted to the German authorities at Brussels by the Commission four months ago. Inquiries have since been made as to the progress of the negotiations, but without result. Up to the present no reply of any kind has been received from the Germans.

There was never any doubt of what the policy of the Germans really was in this matter, but it has now become clear. While they proclaim to the people of Belgium on every occasion that the ruin of Belgian industry is solely due to the policy of the Allies, while they make caiptal out of their readiness to give to Belgian manufacturers guarantees that they will not requisition raw materials imported for their factories abroad they are determined to enter into no arrangement for the relief of Belgian industry until they have taken from the country the last ounce of native stocks of raw material or manufactured goods which can be of any use to them and until they have been able to create such widespread destitution as to force the requisite amount of Belgian labour to emigrate to Germany, or to take employment in works in Belgium controlled by them for their own purposes. When these objects have been gained, so far as the patriotism and finances of the Belgian manufacturers and workmen will ever permit such objects to be gained, they will doubtless express their readiness to make an arrangement whereby the country, once fully drained of all its resources, may be restocked. Before that time arrived this German policy should, therefore, be fully exposed.

Only a few figures need be given in proof of facts so notorious. In one month, October 26—November 26, by one route only there were exported from Belgium to Germany 74,000 tons of coal, 6,100 tons of phosphates, 100 tons of lead, 1,350 tons of ore, 340 tons of pitpros, 1.200 tons of guano, and 1.600 tons of briquettes. In the month immediately preceding this period there were large exportations of the same articles by the same route, besides such items as 840 tons of pyrites, 1.600 casks of tanning extract, 350 tons of extract of lead, and quantities of iron, lead, rubber, and copal. It is well known that at least half the product of the Belgian textile mill has been requisitioned.

Recently the commander-in-chief of the Fourth Army in Belgium issued an order directing, under heavy penalties, that all stocks of cotton should be declared, and prohibiting the working of cottons in future. Indeed, the general policy of the Germans cannot be better illustrated than by the guarantees recently given by them to a prominent Belgian business man, undertaking to respect certain metals, such as steel and copper, essential to the maintenance of one of the chief Belgian industries, upon production of proof that these articles had been imported. The inference is obvious—that any Belgian stocks of such articles would be seized. All the most essential materials in Belgium, such as oil and metals, are controlled by German organisations in the German interest, and cannot be obtained unless the applicant conforms himself to the wishes of the enemy.

This, then, is the position: His Majesty's Government have made an attempt to provide relief for Belgian industries by importation of raw materials from abroad, in spite of their belief that such importations, even under the safeguards proposed, would result in substantial benefit to the enemy. The German authorities must be presumed from their persistent silence to have refused their consent to the scheme put forward by the relief commission. Their fixed policy of impoverishing the country and driving the workmen into their employment now stands revealed, and his Majesty's Government must disclaim all responsibility towards the Belgian people for evils which the enemy has both caused and refused to remove.

## THE DEFENCE OF SAISI.

### HEROIC EPISODE ON RHODESIAN BORDER.

The story of the heroic defence of Saisi, an entrenched position about 28 miles east of Abercorn, on the north-eastern border of Northern Rhodesia, against an attack by strong German forces, from July 25 to August 3 last, is says the "Cape Times," told for the first time in the High Commissioner's "Gazette." The post, which was held by a joint force of Rhodesian and Belgian troops, under the command of Captain (temporary Major) J. O'Sullivan, Northern Rhodesian Police, had previously been attacked by the enemy in January. After this attack had been repelled the position was strengthened.

At the end of July the enemy attacked in much greater strength than on the previous occasion. The garrison was very largely outnumbered, but offered so hot a defence that, after suffering considerable losses, the enemy retired on August 3.

The attacking force, which was under the command of General Wehle, was composed of 400 Europeans and 200 Arabs. The strength of the garrison was 470 Rhodesian and Belgian native troops, with only 19 Europeans. The garrison had but little food, and depended for water upon supplies obtained at night under fire and between pickets from the river. On July 31 a parlimentaire arrived from the German lines with a white flag and a letter inquiring whether the commandant was prepared to consider terms of surrender. Major O'Sullivan's reply was an emphatic negative.

The total number of casualties among the garrison was 19, all natives, including five soldiers and four carriers killed, and one native servant who died of wounds. A relief party under Major De Koninck which attempted unsuccessfully to get into touch with the garrison, lost five native soldiers killed, ten wounded, and three missing. Major O'Sullivan estimates that of the enemy at least 40 Europeans and from 50 to 60 Askari and Arabs were killed. About 216 shells and at least 90,000 pounds of ammunition are reported to have been fired by the enemy. It is believed that one German gun and a Maxim were put out of action. The Belgian troops rendered most valuable assistance.

The Commandant-General considers that much of the success of the defence was due to the fine soldierly qualities, indefatigable endeavours, and personality of Major O'Sullivan, and he has been appointed a Companion of the Distinguished Service Order in recognition of his conduct of the defence of Saisi. The Commandant-General's despatches make special mention for gallantry of Lieutenant H. Allport and several native police.

## "HURRY UP WITH THE SHELLS."

Mr. Robert Young, secretary of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers, who was one of a party of inspection to the British lines in Flanders recently, in a report to members of the society, says:—

"I saw our men covered with the mud and dirt of the trenches cheerfully getting on with their work in the firm belief that the cause, and the country for which they fight must and will ultimately triumph. Every one, as far as my experience went would be glad to have the war ended, but to all of them there could be, and there was, no other desire than to see the war at an end as a result of the Allies success on all fronts. And to this they expect their fellow-workers at home to back their efforts. "Hurry up with the shells" was the farewell salute of an officer and some of his men as I parted from them amid the ruins of historic Ypres." He adds that the lives of our soldiers, the safety of our nation, the hope of victory, the prospects of an early and enduring peace, depend on the work of the vast army of workers supervised by fully-skilled men of the engineering trade.

The Sessions Judge of Hughly disposed of a case in which three Kabulis were charged with having committed dacoity in the house of a Bengali. The Judge acquitted two of the accused and convicted one and sentenced him to five years' rigorous imprisonment.

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## THE KAISER'S GENERALS.

### MEN WHO HAVE BEEN UNDER A CLOUD

The "Cride Paris" publishes an interesting article on the Kaiser's generals, showing that most of those now occupying high positions had, before the war, been placed on the retired list by their Imperial master for incompetence or similar reasons.

"Hinderburg," says the article, "commanding the 4th Army Corps at Magdeburg, was placed on the retired list after holding a command for eight years for having given proof of character. He was then 63 years old. The Kaiser ordered him to call before a court-martial a lieutenant of the 4th Pioneers who, had resigned his commission, and who refused to accept the designation and duties of a retired lieutenant. Hindenburg considered the charge a flimsy one, certain to result in an acquittal, and refused to obey Imperial orders. The Kaiser then had the lieutenant tried for lese-majeste, and his judges acquitted him. Two days later Hindenburg was placed on the retired list.

"Von Bissing had been in retirement eight years when appointed Military Governor of Belgium. After having brilliantly commanded the 7th Corps at Munster he was, in November, 1907, suddenly asked to seek retirement. He protested, and caused a scandal in consequence, and as punishment the Kaiser withheld the usual coveted decoration accorded to retired commanders.

"General von Falkenhausen, commanding in North Alsace, had been on the retired list 13 years when war broke out, having suddenly been relieved of his command of the Wurttemberg Corps after holding it for only three months.

"General Gade, commanding in South Alsace, was also placed on the retired list for incapacity in 1909 when in command of a division at Metz.

"The Bavarian General von Bothmer, commanding an army on the Russian front, was in the past judged incapable of commanding an army corps, but, being a favourite of the Munich Court, he was made chief of the Royal Corps of Archers, composed of 100 old non-commissioned officers armed with halberds.

"Finally, von der Goltz retired from the active list in 1913 on the ground of fatigue."

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(2nd Sunday in Lent, 19th Mar.)

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The Cathedral St. Thomas the Apostle). Church Gate Street—Clergy: The Venerable C. M. Barham, Archdeacon.—7 a.m. Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m., Matins; 8 a.m., Ordination Service by the Lord Bishop of Bombay—Holy Communion (Choral)—Woodward in E.; Hymns, 353, 268, 355, 322, 220; 6-30 p.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon, Preacher: The Lord Bishop of Bombay. Canticles—Chants; Hymns, 277, 343, 252; Collections for Cathedral Choir Fund. Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m., and Evensong at 4-45 p.m., Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesdays Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m.

St. Mary the Blessed Virgin, Parel.—Chaplain Rev. J. B. Glass 8 a.m., Morning Prayer; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon, Preacher; Rev. J. B. Glass.

Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba—Chaplain; Rev. R. L. Wormald; 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 10 a.m., Parade Service; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum.—Clergy (English) Rev. H. T. Vodden, M.A., (Incumbent), Rev. C. W. Thorne, M.A., Rev. J. H. Robinson, M.A., (Marathi) Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi and Rev. D. A. Yardi, B.A. (Gujrati): Rev. L. Hari. English Services—8 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer and Sermon; Collections for Church Expenses and Poor. Marathi Service, 9 a.m., Gujarati Service 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's, Kamatipura (S. P. G.), Foras Road —Clergy: Rev. A. J. P. French, M.A., (Hindustani), Rev. J. Martin (Tamil). 7-30 a.m., Matins. Litany and Holy Communion (Urdu): 10 a.m., Matins, Litany and Holy Communion alternately (Tamil); 5 p.m., Evensong (Urdu).

All Saints' Church Malabar Hill.—8 a.m. Matins, 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong.

Christ Church, Byculla.—Chaplain: Rev. C. B. Grey Collier; 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 8-30 a.m Holy Communion (Choral); 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evensong.

St. Nicholas Church, opposite Prince's Dock. —Chaplain (Vacant) 9-45 a.m., Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; 7 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon; Week days, 9 p.m., Evening Prayer.

Holy Trinity Church Hornby Road, Clergy: Rev. A. E. Bradbury, 8 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross Umarkhadi (Chapel of Ease to St. Peter).—Clergy; Rev. Fr. Moore, Rev. H. Lord and Rev. J. Londhe; 6-30 a.m. Holy Communion (English); 7-30 Holy Communion and Sermon (Marathi); 9 a.m. Morning Prayer and Sermon (Guzerathi); 6-30 p.m. Evening Service and Sermon (Marathi).

St. Stephen the Martyr, Bandra Hill.—Chaplain; Rev. J. B. Glass, Morning Prayer and Sermon, 11 a.m.

The Good Shepherd, Dharavi (by Sion)—(Chapel of Ease to St. Paul)—Service by the Clergy of St. Paul's, 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion or Matins alternately; 5-30 a.m., Evevnsong and Sermon. Tamil services conducted by Rev. J. Martyn.

St. Peter's, Mazagon.—6 30 a.m., Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8-0 a.m., Choral Eucharist; 10-30 a.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

St. Andrew's Church (Church of Scotland), Apollo Street, Fort; Senior Chaplain Rev. J. Drummond Gordon, B. D. 9-30 a.m. Joint Service with United Free Church of Scotland; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School, Bible Class, Young Communicants Class; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service; Praise List: Psalms 84, tune 28; Paraphrase 20, tune 33; Hymns, 554, 429, 256. Offertory for Mission School in Poona.

UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road.—Chaplain: Rev. R. M. Gray; 9-30 a.m., United Service in St. Andrew's Church; 5 p.m., Service for Young People Classes; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service; Preacher; Rev. R. M. Gray.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ambroli Presbyterian Church, Girgaum Back Road.—Minister: Rev. M. B. Nikambe English Service 8-30 a.m., Evening Service in Marathi, 5 p.m.

METHODIST.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Clare Road Byculla, Pastor Rev. W. E. Bancroft 8-30 a.m., Sunday School; 9-15 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service; 8.45 p.m., Men's Social Hour in Union Hall.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder.—Pastor: Rev. A. N. Warner, 11 a.m. Morning Service Rev. F. W. Wood; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service, Rev. F. W. Wood.

WESLEYAN.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—9 a.m., Morning Service; Preacher: Rev. F. Hart; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service, Preacher: Rev. T. H. Sheriff; 4-45 p.m., Sunday School and Adult Bible Class.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—10 a.m., Morning Service; Preacher: Rev. T. H. Sheriff 6-30 Evensong Service, Preacher: Rev. Frank Hart; Sunday School at 5 p.m.

Wesleyan Marathi Mission: (Minister Rev. S. Rahator)—8-15 a.m., Byculla; 4-30 p.m. Elphinstone Road, Parel; 6-30 p.m. Elphinstone Road, Parel, (Tamil and Telugu Service).

CONGREGATIONAL.

American Mission Church.—Hume Memorial Church, New Nagpada Road, Byculla.—Pastor Rev. John Malelu.—9 a.m., Sunday School; 10 a.m., Sunday School Teachers Class; 3-15 p.m., Gospel Spreading Society; 4-30 p.m., Afternoon Service; Prayer Meeting on Friday at 8-30 p.m. Goodwill Hall, Agripada; 9 a.m., Sunday School; 5 p.m. Afternoon Service; Preacher Rev. N. G. Gaikwad.

BAPTIST.

Bombay Baptist Church (opposite Post Office, Middle Colaba, Minister Rev. A. E. Hubbard: 9 a.m., Morning Service, Preacher: Rev. A. E. Hubbard; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service, Preacher: Rev. A. E. Hubbard: Sunday School and Men's Bible Class from 5 to 6 p.m.

SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTISTS.

Seventh-Day Adventist Church, Apollo Bunder (Opposite Watson's Annexe).—Services —Sunday, 6-30 p.m., Preaching; Saturday 6-30 p.m., 3-15 Sabbath School, Wednesday 6-30 p.m., Bible Study and Prayer Meeting, Pastors: G. W. Petit and W. R. French in charge.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

K. C. Cahedral, Kalbadevi. Vicar Rev. Dr. B. De Monte 7 and 8-30 a.m. Masses; 5-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Holy Name Wodehouse Road.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers Masses, 6 a.m. 8 a.m., 9 a.m., Evening Service 6-30 p.m.

St. Anne's Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers; Vicar Rev. Father Hutemacher. S. J. Masses, 6.30 a.m., 7.30 a.m. and 8-30 a.m. Evening Service 6-30 p.m.

Cavel Church, (Our Lady of Health).—Vicar Rev. M. D'Sa. Mass 7 and 8-30 a.m.

Mount Mary's Chapel Bandra Hill, Bandra —9-30 a.m. Mass.

Church of St. Francis Xavier. Dabul (Burrow's Lane) Girgaum Road.—Vicar; Rev. Fr. J. N. Coutinho, 5-20, 6-20, 7-30, 8-30 and 10-30 a.m. Masses; 6 p.m. Benediction.

St. Teresa's Chapel Girgaum Tram Terminus.—Chaplain Rev. D. Remedious.—6-30 a.m., and 7-30 a.m.; (Chidren's) Mass 8-30 a.m. 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Our Lady of Dolours, New Sonapur.—6 and 8 a.m. Mass with Benediction of Blessed Sacrament.

St. Joseph's, Colaba.—8 a.m. Mass and Sermon; 6-30 p.m., Service and Benediction.

St. Joseph's Umarkhadi.—7 and 8-30 a.m. Masses; 5-30 p.m., Benediction.

Gloria Church, Parel Road, Byculla.—Vicar Very Rev. L. C. Pera. The evening service, which will be exposed at the solema High Mass at 7 o'clock. The evening service which will be conducted by His Grace the Archbishop of Damaun, will begin at 6-15. The sermon will be in English. All the collections at all the Masses in the morning and at the evening service will be devoted for the acquisition of the Stations of the Cross.

Church of N. S. de Salvacan Dadar Acting Vicar: Rev. J. J. Dias Sunday Services Low Masses at 5-30, 7-30 and 9 a.m., Evening Service 4-30 p.m., Daily Masses 6-30 and 7-30 a.m.

## THE "BYSTANDER" FINED.

### AN OFFENSIVE CARTOON.

On the ground that a cartoon in the "Bystander," drawn by an officer, showing a drunken soldier was likely to affect recruiting and discipline, the proprietors, Messrs. H. R. Baines and Co., were at the Mansion House on Feb. 18, fined £100, and Mr. Vivian Carter, the editor, and Second-Lieutenant Charles E. B. Bernard, who drew the picture, were fined £50 each.

Mr. Bodkin, prosecuting, said the attention of the Director of Public Prosecutions had been called to the picture by the Foreign Office. Newspapers published in this country not only got into neutral countries, but also into Germany and from that point of view and others the matter was serious. When Detective-Inspector Brown saw a director of the "Bystander" he stated that in consequence of another picture on February 2 Mr. Carter had been summarily dismissed.

Second-Lieutenant Bernard, added counsel, was in the Prince of Wale's West Yorkshire Regiment. The picture, a frontispiece of the paper, depicted a private wearing a sun helmet lying under a tree without accoutrements and holding a big bottle of rum. The expression was that of a man sodden and helpless from drink—a disgusting representation without humour. It was not even merely silly; it was offensive to a degree, as it was over the signature of an officer.

"GROSS LIBEL ON THE FORCES."

"I suggest respectfully that depicting a private drunk and with a bottle of rum is a gross libel on the Forces; it is likely to prejudice discipline because it was drawn by an officer to whom a private owes respect and obedience. If this is the way an officer draws a private it tends to prejudice recruiting."

Detective-Inspector Brown produced a "Bystander" of January 26 with the frontispiece and another picture called "Home Service," by Second-Lieutenant C. E. B. Bernard.

Mr. Bodkin: It represents one of the "G.R.s" pushing a perambulator—a travesty of a man?—Yes.

The Magistrate (Sir David Burnett): The question has been raised as to whether the "G.R.s" are part of H.M. Forces.

Mr. Bodkin: I only used that to show that he was a contributor.

Mr. Allen Lupton, a director of H. R. Baines and Co., said that he called on Inspector Brown on February 8. Mr. Vivian Carter was editor of the "Bystander." Strangely enough it had been decided on the morning of February 8 to give him three months' notice.

Mr. Gordon Hewart, K.C., for the defence: Did that have anything to do with this picture or any other picture?—No.

OFFICERS AND A PHOTOGRAPH.

"I told the officer," said the witness, "that I had not the remotest idea how any proceedings could be taken against the "Bystander." He said 'Have you no trouble with the "Bystander" now?' I said that the only thing we had was that there were two young officers in Trafalgar-square who posed to a professional Press photographer, who sold it to us for half a guinea. I said the officers had objected to this photograph being published in our paper and we had apologised."

Mr. Bodkin: Had that anything to do with Mr. Carter's dismissal?—No.

Mr. Gordon Hewart said the picture was obviously intended to be humorous. Nothing could be further from the intention of the company, Mr. Carter, or Lieutenant Bernard than to cast any sort of slur upon any member of the British Army. Unbounded as our admiration was for the Army, and much as we loved them, we need not always abstain from a little humour.

It was possible to speak of a soldier, to write of him in a novel, or to depict him in a pantomime, but counsel asked if Mr. Rudyard Kipling, when telling humorous stories of soldiers, was bringing the Army into discredit, or an artist when he drew a humorous picture.

The prosecution seemed to be due to an entire lack of a sense of humour. It was well-known that the sense of humour of different people varied, but this was obviously a joke, good, bad, or indifferent. The man was shown to be a little the worse for drink, and there was something in his hand, labelled "Rum," while in inverted commas underneath were the words, "Reported Missing"—obviously a joke. The recruiting and discipline of his Majesty's Forces stood on a foundation so solid that they would not be shaken by things of that sort.

A SERIOUS MATTER.

Sir David Burnett: I am of opinion that the prosecution has fully established its case. I believe it arises entirely from lack of appreciation of the difference between peace times and war times. It is a picture of an officer and represents a soldier at the front who is unable to return to his duty by reason of being drunk. It might have been, and possibly would have been a joke three years ago. It is a serious matter today.

Mr. Hewart said the defendants intended to appeal.

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Official intimation has been received, in Coorg by Mr. Lionel Newcome, well-known planter of Cowkodie Estate, of the death in action of his brother Major G. Newcome of 130th Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles). The deceased officer's first commission was dated June 1896.

## TRENCH WAR COUNCILS.

### MR BONAR LAW ON CRITICS OF THE GOVERNMENT.

Mr. Bonar Law, who was accompanied by Miss Bonar Law, opened at Orpington on Saturday February 19 the new military hospital, which has been given by the Province of Ontario for the use of British soldiers from all parts of the Empire. It has accommodation for 1,040 patients, the commanding officer will be Colonel A. E. Ross, at present A.D.M.S. of the 1st Canadian Division in France, and the staff will all come from the Province of Ontario. Colonel Hodgetts and the Canadian Red Cross have rendered invaluable help.

Colonel Pyne, Minister of Education for Ontario, presided over a crowded assemblage in the Recreation Room, and others present included:—

Sir G. Perley, High Commissioner for Canada, and Lady Perley, the Hon. R. Reid, Agent-General for Ontario, Major-General Carson, representing the Department of Militia and Defence, Ottawa, Major-General Steele, Brigadier-General C. J. MacDoughall, Commanding the Canadian troops in England, Mr. Macmaster, M.P., Lady Drummond, and Monsignor Burke.

GERMANS NOT SUPERMEN.

Mr. Bonar Law said that he had another claim besides his tenure of the position of Colonial Secretary to be interested in the hospital. It was said that a man did not become a horse because he was born in a stable, but if he lived in a stable for 12 years he would be apt to become horsy. (Laughter.) A man could not live as he had lived, 12 years in Canada without having a very warm feeling for everything connected with that country.

Our enemies were regarded, he thought, by many people as a kind of supermen, who made no mistakes. But they had made them. The Germans had had many surprises in connection with this war, but none greater than the discovery of the part which the great Dominions of the British Crown were going to play in the war which they had wantonly provoked. (Cheers.) When he spoke of the loyalty of the Colonies, let us not in the old country make a mistake. It was no more loyalty of Canada to the United Kingdom than of the United Kingdom to Canada. (Cheers.) It was loyalty to an Empire in which they were a part much as the United Kingdom was. The war had brought more clearly to all of us a realization of how close the bonds were that bound the Empire together. (Cheers.)

CRITICISMS OF THE CABINET.

A friend of his who was rather critical of the Government—he did not think he had any friends of whom that would not be a correct description (laughter), and Colonel Pyne seemed to be one of them (laughter)—suggested that it would be a good thing if the Cabinet could carry on its deliberations in the trenches. Colonel Pyne had suggested one form of criticism,—upon the number of those who were engaged in the carrying on of the war. He had told them that in Ontario there was a Cabinet of 11. That was just half the present Cabinet in this country, and he supposed they could assume that the Ontario Cabinet was exactly twice as efficient. (Laughter.) Colonel Pyne had also praised the Committee that was running that institution because it had only three members. He supposed he would have praised it three times as much if it had had only one. (Laughter.) He did not quite follow Colonel Pyne's argument as to the certainty of securing unity, but he and his wife were members, and he assumed that that meant a majority. He hoped the colonel was right. (Laughter). But if he were right he (the speaker) would like to know whether it was Mrs. Pyne or Colonel Pyne who secured the majority. (Renewed laughter.) Carrying on deliberations in the trenches would have some advantages. He thought it would tend to prevent delay in coming to a decision. On the other hand, he was not sure that the greatest possible amount of wisdom and thought would be given to the matter before arriving at the decision. (Laughter.) They all longed that the prayer that we might have peace might be fulfilled, but they prayed also that as the result of this struggle we might not only have peace now, but might be certain that never again in our time or the time of our children would it be in the power of a single man or group of men to plunge the world into the misery which existed to-day. (Cheers.)


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*OPINIONS.*

*Extract from the "Times of India." 8th April* 1913.

STATUE OF MR. JUSTICE RANADE IN BOMBAY.

The above is a reproduction of a photograph of the statue of the late Mr. Justice Ranade, Bombay High Court Judge, eminent social reformer, and educationist, which has been placed on the north-eastern corner of the Cooperage and is to be unveiled on Wednesday by the Hon. Mr. C. H. A. Hill. Mr. Ranade died in 1900, and his friends and admirers have long been anxious that his memory should be perpetuated, but there have been numerous difficulties to be contended with.

The statue is seven feet in height, and is mounted on a six foot pedestal. It is the work of Mr. G. K. Mhatre, the well-known Bombay sculptor. Mr. Mhatre has been considerably handicapped by the fact that there was only one photograph of the late Mr. Ranade, who had a strong dislike for the camera, but those who knew him declare that the likeness is extraordinarily good. Mr. Ranade is shown standing in a characteristic attitude. He is wearing his judicial robes and is carrying in his right hand a legal scroll, and the reproduction is so faithful that even the defect, which Mr. Ranade had in the right eye, is clearly shown. Mr. Mhatre found the folds of the robes presented special difficulties, and he had to place a cushion in marble at the back as a support.

The arrangements for the raising of subscriptions and the erection of the statue have been carried out by a committee which had the Chief Justice (Sir Lawrence Jenkins) as the president, and Mr. Narottam Morarji Goculdas as Secretary.

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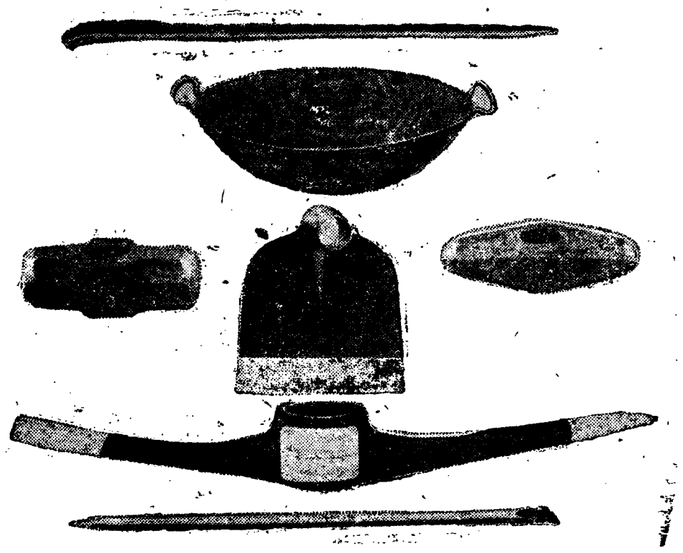

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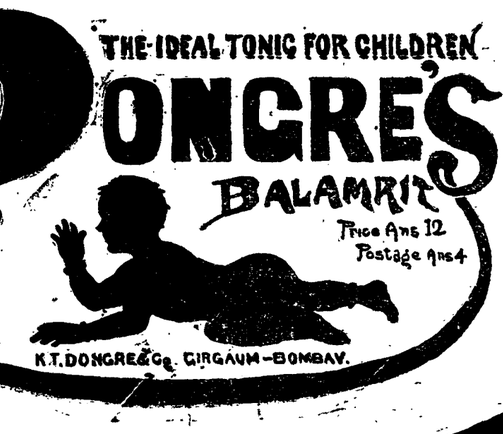

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## PEASANT GIRL'S RUSE.

### TABLES TURNED ON GERMANS.

"Among a party of Letts who have succeeded in escaping from a village in Courland, now occupied by the Germans, is a girl of seventeen, who has been rewarded, for a great deed of bravery, with the St. George's Cross," says the "Daily Telegraph's" Petrograd correspondent.

"A small German detachment marched on to the farm owned by this girl's father. Sentries were left outside to keep watch on a hill quite close, while the rest entered the house and prepared to have a good time. The young German lieutenant turned to the girl, with the order to get wine at any cost, as their supply had run short. She was told that unless she fulfilled the order the house would be set on fire and she herself subjected to violence.

"There were two barrels of heavy old liquor, made of spirits and berries, in the cellar, and a bright idea struck the girl. Before giving them the cordial she dropped into it some powder, made of bluebells, which brings on heavy drowsiness. The first barrel was soon emptied, and the demand came for more. The second barrel contained a double portion of the powder, and the Germans soon began to roll on to the floor, one after another.

"Seeing her enemies helpless round the barrel, she filled a bowl with the liqueur, took it out to the sentries, who stood freezing in the cold, and gave it them to drink, incidentally mentioning that she was fulfilling the officer's orders. The bowl was soon emptied. She then returned to the house and carefully disarmed the soldiers who, sunk in heavy slumber, lay about in different attitudes, and hid their weapons deep in the cellar. Meantime her father was fastening with ropes the limbs of the insensible Germans.

"Having accomplished her task with the prisoners, the girl proceeded to find her way out to the Russian positions. Following forest paths and making her way through swamps, she finally reached a Siberian outpost.

"'I have disarmed and tied up twenty German soldiers and one officer; hasten, and take them prisoners,' were the excited words with which the girl addressed the head officer of the Siberian Rifles. The soldiers were amazed at the audacity of the young Lett, and could hardly believe her story. However, she persuaded them to follow her, and when they reached the farm they found the Germans still fast locked in their drunken sleep. Several pails of ice-cold water flung in the faces of the sleepers soon roused them to the grim realities of their situation. To their bewilderment, they found that they were no longer soldiers of the German army, but prisoners of the Russians.

"The brave girl was brought into the presence of the commanding general, who shook hands with her, thanked her for her heroic deed, and promised to make a report on it to the higher military authorities. This was done, and as a reward for her services she received the much coveted decoration which signifies valour in the Russian army."


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## A JOVIAL LEGACY.

### FREE DRINKS FOR THE "SAVAGES."

Mr. Justice Neville, in the Chancery Division on February, 18 decided against the validity of a £650 bequest to the Savage Club for free drinks for members.

The testator, David Louis, a member of the club, gave the directions about the bequest in a memorandum which he expressly excluded from his will, and because of this express exclusion the judge ruled that the trust failed and the money passed to other charities. The memorandum ran:—

"I have frequently noticed gloomy looks dispelled by the simple expression 'Have a drink, old chap.' Now I should like to be able to say this to some brother Savages for over, and therefore I have directed in my will that a sum to yield £26 a year be placed at the disposal of the Benevolent Fund for that purpose.

OLD FRIENDS' FIRST CALL.

"This will enable a few Savages to have a drink or smoke with Louis every day, to be consumed by himself, to the extent of not more than sixpence any one member per day; a day to start at 2 p.m., and at the closing of the club for the day any balance from day to day may be added to that available for the next day throughout the week, but any balance from a week remaining on Monday morning shall be devoted to the usual purposes of the Benevolent Fund.

"In connection with this fund I should like, in the first instance, among my many old friends, Billy Barrett, E. J. Odell, Mud. dock, and Hugh Moss to have the first call each day, but this is not to be cumulative—that is, if any one of these old friends does not exercise his right the moneys so available go to the general fund the next day, and so on until the Monday of the next week."

A LEGATEE OF 82.

Mr. D. A. Louis was a mining engineer, lecturer, traveller, and journalist, who died on March 25, 1915. He made the bequest a few weeks before his death, when he was suffering greatly from an internal complaint.

Discussion in "Bohemia" yesterday turned on many points. One was whether, in any circumstances, a dead person would have been allowed to "stand a drink" to his old friends. "At any rate, he could have bought them 'smokes,'" was the general verdict, "and perhaps whiskies and sodas for their great-grandchildren."

Mr. E. J. Odell, one of the specially mentioned legatees, a hale, upright veteran of 82, said, "I'm not going to appeal. None of us heard anything about the bequest until after the death of Louis, who was one of the best little fellows in the world. I met him first in Bohemian life thirty years ago, and he was just the sort of man who, when dying, would remember the friendships that were dear to him and try to perpetuate them. He was all conviviality and humour, and he looked much younger than his age.

"I suppose he intended that the British Isles should be represented in the memorandum, Muddock being a Scotsman, Moss an Englishman, and Barrett a Welshman. He thought from my name that I was an Irishman, but I'm not. Why, sir, the early Odells came to England as pirates before William the Conqueror. We miss Louis tremendously; I am sure it did him good to picture us drinking to his memory after his death."

OTHER QUAINT BEQUESTS.

Mr. Louis bequeathed in his will "twenty shillings to the newspaper boy with one arm who stands at the door in the day; twenty shillings to the old man with the beard who has a lace and a matchbox for sale at the door in the evening; and twenty shillings to the woman with a tray of odds and ends who stands about between Cook's office and that of the International Sleeping Car Co."

He also provided that in the event of his having forgotten friends who would like mementoes they should consult his executors, and that his rooms at 123, Pall-mall, S.W., should be kept open for the distribution of mementoes, that the legatees should be invited in small parties and refreshments be provided. Many parties visited the rooms to make selections.

A Gokhale memorial fund has been started by the Young Citizens' Association of Hyderabad. The Hon. Mr. Bhurgri, president of the Association, has led off with a donation of Rs. 250.


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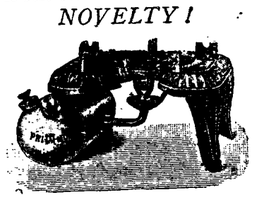

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## GUILT[illegible]

### A NEW TRAIT IN SOCIAL

Repeated exhortation and occasional threat from the Government have so far at least accomplished this—people, average people in middle and upper classes, have become shamefaced in their spending of minor moneys, says a writer in "The Times." We still spend, many of us, we spend too much; but we spend guiltily. Some psychologists will observe, thereupon, that spending has a new zest, the taste of a forbidden thing, added to it.

While we wait for further taxation find possibly desperate remedies, however, we certainly apologize a great deal for "such disgraceful extravagance in war time." Whereas, before the war, it may have been with a slightly uneasy conscience that a host offered bad wine, it is the good wine that is now handed with a blush. Of course he had this claret before the war, and, as it's there, we may as well drink it.

NEEDLESS APOLOGIES.

Nobody objects. Nobody had thought of objecting; but the needless apology makes it seem necessary to sip the wine as suspiciously, as dubiously, as formerly one consumed the horrid stuff some people would offer at dances or large dinners. One assures the good man that one thinks none the worse of him for opening that bottle of Margaux. It was an exception. Or it was the last bottle. Or it was the last bottle he will ever open. He makes the remark with a certain prescient melancholy, seeming to suggest that his group will be called up next.

Meanwhile the lady next to you is explaining that she never eats anything in war time. For her (apparently) war is a recurrent crisis to which she has, in the course of years adapted a suitable technique at last. She is buying only the worst sort of everything. If a friend remarks that her furs look very nice and her string of pearls . . . Well, understand that the furs are not real furs, and that the pearls are not real either. Or they were bought before the war. And her hat? Another new hat? She explains that it is a miserable thing that cost "almost nothing" the other day—a war hat, in fact. Yet it looks extremely expensive. With everything it is the same. She depreciates, despises all she has. Mere rags and rubbish! One must be careful. One mustn't spend. You assure her that you never suspected her. You could see at once that she was saving hard—awkward compliment!

But, besides all this—this habit of buying false things that look suspiciously real, and offering good wine (for example) in the hope that it will be taken for bad—there is another result of the Government's dissuasions from extravagance.

CHEAP, BUT WHY NASTY?

There's the impression that only by having things very nasty can you have them very cheap. A mistake, perhaps, we as a race too frequently fall into!—identification of the cheap with the nasty. At so-and-so's house you did not indeed in the least object to the fact that you had only three courses, instead of six. You merely wondered why all the courses were bad. For indeed it has never yet been proved by the cookery books, from the days of Mrs. Hannah Glasse till to-day, that raw mutton is cheaper than roast mutton. And must rice pudding be as hard as pebbles to be economical? Need outlets be tepid in order to be warlike? Weak coffee no doubt is cheaper than strong, and bad cigars obviously cheaper than good, and no doubt paper serviettes cost less than linen; but need they be so small, so meagre?

Ah, one forgets! Paper, too, is going up in price.

In time, reasoning it out, one begins to harbour resentment. A certain irritation. Most unseemly in another's house—but one war. Let him save, if he will. But let him not save on us.

The truth is, you conclude, as you stumble home in the darkness, we of these last days—days that have now so apocalyptic and final an atmosphere—we've forgotten how to live cheaply yet comfortably. Our scheme, our standard, our "rhythm of life" was based in the days now past on imitation—an imitation by each class of the one above it. And thus grew up the habit of these courses, this formality, this fixed order of fish and fowl. Now a revolution is needed, not a mere modification. Let us be bold. Instead of having three courses for six, let us have no courses at all.

THE REAL POT LUCK.

Precisely, let us have on the table a simple smoking cauldron, like those you see simmering in the Dutch pictures—savoury scenes wherein a whole family surround a decent board and watch the father at his ministrations over the stew. Let us again be like those people who lived upon the luck of the pot. Let us be like those Spaniards who extract smoking fragments from a hanging receptacle over the fire—an *olla* containing nourishment for the traveller who dips in his fork. These manners, from the days of Cervantes to those of our own Richard Ford and Borrow, suited the proudest race in Europe. Shall we be ashamed to imitate them? Let us give a dinner of *olla*, for guests to gather round a savoury pot placed on the plain but hospitable cloth. Only let the olla be very good indeed.

If we follow this revolutionary plan "evening dress" will become an anomaly. One couldn't eat such stew in a white shirt-front! That, then, will be another saving. No courses means no evening dress. No evening dress means no cabs or cars. No cabs means less whistling. Gain, clear gain, and economy all round.

But perhaps (says the anthropologist) this return to primitive simplicity in the great cauldron of stew will involve a corresponding coarsening of manners. Didn't primitive man sit round such messes? Shall we not become, so to speak, rather tetemistic rather too Golden-Boughish again if we do this?

Let us answer him that primitive barbarism (if we must return to it) is, at worst, Arcadian, refreshing in comparison with the colder scientific sort of savagery the 20th century has learnt as the culmination of centuries of so-called civilization! A little roughness with "pot-au-feu" is preferable to cruelty and caviare.


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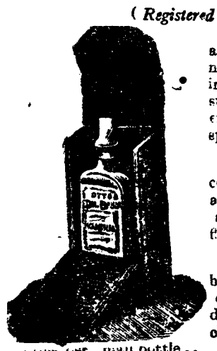

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# SPAIN AND THE WAR

## KING ALFONSO'S INSIGHT.

## rRIENDLINESS AND NEUTRALITY.

The neutrality of Spain has been so often proclaimed by responsible Spanish statesmen, and the reasons given for it are so convincing, that the student of foreign affairs is apt to regard it as axiomatic, and to dismiss Spain from his mind as neutral till the end of the war. But, writes "The Times" special correspondent at Madrid, anyone who travels in Spain with the idea of estimating Spanish thought and feeling on the subject will find, indeed, that Spain may be safely classed as neutral for the present, but that her neutrality is not the fixed, irrevocable thing that he imagines. It is rather a state of equilibrium, the resultant of many conflicting forces which are actively at work to-day, and which will lose nothing of their power as the war goes on.

The outbreak of war found Spanish society divided from top to bottom. The position of King Alfonso himself was not free from difficulty. A French Bourbon on his father's side, he had entertained from his earliest days a warm affection for France, where he had frequently been received with every mark of cordiality and respect. An Austrian Hapsburg on the side of his mother, he is himself an Austrian Archduke, counting many near kinsmen in the army of the Emperor Francis Joseph. His love of England was guaranteed by the closest and most tender of all relationships, and by many ties of friendship and hospitality with British officers and sportsmen. At the Court of Madrid each of the belligerent nations has its partisans, and rumour has it that in the interests of harmony the topic of the war was taboo within the Royal circle from the early days of the conflict.

### SYMPATHIZERS WITH GERMANY.

The masses of the people were no less divided than the Court; but while the majority of King Alfonso's loyal subjects were content to express their private views with moderation, the anti-dynastic parties, the Carlists at one end of the scale, and the militant Republicans at the other, showed less discretion. The Carlists indeed were stirred to an exceptional degree of activity. The speeches of the German Emperor, resounding with the name of God, and breathing the spirit of an unlimited autocracy, were as sweet music in their ears, and they saw in a German victory a unique chance of retrieving their ruined fortunes. Their point of view was shared with some reservations by the Church and by that aristocracy of birth and wealth which is known as "Society," and which, though loyal to the dynasty, is nevertheless reactionary by tradition, interest and inclination. All these elements, with a few notable exceptions, ranged themselves on the side of Germany, and they were fortified in their sympathies by the attitude of the Corps of Officers, who looked upon a crushing and speedy German victory as a foregone conclusion.

But if the aristocracy of birth and wealth were on the side of Germany, the aristocracy of intellect undoubtedly favoured the Allies. The ablest politicians, the great lights of the Universities, such as Altamira, Ramony Cajal and Unamuno, the most popular publicists and men of letters, such as Gonzalez Hontoria "Azoria" and Blasco Ibanez; in a word, all those thinkers and students of affairs who know or care what passses beyond their country's frontiers, declared for England and France. Perhaps the most ardent of all our friends were to be found among that little party of "Reformistas" represented by Senores Azcarate Melquiades Alvarez, Posada, and others, who were once the brains and the backbone of the Republican Party, but who have lately rallied to the Monarchy, as after all the best and safest vehicle of progress and social reform. The Militant Republicans expressed the same views with greater zeal and less disinterestedness, in the belief that a French victory would restore their dwindling influence and give a new vogue to their discredited political ideals.

### THE KING'S ACTION.

Whatever the King's private sympathies may have been, his action and that of his Government were determined from the first by two main considerations. First, that peace was the greatest of Spanish interests, and secondly, that the geographical position of Spain, coupled with recent political obligations, imposed upon her the necessity of living in close and friendly relations with England and France. Don Alfonso is a man of clear sight and quick decision, and he lost no time in defining his position. While the neutrality of Spain was formally proclaimed, he hastened to relieve the French, by his personal assurance, of all anxiety concerning their frontiers both in the Pyrenees and Morocco, an assurance worth several army corps to them at a most critical moment. At the same time he reassured the British Government as to Spanish designs upon Portugal, suiting the action to the word by withdrawing part of the frontier garrisons in the valley of the Tagus. As Spanish relations with both France and Portugal have not been entirely free from friction of late, his Majesty's action in these matters displayed a generosity thoroughly in keeping with the best traditions of the Spanish character and a pleasing contrast to the huckstering methods which have lately been a too common feature of international dealing.

### AN UNSCRUPULOUS ANTI-BRITISH CAMPAIGN.

The course of Spanish policy was thus early marked out by the King and his Prime Minister, Senor Dato, in accordance with the common sense and interest of the country. It gained the whole-hearted support of all the party leaders, from Senor Maura, on the Right, to Senores Lerroux and Iglesias, on the Left, and could count upon a practically unanimous vote in both Houses of Parliament. But the neutrality of Spain as officially defined is a term of wide meaning. Under it Spain became a valuable source of supply of foodstuffs, raw material, and manufactures for such of the belligerents as required them provided always that they could pay for them and take them away. This condition of things operated entirely to the advantage of the Allies, owing to their having command of the sea; and Ministers, who exercised a wide discretion and could facilitate or obstruct the provision of such supplies in a thousand ways, were subjected to constant pressure by the partisans of both sides. The Carlists and their friends were especially violent. By their organ, the "Correo Espanol," which maintains close relations with the German Embassy in Madrid, they started an unscrupulous campaign of vituperation against England, while the followers of Senor Maura, the so-called "Jovenes Mauristas," less clear-sighted than their leader, entered upon a course of political rowdyism designed to warn Ministers against any excess of benevolence towards the Allies. Needless to say, their efforts were vain. Senor Dato and his colleague, the Marques de Lema, well knew that all this sound and fury did not represent the voice of the Spanish nation, and they held on their straight and steady course. The same policy is being followed to-day by their successors, and if that course seems momentarily to run less smoothly than before this is not due to any lack of good will on the part of Count Romanones, whose sympathy with the Allies is notorious or to any change in the balance of parties, but rather to causes of a different kind which require serious attention.


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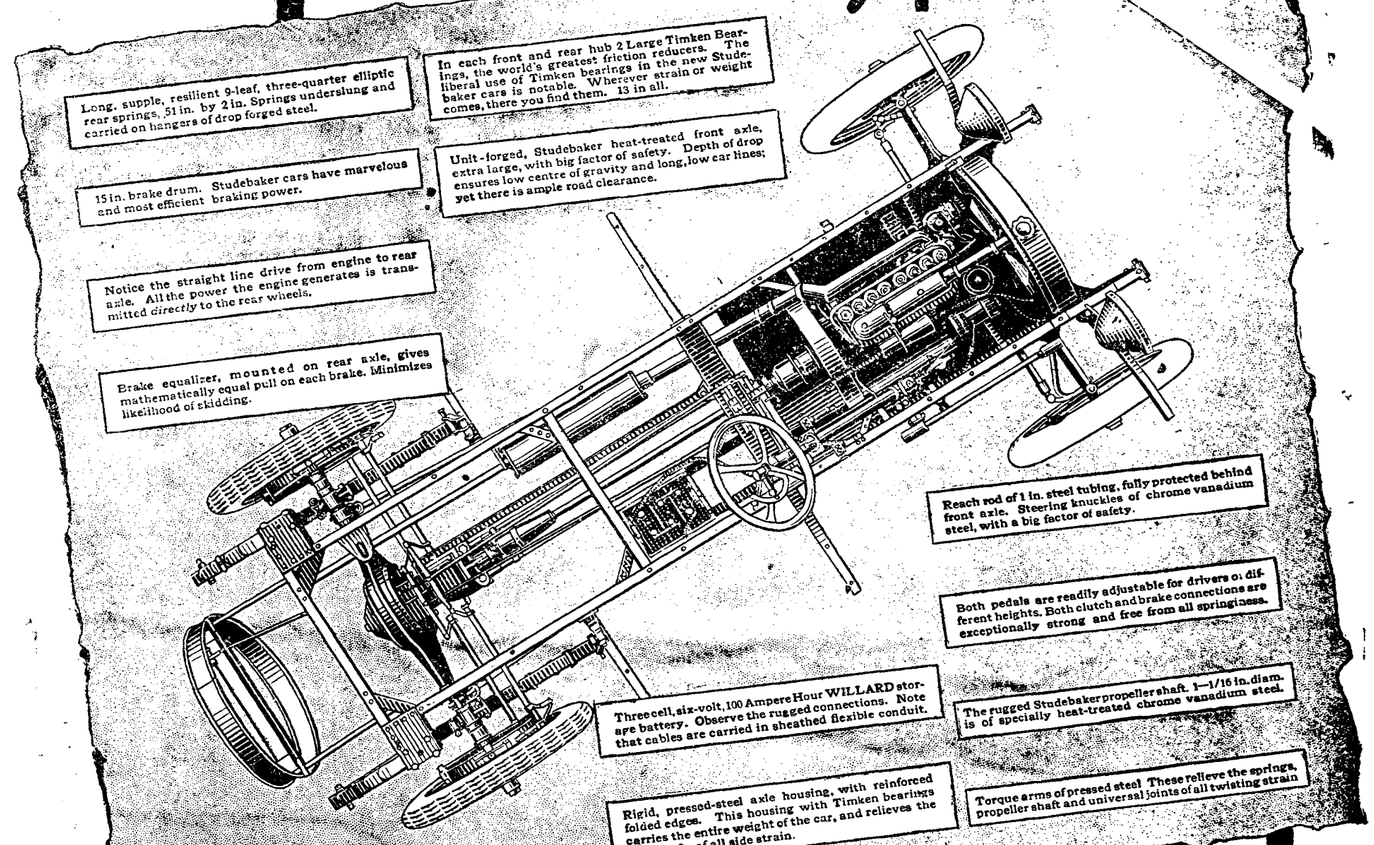
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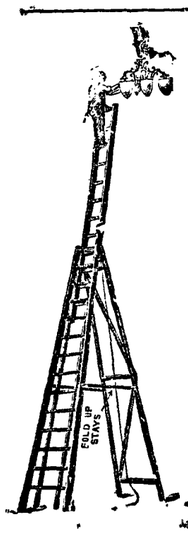


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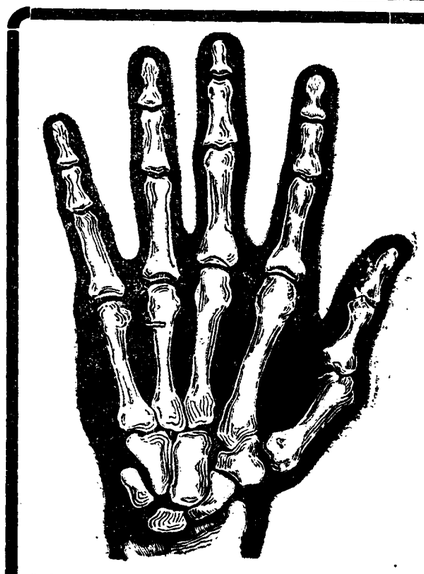

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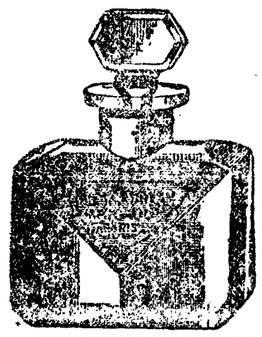

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